

global	Global Elementary Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 1	about (prep) ***	/ə'baʊt/	(hier:) etwæ	He's about 35.
Unit 1	address (n) ***	/ə'dres/	Adresse	What's your address ?
Unit 1	airport (n) ***	/'eə(r),pɔ:(r)t/	Flughafen	Heathrow is the name of an airport in London.
Unit 1	back (n) ***	/bæk/	Rückseite	British number plates are yellow at the back of the car.
Unit 1	billion (n) **	/'bɪljən/	Milliarde	A billion = 1,000,000,000.
Unit 1	bus (n) ***	/bʌs/	Bus	This is a bus .
Unit 1	business (n) ***	/'bɪznəs/	Geschäft (Unternehmer)	English is the language of business .
Unit 1	car (n) ***	/kɑ:(r)/	Auto	Number plates are on the front and back of a car .
Unit 1	car park (n)	/kɑ:(r) pɑ:(r)k/	Parkplatz/Garage	My car is in the car park .
Unit 1	cell phone (AmE) (n)	/sel fəʊn/	Mobiltelefon	In American English, a portable phone is called a cell phone .
Unit 1	chocolate (n) **	/'tʃɒklət/	Schokolade	I love chocolate !
Unit 1	code (n) ***	/kəʊd/	Vorwahl	What's the international phone code for the UK?
Unit 1	combination (n) ***	/kəm'bɪneɪʃ(ə)n/	Kombination	Number plates are a combination of letters and numbers.
Unit 1	common (adj) ***	/'kɒmən/	geläufig	Three (3) is a very common number.
Unit 1	computer (n) ***	/kəm'pjʊ:tə(r)/	Computer	English is the language of computers .
Unit 1	country (n) ***	/'kʌntri/	Land	English is an official language in more than 50 countries .
Unit 1	date of birth (n) *	/'deɪt ev 'bɜ:(r)θ/	Geburtsdatum	What's your date of birth ?
Unit 1	different (adj) ***	/'dɪfərənt/	verschieden	English is the official language in more than 50 different countries.
Unit 1	doctor (n) ***	/'dɒktə(r)/	Doktor	My father is a doctor .
Unit 1	drink (n) ***	/drɪŋk/	Getränk	Juice is a type of drink .
Unit 1	education (n) ***	/'edʒʊ'keɪʃ(ə)n/	Ausbildung	Three (3) is a very common number in education .
Unit 1	eight (8) (number)	/eɪt/	acht (8)	The word "postcode" has eight letters.
Unit 1	eighteen (18) (number)	/'eɪ'ti:n/	achtzehn (18)	I'm eighteen .
Unit 1	eighth (8th) (ordinal number)	/eɪtθ/	achte/r/s (8e/r)	August is the eighth month of the year.
Unit 1	eighty (80) (number)	/'eɪti/	achtzig (80)	My grandfather is eighty .
Unit 1	eleven (11) (number)	/'ɪlev(ə)n/	elf (11)	My brother is eleven .
Unit 1	email (n) ***	/'i:meɪl/	E-Mail	Do you send many emails ?
Unit 1	email address (n)	/'i:meɪl 'ædres/	E-Mail-Adresse	What's your email address ?
Unit 1	emergency (n) ***	/'ɪmɜ:(r)dʒ(ə)nsɪ/	Notfall	999 is the emergency number in the UK.
Unit 1	English (adj) ***	/'ɪŋɡlɪʃ/	englisch	Many English words are similar in other languages.
Unit 1	family (n) ***	/'fæm(ə)li/	Familie	How many people are there in your family ?
Unit 1	fashion (n) ***	/'fæʃ(ə)n/	Mode	Are you interested in fashion ?
Unit 1	fifteen (15) (number)	/'fɪf'ti:n/	fünfzehn (15)	My sister's fifteen .
Unit 1	fifth (5th) (ordinal number)	/fɪfθ/	fünft/e/r (5te/r)	May is the fifth month of the year.

Unit 1	fifty (50) (number)	/ˈfɪfti/	fünfzig (50)	"How old are you?" "I'm fifty ."
Unit 1	fine (adj) ***	/faɪn/	gut	"How are you?" "I'm fine ."
Unit 1	first (1st) (ordinal number) ***	/fɜː(r)st/	erst/e/r (1e/r)	January is the first month of the year.
Unit 1	first language (n)	/ˈfɜː(r)st ˌlæŋɡwɪdʒ/	Muttersprache	English is my first language .
Unit 1	first name (n) *	/ˈfɜː(r)st ˌneɪm/	Vorname	What's your first name ?
Unit 1	five (5) (number)	/faɪv/	fünf (5)	The word "phone" has five letters.
Unit 1	fixed phone (n)	/ˈfɪkst ˌfəʊn/	Festnetzanschluss (-telefor)	I have a fixed phone , but I don't have a mobile phone.
Unit 1	food (n) ***	/fuːd/	Nahrung	Sandwiches are a type of food .
Unit 1	forty (40) (number)	/ˈfɔː(r)ti/	vierzig (40ig)	My mother's forty .
Unit 1	four (4) (number)	/fɔː(r)/	vier (4)	The word "golf" has four letters.
Unit 1	fourth (4th) (ordinal number)	/fɔː(r)θ/	viert/e/r (4e/r)	April is the fourth month of the year.
Unit 1	fourteen (14) (number)	/ˌfɔː(r)'tiːn/	vierzehn (14)	I'm a student and I'm fourteen .
Unit 1	freephone (n)	/ˈfriːfəʊn/	gebührenfreie Telefonnummer	Freephone numbers begin with 080 in the UK.
Unit 1	front (n) ***	/frʌnt/	Vorderseite	British number plates are white at the front of the car.
Unit 1	golf (n) ***	/ɡɒlf/	Golf	Do you play golf ?
Unit 1	Good to see you.	/ɡʊd tə 'siː juː/	Gut dich zu sehen	"My name's Mark." "Hi Mark. Good to see you ."
Unit 1	Hello. (interjection) ***	/hə'ləʊ/	Hallo.	Hello . My name's Christina.
Unit 1	her (possessive adjective) ***	/hɜː(r)/	ihr	Her name's Liliya and she's from the Ukraine.
Unit 1	Hey. (interjection) *	/heɪ/	Hey.	"My name's Mark." " Hey Mark. Good to see you."
Unit 1	Hi. (interjection) *	/haɪ/	Hi.	"My name's Christina." " Hi Christina. Good to see you."
Unit 1	his (possessive adjective) ***	/hɪz/	sein	His name's Hani and he's from Saudi Arabia.
Unit 1	hospital (n) ***	/ˈhɒspɪt(ə)l/	Krankenhaus / Klinik	Hospitals and universities are types of place.
Unit 1	hotel (n) ***	/həʊ'tel/	Hotel	They speak English at the hotel .
Unit 1	How are you?	/ˈhaʊ ə ˌjuː/	Wie geht es dir?	" How are you? " "I'm fine."
Unit 1	I'm	/aɪm/	Ich bin (hier: Es geht mir...	"How are you?" " I'm fine."
Unit 1	international (adj) ***	/ˌɪntə(r)'næʃ(ə)nəl/	internationa	International words are the same in many different languages.
Unit 1	(the) internet (n) ***	(ðɪː) ˈɪntə(r),net	(das) Interne	Do you use the internet ?
Unit 1	isn't	/ɪz(ə)nt/	Ist nicht	She isn't from Russia -- she's from the Ukraine.
Unit 1	It's	/ɪts/	Es ist	"Where's the car?" " It's over here."
Unit 1	job (n) ***	/dʒɒb/	Job	She's a teacher -- that's her job .
Unit 1	juice (n) **	/dʒuːs/	Saft	Juice is a type of drink.
Unit 1	key (n) ***	/kiː/	Schlüssel	Where are my car keys ?
Unit 1	kilometre (n) *	/kɪ'lɒmɪtə(r), 'kɪlɒ,mɪ:tə(r)/	Kilometer	" Kilometre " is a word connected with transport.
Unit 1	language (n) ***	/ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/	Sprache	I speak two languages .

Unit 1	letter (n) ***	/ˈletə(r)/	Brief	Number plates are a combination of letters and numbers.
Unit 1	love (v) ***	/lʌv/	Liebe	I love chocolate!
Unit 1	lucky (adj) ***	/ˈlʌki/	glückbringend, Glücks...	People in China think the number eight is lucky .
Unit 1	marital status (n)	/ˈmæɪrɪ(ə)l ˌsteɪtəs/	Familienstand, Personenstan	"What's your marital status ?" "Single."
Unit 1	mathematics (n) **	/ˌmæθəˈmætiks/	Mathematik	Three (3) is a very common number in mathematics .
Unit 1	menu (n) **	/ˈmenjuː/	Menü	" Menu " is a word connected with food and drink.
Unit 1	million (number) **	/ˈmɪljən/	Million	English is the first or second language for more than 500 million people.
Unit 1	mobile phone (BrE) (n) **	/ˌməʊbaɪl ˈfəʊn/	Mobiltelefon	In British English, a portable phone is called a mobile phone .
Unit 1	music (n) ***	/ˈmjuːzɪk/	Musik	Pop is a type of music .
Unit 1	new (adj) ***	/njuː/	neu	I like to learn new words.
Unit 1	Nice to meet you.	/ˌnaɪs tə ˈmi:t juː	Schön dich kennen zu lerne	"Hi Sasha. I'm Tom." " Nice to meet you , Tom."
Unit 1	nine (9) (number)	/naɪn/	neun (9)	The word "chocolate" has nine letters.
Unit 1	nineteen (19) (number)	/ˌnaɪnˈtiːn	neunzehn (19)	Menahi is a student and he's nineteen .
Unit 1	ninety (90) (number)	/ˈnaɪnti	neunzig (90)	My grandmother's ninety .
Unit 1	ninth (9th) (ordinal number)	/ˌnaɪnθ/	neunte/s/r (9e/r)	September is the ninth month of the year.
Unit 1	no (adv) ***	/nəʊ/	Nein	"Is that your car?" " No , it isn't."
Unit 1	number (n) ***	/ˈnʌmbə(r)/	Nummer	Number plates are a combination of letters and numbers .
Unit 1	number plate (n)	/ˈnʌmbə(r) ˌpleɪt/	Nummernschild	Number plates are on the front and back of a car.
Unit 1	official (adj) ***	/əˈfɪʃ(ə)l/	offiziell	English is an official language in more than 50 countries.
Unit 1	OK (adj) ***	/əʊˈkeɪ/	o.K., oK, okay (in Ordnung)	"How are you?" " OK ."
Unit 1	one (1) (number) ***	/wʌn/	eins (1)	One coffee, please.
Unit 1	place (n) ***	/pleɪs/	Ort	Hospitals and universities are types of place .
Unit 1	politics (n) ***	/ˈpɒlətɪks/	Politik	Three (3) is a very common number in politics .
Unit 1	pop (music) (n) *	/ˈpɒp ˌmjuːzɪk/	Pop (-musik)	Do you like pop ?
Unit 1	postcode (n)	/ˈpəʊs(t)kəʊd/	Postleitzahl	What's your postcode ?
Unit 1	question (n) ***	/ˈkwɛstʃ(ə)n/	Frage	The sentence "What's your name?" is a question .
Unit 1	radio (n) ***	/ˈreɪdiəʊ/	Radio	" Radio " is an international word.
Unit 1	religion (n) ***	/rɪˈlɪdʒ(ə)n/	Religion	Three (3) is a very common number in religion .
Unit 1	rich (adj) ***	/rɪtʃ/	reich	Someone who is rich has a lot of money.
Unit 1	sandwich (n) **	/ˈsæn(d)wɪtʃ/	Sandwich	Sandwiches are a type of food.
Unit 1	science (n) ***	/ˈsaɪəns/	Wissenschaft	Three (3) is a very common number in science .
Unit 1	second (2nd) (ordinal number) ***	/ˈsekənd/	zweite/s/r (2e/r)	February is the second month of the year.
Unit 1	second language (n)	/ˌsekənd ˈkæŋgwɪdʒ/	Zweitsprache	English is my first language and French is my second language .
Unit 1	seven (7) (number)	/ˈsev(ə)n/	sieben (7)	The word "address" has seven letters.

Unit 1	seventh (7th) (ordinal number)	/ˈsev(ə)nθ/	siebte/s/r (7e/r)	July is the seventh month of the year.
Unit 1	similar (adj) ***	/ˈsɪmlə(r)/	ähnlich	Many English words are similar in other languages.
Unit 1	six (6) (number)	/sɪks/	sechs (6)	The word "family" has six letters.
Unit 1	sixth (6th) (ordinal number)	/sɪksθ/	sechste/s/r (6e/r)	June is the sixth month of the year.
Unit 1	sport (n) ***	/spɔː(r)t/	Sport	Do you like sport ?
Unit 1	surname (n) *	/ˈsɜː(r),neɪm/	Nachname	What's your surname ?
Unit 1	taxi (n) ***	/ˈtæksi/	Taxi	A taxi is a type of transport.
Unit 1	telephone number (n)	/ˈtelɪfəʊn ,nʌmbə(r)/	Telefonnummer	What's your telephone number ?
Unit 1	ten (10) (number)	/ten/	zehn (10)	The word "kilometres" has ten letters.
Unit 1	tenth (10th) (ordinal number)	/tenθ/	zehnt/e/r (10e/r)	October is the tenth month of the year.
Unit 1	that is	/ðæt ɪz/	Das ist	"Who's that?" "That is Elodie -- she's from Switzerland."
Unit 1	third (3rd) (ordinal number)	/θɜː(r)d/	dritte/s/r	March is the third month of the year.
Unit 1	thirteen (13) (number)	/ˌθɜː(r)'tiːn/	dreizehn (13)	My sister's thirteen .
Unit 1	thirty (30) (number)	/ˈθɜː(r)ti/	dreißig (30)	Our son is thirty .
Unit 1	this is	/ˈðɪs ɪz/	Das ist	This is Maxim -- he's from Russia.
Unit 1	three (3)	/θriː/	drei (3)	The word "bus" has three letters.
Unit 1	transport (n) ***	/ˈtrænsɔː(r)t/	Transport	Taxis and buses are types of transport .
Unit 1	travel (n) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	Reise	English words are used in the world of travel .
Unit 1	twelve (12) (number)	/twelv/	zwölf (12)	The word "universities" has twelve letters.
Unit 1	twenty (20) (number)	/ˈtwenti/	zwanzig (20)	Amy is a student and she's twenty .
Unit 1	two (2) (number) ***	/tuː/	zwei (2)	The word "Hi" has two letters.
Unit 1	university (n) ***	/ˌjuːnɪˈvɜː(r)səti/	Universität	Hospitals and universities are types of place.
Unit 1	unlucky (adj)	/ʌnˈlʌki/	unglückbringend	Many people think the number 13 is unlucky .
Unit 1	virus (n) ***	/ˈvaɪrəs/	Virus	" Virus " is a word connected with computers.
Unit 1	Windows®	/ˈwɪndəʊz/	Windows® (Betriebssystem)	" Windows " is also a word connected with computers.
Unit 1	word (n) ***	/wɜː(r)d/	Welt	The English word "police" is similar to the Spanish word "policia".
Unit 1	X-ray (n) *	/ˈeks reɪ/	Röntgenaufnahme	You go to hospital to have an X-ray .
Unit 1	yes (adv) ***	/jes/	ja	"Is that your car?" "Yes, it is."
Unit 1	your (possessive adjective) ***	/weɪk jə(r), strong jɔː(r)/	dein	Write your name and address on the form.
Unit 1	zero (number) **	/ˈzɪərəʊ/	null (0)	" Zero " means "0" or "nothing".
Unit 1	zoo (n) *	/zuː/	Zoo	Some animals live in zoos .
Unit 2	after (prep) ***	/ˈɑːftə(r)/	nach	After dinner, I usually watch TV.
Unit 2	afternoon (n) ***	/ˌɑːftə(r)'nuːn/	Nachmittag	He finishes work at 3.30 in the afternoon .

Unit 2	after that	/ɑːftə(r) 'ðæt/	nachdem	I have dinner at 7.00 and after that I watch TV.
Unit 2	also (adv) ***	/ˈɔːlsəʊ/	auch	I'm a teacher and my sister is also a teacher.
Unit 2	(1/2/3 etc.) am	/(wʌn/tuː/θriː) ˌeɪ 'em	(1.00/2.00/3.00 Uhr etc.) nach Mitternacht	She gets up at 6.45 am .
Unit 2	American (adj)	/ə'merɪkən/	amerikanisch	I'm from Los Angeles. I'm American .
Unit 2	April (n) ***	/'eɪprəl/	April	April is the fourth month of the year.
Unit 2	at (prep) ***	/æt/	am	What do you do at the weekend?
Unit 2	August (n) ***	/'ɔːgəst/	August	August is the eighth month of the year.
Unit 2	bed (n) ***	/bed/	Bett	She normally goes to bed early.
Unit 2	begin (v) ***	/'bɪɡɪn/	beginner	The Indian New Year begins in the holiday of Diwali.
Unit 2	big (adj) ***	/'bɪɡ/	Groß	Glasgow is a big city in Scotland.
Unit 2	Brazil (n)	/'bræzɪl/	Brasilien	Rio de Janeiro is in Brazil .
Unit 2	Brazilian (adj)	/'bræzɪliən/	brasilianisch	He's from Brazil. He's Brazilian .
Unit 2	breakfast (n) ***	/'breɪkfəst/	Frühstück	She has breakfast at 7.45.
Unit 2	busy (adj) ***	/'bɪzi/	beschäftigt/beleb	Brussels is a busy city.
Unit 2	calendar (n) **	/'kælɪndə(r)/	Kalender	Most Western countries use the Gregorian calendar .
Unit 2	China (n)	/'tʃaɪnə/	China	Shanghai is a city in China .
Unit 2	Chinese (adj)	/'tʃaɪniːz/	chinesisch	She's from Beijing. She's Chinese .
Unit 2	city (n) ***	/'sɪti/	Stadt	Frankfurt is a city in Germany.
Unit 2	coffee (n) ***	/'kɒfi/	Kaffee	I have coffee at eleven o'clock in the morning.
Unit 2	commute	/kə'mjuːt/	pendeln	Commuters across Europe are becoming common.
Unit 2	commuter (n) *	/kə'mjuːtə(r)/	Pendler	A commuter is someone who travels a long way to work.
Unit 2	created capital (n)	/'kriːɪtɪd ˌkæpɪt(ə)l/	Planhauptstadt	A created capital exists for geographical or political reasons.
Unit 2	(in the) daytime (n) *	/'deɪ,tam/	(am) Tage	The roads are very busy in the daytime .
Unit 2	December (n) ***	/'diːsembə(r)/	Dezember	Christmas is in December .
Unit 2	different (adj) ***	/'dɪfɪk(ə)nt/	anders	A Euro commuter is a person who lives in one country and works in a different country.
Unit 2	dinner (n) ***	/'dɪnə(r)/	Abendessen	Laura has dinner at 9pm.
Unit 2	Dutch (adj)	/'dʌtʃ/	holländisch	She's from Amsterdam. She's Dutch .
Unit 2	evening (n) ***	/'iːvɪŋ/	Abend	In the evening , I meet friends.
Unit 2	favourite (adj) **	/'feɪv(ə)rət/	Liebblings...	"What is your favourite day of the week?" "Saturday."
Unit 2	February (n) ***	/'februəri/	Februar	February is the second month of the year.
Unit 2	finish (v) ***	/'fɪnɪʃ/	beenden	He finishes work at 3.30 in the afternoon.
Unit 2	France (n)	/'frɑːns/	Frankreich	Paris is the capital city of France .
Unit 2	French (adj)	/'frentʃ/	französisch	I'm from Bordeaux. I'm French .
Unit 2	Friday (n) ***	/'fraɪdeɪ/	Freitag	They go to dance classes on Friday .

Unit 2	friendly (adj) ***	/ˈfrendli/	freundlich	It's important to me that people are friendly .
Unit 2	(I'm) from	/aɪm frəm/	(Ich bin) aus/vor	"Where are you from?" "I'm from Turkey."
Unit 2	geographical (adj) **	/ˌdʒi:ə'græfɪk(ə)/	geografisch	A created capital exists for geographical or political reasons.
Unit 2	German (adj)	/ˈdʒɜ:(r)mən/	deutsch	He's from Bonn. He's German .
Unit 2	Germany (n)	/ˈdʒɜ:məni/	Deutschland	Frankfurt is a city in Germany .
Unit 2	get (to work) ***	/get (tə wɜ:(r)k/	anfangen (zu arbeiten)	What time do you normally get to work ?
Unit 2	get up (phr v)	/get ʌp/	aufsteher	Laura gets up at 8.00 when she's in Barcelona.
Unit 2	go (to work/university) (v) ***	/gəʊ (tə wɜ:(r)k/ˌju:nɪ'vɜ:(r)səti/	(zur Arbeit/Universität) gehen	She goes to work at about 7.30.
Unit 2	green spaces (n pl)	/ˈɡri:n speɪsɪz/	Grünanlagen	I like cities and towns that have green spaces .
Unit 2	gym (n) *	/dʒɪm/	Fitnessstudio	She finishes work at 5.00 and then she goes to the gym .
Unit 2	have (v) ***	/hæv/	haben	He would usually have lunch at about 1.00.
Unit 2	Holland (n)	/ˌhɒlənd/	Holland	I'm from Holland . I'm Dutch.
Unit 2	home (n) ***	/həʊm/	Zuhause	She goes home at weekends.
Unit 2	homework (n) *	/həʊmwɜ:(r)k/	Hausaufgaben	He does his homework after dinner.
Unit 2	How old ...?	/həʊ əʊld/	Wie alt... ?	How old is the city of Astana in Kazakhstan?
Unit 2	in (prep) ***	/ɪn/	in	Texas is a state in the USA.
Unit 2	January (n) ***	/ˈdʒænʊəri/	Januar	January is the first month of the year.
Unit 2	Japanese (adj)	/ˌdʒæpə'ni:z/	japanisch	We're from Tokyo. We're Japanese .
Unit 2	July (n) ***	/dʒʊ'laɪ/	Juli	July is the seventh month of the year.
Unit 2	June (n) ***	/dʒu:n/	Juni	June is the sixth month of the year.
Unit 2	long (adj) ***	/lɒŋ/	lang	Hours are long . Minutes are short.
Unit 2	lunch (n) ***	/lʌnʃ/	Mittagessen	He has lunch at about 1.00.
Unit 2	March (n) ***	/mɑ:(r)ʃ/	März	March is the third month of the year.
Unit 2	May (n) ***	/meɪ/	Mai	May is the fifth month of the year.
Unit 2	meeting (n) ***	/ˈmi:tɪŋ/	Sitzung	What time does the meeting start?
Unit 2	modern (adj) ***	/ˈmɒdə(r)n/	modern	Astana is a modern city.
Unit 2	Monday (n) ***	/ˈmʌndeɪ/	Montag	They go to a language class on Monday .
Unit 2	moon (n) **	/mu:n/	Mond	The Islamic calendar uses the moon to measure time.
Unit 2	morning (n) ***	/ˈmɔ:(r)nɪŋ/	Morgen	She has breakfast at six o'clock in the morning .
Unit 2	native speaker (n) *	/ˌneɪtɪv 'spi:kə(r)/	Muttersprache	There are over 400 million native speakers of English.
Unit 2	near (prep) ***	/nɪə(r)/	nahe	Bursa is in Turkey, near Istanbul.
Unit 2	New Year (n)	/ˈnju: jɪə(r)/	Neujahr	The Indian New Year begins in the holiday of Diwali.
Unit 2	noisy (adj) *	/ˈnɔɪzi/	laut	Some cities are very noisy .
Unit 2	normally (adv) ***	/ˈnɔ:(r)m(ə)li/	normalerweise	When she's in London, Laura normally goes to bed about 10.30.

Unit 2	November (n) ***	/nəʊ'vembə(r)/	November	November is the month after October and before December.
Unit 2	October (n) ***	/ɒk'təʊbə(r)/	Oktober	October is the tenth month of the year.
Unit 2	old (adj) ***	/əʊld/	alt	Rome is an old city.
Unit 2	on (prep) ***	/ɒn/	an	On weekdays, I get up at 7am.
Unit 2	party (n) ***	/'pɑ:(r)ti/	Party/Fest	What time does the party start?
Unit 2	(1/2/3 etc.) pm	/(wʌn/tu:/θri: 'pi: 'em/	(1.00/2.00/3.00 Uhr etc.) nachmittag	He goes to bed at 11.30 pm .
Unit 2	Poland (n)	/'pɒlənd/	Polen	Warsaw is the capital city of Poland .
Unit 2	Polish (adj)	/'pɒlɪʃ/	polnisch	We're from Poland. We're Polish .
Unit 2	political (adj) ***	/'pɒ'lɪtɪk(ə)l/	politisch	A created capital exists for geographical or political reasons.
Unit 2	public transport (n)	/'pʌblɪk 'trænspɔ:(r)t/	öffentliche Verkehrsmittel	London has good public transport .
Unit 2	quiet (adj) ***	/'kwaɪət/	ruhig	I live in a quiet village.
Unit 2	read (v) ***	/ri:d/	lesen	Do you read a lot of books?
Unit 2	Russia (n)	/'rʌʃə/	Russland	Moscow is the capital city of Russia .
Unit 2	Russian (adj)	/'rʌʃ(ə)n/	russisch	She's from Moscow. She's Russian .
Unit 2	Saturday (n) ***	/'sætə(r)deɪ/	Samstag	On Saturday , we go to the cinema.
Unit 2	September (n) ***	/'sep'tembə(r)/	September	September is the ninth month of the year.
Unit 2	shopping centre (n)	/'ʃɒpɪŋ 'sentə(r)/	Einkaufszentrum	There's a big shopping centre near our house.
Unit 2	short (adj) ***	/'ʃɔ:(r)t/	kurz	Hours are long. Minutes are short .
Unit 2	small (adj) ***	/'smɔ:l/	klein	Look at picture B -- it's a small village in England.
Unit 2	Spain (n)	/'speɪn/	Spanier	Madrid is the capital city of Spain .
Unit 2	Spanish (adj)	/'spæɪnɪʃ/	spanisch	They're from Madrid. They're Spanish .
Unit 2	sun (n) ***	/'sʌn/	Sonne	The Gregorian calendar uses the sun to measure time.
Unit 2	Sunday (n) ***	/'sʌndeɪ/	Sonntag	What do you normally do on Sunday ?
Unit 2	Thai (adj)	/'taɪ/	thailändisch	I'm from Thailand. I'm Thai .
Unit 2	Thailand (n)	/'taɪ 'lənd/	Thailand	Bangkok is the capital city of Thailand .
Unit 2	then (adv) ***	/'ðen/	dann	I go home, and then I have dinner.
Unit 2	Thursday (n) ***	/'θɜ:(r)zdeɪ/	Donnerstag	On Thursday , I go to music classes.
Unit 2	too (adv) ***	/'tu:/	auch	Astana is a created capital, and Washington DC is a created capital too .
Unit 2	town (n) ***	/'taʊn/	Stadt	A town is smaller than a city.
Unit 2	Tuesday (n) ***	/'tju:zdeɪ/	Dienstag	She goes to computer classes on Tuesday .
Unit 2	Turkey (n)	/'tɜ:(r)ki/	Türkei	Ankara is the capital city of Turkey .
Unit 2	Turkish (adj)	/'tɜ:(r)kiʃ/	türkisch	I'm from Istanbul. I'm Turkish .
Unit 2	UK (n)	/'ju: 'keɪ/	Großbritannien	Oxford is a city in the UK .
Unit 2	use (v) ***	/'ju:z/	benutzer	The Islamic calendar uses the moon to measure time.

Unit 2	watch (TV) (v) ***	/wɒtʃ/	schauer	After dinner, I watch TV .
Unit 2	weather (n) ***	/ˈweðə(r)/	Wetter	The weather is usually nice in Los Angeles.
Unit 2	Wednesday (n) ***	/ˈwenzdeɪ/	Mittwoch	He goes to dance classes on Wednesday .
Unit 2	What? (question word) ***	/wɒt/	Was?	" What is this?" "It's a picture of an English village."
Unit 2	What time ...?	/ˌwɒt ˈtaɪm/	Wie spät ... ?	" What time does the party start?" "At 7.30 pm."
Unit 2	When? (question word) ***	/wen/	Wann?	" When does the meeting start?" "At 3 pm."
Unit 2	Where? (question word) ***	/weə(r)/	Wo?	" Where is Beijing?" "In China."
Unit 2	Why? (question word) ***	/wai/	Warum?	Why do some countries create new capital cities?
Unit 3	animal (n) ***	/ˈænɪm(ə)l/	Tier	"Do you like animals ?" "Yes, I love them."
Unit 3	aunt (n) ***	/a:nt/	Tante	My aunt and uncle live in New York.
Unit 3	awful (adj) **	/ˈɔ:f(ə)l/	schrecklich	I hate dogs. I think they're awful animals.
Unit 3	beautiful (adj) ***	/ˈbjʊ:təf(ə)l/	schön	My husband and I live in a beautiful old cottage.
Unit 3	black (n/adj) ***	/blæk/	schwarz	Black and white make grey.
Unit 3	blue (n/adj) ***	/blu:/	blau	Blue and yellow make green.
Unit 3	boyfriend (n) **	/ˈbɔɪˌfrend/	Freund	Romeo is Juliet's boyfriend .
Unit 3	brother (n) ***	/ˈbrʌðə(r)/	Bruder	My brother 's name is Steve.
Unit 3	brown (n/adj) ***	/braʊn/	braun	"Do you like the colour brown ?" "No, I don't."
Unit 3	camel (n)	/ˈkæm(ə)l/	Kamel	Camels live in the desert.
Unit 3	carry (v) ***	/ˈkæri/	tragen	Sled dogs in North America carry things.
Unit 3	cat (n) ***	/kæt/	Katze	I don't like cats . I think they're unfriendly animals.
Unit 3	children (n pl) ***	/ˈtʃɪldrən/	Kinder	They have three children .
Unit 3	clan (n)	/klæn/	Familie, Clan, Sippe	A clan is a type of family group in Scotland.
Unit 3	clean (adj) ***	/kli:n/	sauber	Cats are normally clean animals.
Unit 3	companion (n) **	/kəmˈpænjən/	Gefährte	People use dogs as pets and companions .
Unit 3	cousin (n) **	/ˈkʌz(ə)n/	Cousin	Ann and Jill are cousins .
Unit 3	daughter (n) ***	/ˈdɔ:tə(r)/	Tochter	King Lear has two daughters .
Unit 3	dead (adj) ***	/ded/	tot	Hamlet's father is dead and his mother is married to Claudius.
Unit 3	defence (n) ***	/dɪˈfens/	Verteidigung	Some people use dogs for defence .
Unit 3	dirty (adj) ***	/ˈdɜ:(r)ti/	dreckig	" Dirty " is the opposite of "clean".
Unit 3	dislike (v) **	/dɪsˈlaɪk/	nicht möger	Some people like animals, and some people dislike them.
Unit 3	dog (n) ***	/dɒg/	Hund	Dogs are normally friendly animals.
Unit 3	dolphin (n) *	/ˈdɒlfɪn/	Delfin	Dolphins are sea animals.
Unit 3	enemy (n) ***	/ˈenəmi/	Feind	The Montague and the Capulet families are enemies .

Unit 3	family (n) ***	/ˈfæm(ə)li/	Familie	This is a photo of my family .
Unit 3	father (n) ***	/ˈfɑːðə(r)/	Vater	My father's name is Alan.
Unit 3	girlfriend (n) **	/ˈgɜː(r)lɪfrend/	Freundin	Juliet is Romeo's girlfriend .
Unit 3	grandchildren (n pl)	/ˈgræn(d)ˌtʃɪldrən/	Enkelkinder	Your grandchildren are the children of your daughter or son.
Unit 3	granddaughter (n)	/ˈgræn(d)ˌtʃaɪldrən/	Enkeltochter, Enkelin	Our granddaughter's name is Amy.
Unit 3	grandfather (n) **	/ˈgræn(d)ˌfɑːðə(r)/	Großvater	My grandfather and grandmother live in Birmingham.
Unit 3	grandmother (n) **	/ˈgræn(d)ˌmʌðə(r)/	Großmutter	My grandfather and grandmother live in Birmingham.
Unit 3	grandparents (n pl) *	/ˈgræn(d)ˌpeərənts/	Großeltern	Where do your grandparents live?
Unit 3	grandson (n) *	/ˈgræn(d)ˌsʌn/	Enkelsohn	Our grandson's name is Luke.
Unit 3	green (n/adj) ***	/ɡriːn/	grün	Blue and yellow make green .
Unit 3	grey (n/adj) ***	/ɡreɪ/	grau	Black and white make grey .
Unit 3	hate (v) ***	/heɪt/	hassen	I hate dogs. I think they're awful animals.
Unit 3	her (pronoun) ***	/weək ə(r), weak hæ(r), strong hɜː(r)/	ihr / sie	Our dog's name is Princess. We love her .
Unit 3	him (pronoun) ***	/hɪm/	ihn / ihm	Our cat's name is Jack. We love him .
Unit 3	horse (n) ***	/hɔː(r)s/	Pferd	Horses are beautiful, intelligent animals.
Unit 3	human (n) ***	/ˈhjuːmən/	Mensch	Humans and dogs are often good friends.
Unit 3	husband (n) ***	/ˈhʌzbənd/	Ehemann	Othello is Desdemona's husband .
Unit 3	intelligent (adj) **	/ɪnˈtelɪdʒ(ə)nt/	intelligent	Dogs are often very intelligent animals.
Unit 3	jealous (adj) *	/ˈdʒeləs/	eifersüchtig	Someone who is jealous is angry and upset because someone else has something that they want.
Unit 3	kilt (n)	/kɪlt/	Kilt	"Do all Scottish people wear kilts ?" "No, they don't."
Unit 3	land (n) ***	/lənd/	Land	Land is an area of ground that is used for a special purpose.
Unit 3	like (v) ***	/laɪk/	mögen	"Do you like dogs?" "Yes, I do."
Unit 3	live (v) ***	/lɪv/	leben	Where do your parents live ?
Unit 3	a lot of	/ə lɒt əv/	viel/e	I have a lot of CDs at home.
Unit 3	lots of	/lɒts əv/	viel/e	I have lots of CDs at home.
Unit 3	love (v) ***	/lʌv/	lieben	People love their pets.
Unit 3	mall (AmE) (n)	/mɔːl, mæl/	Einkaufszentrum	We go shopping at the mall weekends.
Unit 3	market (n) ***	/ˈmɑː(r)kɪt/	Markt	They sometimes go shopping at the market .
Unit 3	me (pronoun) ***	/miː/	mich / mir	My boyfriend's parents don't like me .
Unit 3	meet (up) (v) ***	/miːt (ʌp)/	(jdn.) treffen	They meet (up) in the main square.
Unit 3	mother (n) ***	/ˈmʌðə(r)/	Mutter	Gertrude is Hamlet's mother .
Unit 3	nice (adj) ***	/naɪs/	nett	It's a nice , friendly dog.
Unit 3	orange (n) (n/adj) **	/ˈɒrɪndʒ/	orange	Red and yellow make orange .
Unit 3	parents (n pl) ***	/ˈpeərənts/	Eltern	My parents' names are Alan and Jane.

Unit 3	park (n) ***	/pɑ:(r)k/	Park	They often go for a walk in the park .
Unit 3	pet (n) **	/pet/	Haustier	People use dogs as pets and companions.
Unit 3	play (v) ***	/pleɪ/	spielen	Do you play video games?
Unit 3	power (n) ***	/ˈpaʊə(r)/	Kraft	Power is the ability to control and influence people.
Unit 3	rat (n) **	/ræt/	Ratte	Rats are often dirty animals.
Unit 3	really (adv) ***	/ˈri:əli/	wirklich	He's a really nice man.
Unit 3	red (n/adj) ***	/red/	rot	Red and yellow make orange.
Unit 3	relationship (n) ***	/rɪˈleɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/	Beziehung	The relationship between people and animals is often very good.
Unit 3	revenge (n) *	/rɪˈvendʒ/	Rache	Revenge is something that you do to hurt or punish someone who has hurt or punished you.
Unit 3	see (v) ***	/si:/	sehen	I like to see films at the cinema.
Unit 3	sister (n) ***	/ˈsɪstə(r)/	Schwester	My sister's name is Sue.
Unit 3	son (n) ***	/sʌn/	Sohn	They have three sons .
Unit 3	son-in-law (n)	/ˈsʌn ɪn lɔ:/	Schwiegerson	Your son-in-law is the husband of your daughter.
Unit 3	square (n) ***	/skweə(r)/	Platz	The name of the main square is Piazza del Signoria.
Unit 3	stupid (adj) **	/ˈstju:pɪd/	dumm	" Stupid " is the opposite of "intelligent".
Unit 3	talk (v) ***	/tɔ:k/	sprechen	I like to talk with friends.
Unit 3	tartan (n)	/ˈtɑ:(r)t(ə)n/	Tartan/Schottenmuster	Kilts are made of tartan .
Unit 3	ugly (adj) **	/ˈʌɡli/	hässlich	" Ugly " is the opposite of "beautiful".
Unit 3	uncle (n) **	/ˈʌŋk(ə)l/	Onkel	My aunt and uncle live in New York.
Unit 3	unfriendly (adj)	/ʌnˈfrendli/	unfreundlich	I don't like cats. I think they're unfriendly animals.
Unit 3	walk (n) ***	/wɔ:k/	Spaziergang	I often go for a walk with friends.
Unit 3	walk round (phr v)	/ˈwɔ:k raʊnd/	rumherumgehen	They walk round the mall and talk.
Unit 3	wedding (n) ***	/ˈwedɪŋ/	Hochzeit	A wedding is a special occasion when two people get married.
Unit 3	wife (n) ***	/waɪf/	Ehefrau	Desdemona is Othello's wife .
Unit 3	white (n/adj) ***	/waɪt/	weiß	Black and white make grey.
Unit 3	yellow (n/adj) ***	/ˈjeləʊ/	gelb	Blue and yellow make green.
Unit 3	you (pronoun) ***	/weɪk jə, weɪk ju, strɒŋ ju:/	dich / du / euch / Sie / ihr / dir / Ihnen..	I love you!
Unit 4	airport transfer (n)	/ˈeə(r),pɔ:(r)t ˌtrænsfə(r)t/	Flughafentransfer	Airport transfer is a system of transport that takes people to and from an airport.
Unit 4	armchair (n) **	/ˈɑ:(r)m,tʃeə(r)/	Sessel	There are two armchairs in the living room.
Unit 4	available (adj) ***	/əˈveɪləb(ə)l/	verfügbar	Do you have any rooms available ?
Unit 4	balcony (n) *	/ˈbælkəni/	Balkon	I'd like a room with a balcony .
Unit 4	banana (n) *	/bəˈnɑ:nə/	Banane	Bananas are a type of fruit.
Unit 4	bar (n) ***	/bɑ:(r)/	Bar	There's a big bar in the hotel.

Unit 4	bath (n) ***	/bɑːθ/	Bad	There's a bath and a shower in the bathroom.
Unit 4	bathroom (n) **	/ˈbɑːθ.ru:m/	Badezimmer	There's a bath and a shower in the bathroom .
Unit 4	bean (n) **	/bi:m/	Bohne	Beans are a kind of vegetable.
Unit 4	bedroom (n) **	/ˈbed.ru:m/	Schlafzimmer	Do you have a TV in your bedroom ?
Unit 4	beer (n) ***	/biə(r)/	Bier	Beer is a sort of drink.
Unit 4	biscuit (n) **	/ˈbɪskɪt/	Keks	Many people eat biscuits for breakfast in South Africa.
Unit 4	book (v) **	/bʊk/	Buch	We'd like to book a double room for 4 nights.
Unit 4	bread (n) ***	/bred/	Brot	I have bread and jam for breakfast.
Unit 4	breakfast (n) ***	/ˈbrekfəst/	Frühstück	The "full English breakfast " is traditional in England.
Unit 4	butter (n) **	/ˈbʌtə(r)/	Butter	Butter is a sort of dairy product.
Unit 4	cable television (n)	/ˈkeɪb(ə)l ˌtelɪvɪz(ə)n/	Kabelfernseher	There is cable television in all the rooms.
Unit 4	cakes (n) ***	/keɪks/	Kucher	I love biscuits and cakes .
Unit 4	carrot (n)	/ˈkærət/	Karotte	Carrots are a kind of vegetable.
Unit 4	cheese (n) **	/tʃiːz/	Käse	Camembert is a sort of cheese .
Unit 4	chips (BrE) (n pl) **	/tʃɪps/	Pommes od. Kartoffelchips	Children eat a lot of chips and hamburgers.
Unit 4	Coca-Cola® (n)	/ˈkəʊkə ˌkəʊlə/	Coca Cola	Coca-Cola® is a very popular drink.
Unit 4	coffee (n) ***	/ˈkɒfi/	Kaffee	Would you like a cup of coffee ?
Unit 4	connect (v) ***	/kəˈnekt/	verbinder	The CouchSurfing project connects travellers with local people.
Unit 4	cooker (n) *	/ˈkʊkə(r)/	Herd	There's a cooker in the kitchen.
Unit 4	cost (n) ***	/kɒst/	Kosten	The weight and cost of each item of food is included in the book.
Unit 4	couch (n)	/kaʊtʃ/	Sofa/Couch	A couch is another word for a sofa.
Unit 4	couchsurfer (n)	/ˈkaʊtʃˌsɜː(r)f(ə)r/	Couchsurfer/in, Sofasurfer/in	A CouchSurfer is a traveller who sleeps on the couch of people in different countries.
Unit 4	couchsurfing (n)	/ˈkaʊtʃˌsɜː(r)fɪŋ/	couchsurfen, sofasurfe	CouchSurfing is the activity of travelling by staying on the couch of people in different countries.
Unit 4	criminal (n) ***	/ˈkrɪmɪn(ə)l/	kriminell	There are no criminals in the old Ottawa jail.
Unit 4	crisps (n pl) *	/krɪspz/	Kartoffelchips	Crisps are a popular type of snack.
Unit 4	cup (n) ***	/kʌp/	Tasse	Would you like a cup of tea?
Unit 4	cupboard (n) **	/ˈkʌbəd/	Schrank	There's a lot of food in the cupboard .
Unit 4	curry (n)	/ˈkʌri/	Curry, Currygericht	Curry is a sort of Indian food.
Unit 4	dairy product (n)	/ˈdeəri ˌprɒdʌkt/	Milchprodukt	Milk, butter, and cheese are dairy products .
Unit 4	dining car (n)	/ˈdaɪnɪŋ ˌkɑː(r)/	Speisewagen	A dining car is the part of a train where people eat.
Unit 4	dinner (n) ***	/ˈdɪnə(r)/	Abendessen	" Dinner " is a French word.
Unit 4	double room (n)	/ˈdʌb(ə)l ˌru:m/	Doppelzimmer	We'd like to book a double room for 4 nights.
Unit 4	downtown (adj)	/ˌdaʊnˈtaʊn/	Innenstadt	The hotel is in the old downtown Ottawa jail.
Unit 4	drink (n) ***	/drɪŋk/	Getränk	Coffee and orange juice are types of drink .

Unit 4	egg (n) ***	/eg/	Ei	Bacon and eggs is a traditional English breakfast.
Unit 4	enough (pronoun) ***	/ɪˈnʌf/	genug	Many people don't eat enough , and many people eat too much.
Unit 4	facilities (n pl) ***	/fəˈsɪləti:z/	Ausstattung	What kind of facilities do you have at the hotel?
Unit 4	fish (n) ***	/fɪʃ/	Fisch	"Do you eat fish and meat?" "Yes, I do."
Unit 4	flat (n) ***	/flæt/	Wohnung	He lives in a one-bedroom flat .
Unit 4	food (n) ***	/fu:d/	Lebensmitte	Sushi is a type of Japanese food .
Unit 4	French fries (AmE) (n pl)	/'frentʃ fraɪz/	Pommes	Children eat a lot of French fries and hamburgers.
Unit 4	fresh food (n)	/'freʃ fu:d/	Frischkost	The family from Guatemala eat a lot of fresh food .
Unit 4	fridge (n) *	/frɪdʒ/	Kühlschrank	The fridge is in the kitchen.
Unit 4	goulash (n)	/'gu:læʃ/	Gulasch	Goulash is a sort of Hungarian food.
Unit 4	guided tour (n)	/ˌgaɪdɪd 'tuə(r)/	Führung	Guided tours of the city are available.
Unit 4	hamburger (n)	/'hæm,bɜ:(r)gə(r)/	Hamburger	Children eat a lot of chips and hamburgers .
Unit 4	ice cream (n) *	/aɪs 'kri:m/	Eiscreme	I love ice cream on a hot day!
Unit 4	be included	/bi m'kludɪd/	inbegriffen sein	Meals are included in the price of the package.
Unit 4	internet access (n)	/'ɪntə(r)net ækses/	Internetzugang	Business travellers want internet access in their hotel.
Unit 4	jail (n) *	/dʒeɪl/	Gefängnis	A jail is a place where criminals are sent.
Unit 4	jam (n) *	/dʒæm/	Konfitüre	I have bread and jam for breakfast.
Unit 4	juice (n) **	/dʒu:s/	Saft	Would you like orange juice or apple juice ?
Unit 4	a kind of	/ə kaɪnd əv/	Art von	Eggs are a kind of dairy product.
Unit 4	kitchen (n) ***	/'kɪtʃən/	Küche	We have a big fridge-freezer in our kitchen .
Unit 4	lamp (n) **	/læmp/	Lampe	The lamp is on the table.
Unit 4	lighthouse (n)	/'laɪt,haʊs/	Leuchtturm	The lighthouse is on an island in Newfoundland.
Unit 4	living room (n) **	/'lɪvɪŋ ,ru:m/	Wohnzimmer	There's a small sofa in the living room .
Unit 4	local (adj) ***	/'ləʊk(ə)l/	einheimisch	The CouchSurfing project connects travellers with local people.
Unit 4	many (determiner) ***	/'meni/	viele	The hotel is popular and many tourists stay there.
Unit 4	maple syrup (n)	/'meɪp(ə)l ,sɪrəp/	Ahornsirup	In the US and Canada, many people have pancakes and maple syrup for breakfast.
Unit 4	marmalade (n)	/'mɑ:(r)məleɪd/	Marmelade	Marmalade is a sort of jam that is popular in the UK.
Unit 4	meat (n) ***	/mi:t/	Fleisch	"Do you eat meat and fish?" "Yes, I do."
Unit 4	meeting room (n)	/'mi:tiŋ ,ru:m/	Konferenzzimmer	The hotel has a meeting room for business travellers.
Unit 4	milk (n) ***	/mɪlk/	Milch	Would you like milk with your tea?
Unit 4	much (determiner) ***	/mʌʃ/	viel	Some families don't eat much fresh food.
Unit 4	orange (n) **	/'ɒrɪndʒ/	Orange	An orange is a sort of fruit.
Unit 4	overfed (adj)	/'əʊvə(r),fed/	überfüttert	Many people in the Western world are overfed .
Unit 4	owner (n) ***	/'əʊnə(r)/	Besitzer	James and Shelley Le Fresne are the owners of the Train Station Inn.

Unit 4	package (holiday) (n)	/ˈpækɪdʒ (hɒlɪdeɪ)/	Pauschalreise	A package holiday includes hotel, food and transport in the price.
Unit 4	paella (n)	/paɪˈelə/	Paella	Paella is a kind of Spanish food.
Unit 4	pancake (n)	/ˈpæŋkeɪk/	Pfannkuchen	In the US and Canada, many people have pancakes and maple syrup for breakfast.
Unit 4	pasta (n) *	/ˈpæstə/	Pasta	Pasta is a typical Italian food.
Unit 4	pizza (n) *	/ˈpɪtsə/	Pizza	Pizza is also a typical Italian food.
Unit 4	planet (n) **	/ˈplænt/	Planet	The number of overfed and underfed people on our planet is the same.
Unit 4	potatoes (n) **	/pəˈteɪtəʊz/	Kartoffel	Chips/French fries are made from potatoes .
Unit 4	price (n) ***	/praɪs/	Preis	The price of rooms is from \$25 to \$65.
Unit 4	private (adj) ***	/ˈpraɪvət/	privat	You can book a group or a private bedroom.
Unit 4	processed food (n)	/ˈprəʊses(ə)d fu:d/	industriell verarbeitete Lebensmittel	The family from the United States eat a lot of processed food .
Unit 4	restaurant (n) ***	/ˈrest(ə)rɒnt/	Restaurant	The food in the restaurant is very good.
Unit 4	rice (n) **	/raɪs/	Reis	Kedgeree is made from rice , fish, and eggs.
Unit 4	room (n) ***	/ru:m/	Zimmer	I'd like a room with a balcony.
Unit 4	shelf (n) **	/ʃelf/	Bücherregal	The books are on the shelf .
Unit 4	shower (n) **	/ˈʃaʊə(r)/	Dusche	In the bathroom there's a bath, shower and toilet.
Unit 4	single (room) (n)	/ˈsɪŋɡ(ə)l ˌru:m/	Einzel(-zimmer)	I'd like to book a single room , please.
Unit 4	sleep (v) ***	/sli:p/	schlafen	Guests sleep in a real tepee outside.
Unit 4	sofa (n) *	/ˈsəʊfə/	Sofa	A sofa is another word for a couch.
Unit 4	some (determiner) ***	/sʌm/	ein bisschen	Would you like some cakes and biscuits?
Unit 4	a sort of	/ə sɔ:(r)t əv/	eine Art	Tacos are a sort of Mexican food.
Unit 4	special (adj) ***	/ˈspeʃ(ə)l/	speziell	The hotels are all special and unique.
Unit 4	station (n) ***	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	Bahnhof	The station is the place where trains stop.
Unit 4	suite (n) **	/swi:t/	Suite	A suite is a set of room, for example, a bedroom and a bathroom.
Unit 4	supper (n) **	/ˈsʌpə(r)/	Abendessen	" Supper " is a French word.
Unit 4	sushi (n)	/ˈsu:ʃi/	Sushi	Sushi is a type of Japanese food.
Unit 4	swimming pool (n)	/ˈswɪmɪŋ ˌpu:l/	Schwimmbekker	The hotel has a private swimming pool .
Unit 4	tacos (n)	/ˈtækəʊs/	Tachos	Tacos are a sort of Mexican food.
Unit 4	tea (n) ***	/ti:/	Tee	Would you like a cup of tea ?
Unit 4	tepee (n)	/ˈti:pi:/	Tipi/Wigwam	Guests sleep in a real tepee outside.
Unit 4	There are ... ***	/ˈðeə ,ɑ:(r)/	Es sind ...	There are a lot of tourists at the hotel.
Unit 4	There is ... ***	/ˈðeə ˌɪz/	Es gibt ...	There is lots of food in the cupboard.
Unit 4	toast (n) *	/təʊst/	Toast	Toast is grilled bread.
Unit 4	toilet (n) **	/ˈtɔɪlət/	Toilette	Where is the toilet ?
Unit 4	tomato (n) **	/təˈmɑ:təʊ/	Tomate	Tomatoes are a type of fresh food.

Unit 4	too much	/tu: mʌtʃ/	zu viel	Many people don't eat enough, and many people eat too much .
Unit 4	traditional (adj) ***	/trə'dɪʃ(ə)nəl/	traditionel	The "full English breakfast" is traditional in England.
Unit 4	train (n) ***	/treɪn/	Zug	Guests sleep on a train in an old train station in Nova Scotia.
Unit 4	traveller (n) **	/ˈtræv(ə)lə(r)/	Reisende/ı	The CouchSurfing project connects travellers with local people.
Unit 4	twin (room) (n)	/twɪn (ru:m)/	Doppel(-zimmer)	A twin room is a room with two single beds.
Unit 4	a type of	/ə taɪp əv/	eine Art vor	Bananas are a type of fruit.
Unit 4	typical (adj) ***	/ˈtɪpɪk(ə)l/	typisch	Pasta is a typical Italian food.
Unit 4	underfed (adj)	/ˌʌndə(r)'fed/	unterernähr	People in poorer countries are often underfed .
Unit 4	unique (adj) ***	/ju:'ni:k/	einzigartig	The hotels are all special and unique .
Unit 4	vegetables (n) ***	/ˈvedʒtəb(ə)lz/	Gemüse	Some children don't like fruit and vegetables .
Unit 4	view (n) ***	/vju:/	Sicht, Aussicht	From the windows, there are fantastic views of the ocean.
Unit 4	wardrobe (n) *	/ˈwɔ:(r)drəʊb/	Kleiderschrank	My clothes are in the wardrobe .
Unit 4	water (n) ***	/ˈwɔ:tə(r)/	Wasser	A glass of water , please.
Unit 4	weight (n) ***	/weɪt/	Gewicht	The weight and cost of each item of food is included in the book.
Unit 4	wine (n) ***	/waɪn/	Wein	Wine is a kind of drink.
Unit 4	Would you like ...?	/ˌwʊd ju 'laɪk/	Möchtest du ... haben?	Would you like a traditional English breakfast?
Unit 5	actor (n) ***	/ˈæktə(r)/	Schauspieler/ir	Brad Pitt is a famous film actor .
Unit 5	Africa (n)	/ˈæfrɪkə/	Afrika	2.5% of new films are made in Africa every year.
Unit 5	agree (v) ***	/ə'ɡri:/	zustimmen	I agree that television can make young people violent.
Unit 5	alien (n) **	/ˈeɪliən/	Alien	An alien is a creature from another planet.
Unit 5	alone (adj) **	/ə'ləʊn/	alleine	I don't like being alone in the house.
Unit 5	always (adv) ***	/ˈɔ:lweɪz/	immer	He always goes for a walk at the weekend.
Unit 5	Asia (n)	/ˈeɪʃə, 'eɪʒə/	Asien	Asia makes 67% of the world's new films every year.
Unit 5	bag (n) ***	/bæg/	Tasche	Would you like a bag for your shopping?
Unit 5	believe (v) ***	/br'i:li:v/	glauben	Many people believe that Hollywood is the world's biggest producer of films.
Unit 5	boat (n) ***	/bəʊt/	Boot	The film is about the passengers on a boat .
Unit 5	boring (adj) **	/ˈbɔ:ɪnɪŋ/	langweilig	"Do you like science fiction films?" "No, I think they're boring ."
Unit 5	buy (v) ***	/baɪ/	kaufen	You can buy your tickets on the internet.
Unit 5	cash (n) ***	/kæʃ/	Bar	Do you want to pay by credit card or cash ?
Unit 5	cinema (n) **	/ˈsɪnəmə/	Kino	We don't often go to the cinema .
Unit 5	coast (n) ***	/kəʊst/	Küste	The shark kills people on the coast of California.
Unit 5	comedy programme (n)	/ˈkɒmədi ˌprəʊɡræm/	Unterhaltungsseri	I love comedy programmes . I think they're very funny.
Unit 5	credit card (n) **	/ˈkredɪt ˌkɑ:(r)d/	Kreditkarte	Do you want to pay by credit card or cash?

Unit 5	crime (n) ***	/kraɪm/	Krimi	People see a lot of crime on television and they are sometimes frightened.
Unit 5	dangerous (adj) ***	/ˈdeɪndʒərəs/	gefährlich	They are frightened because they think the world is dangerous .
Unit 5	day (n) ***	/deɪ/	Tag	I go for a walk once a day .
Unit 5	It depends.	/ɪt dɪˈpendz/	Es kommt darauf an	"How often do you do exercise?" " It depends. "
Unit 5	develop (v) ***	/dɪˈveləp/	entwickeln	Some people think that babies develop more quickly if they watch programmes such as <i>Brainy Baby</i> .
Unit 5	disagree (v) **	/ˌdɪsəˈɡriː/	widersprechen	"I think that television can make you stupid." " I disagree. "
Unit 5	documentary (n) *	/ˌdɒkjʊˈment(ə)ri/	Dokumentation	It's an interesting documentary about animals.
Unit 5	effects (n pl) ***	/ɪˈfektz/	Effekte	What are the effects of watching television on people?
Unit 5	empty (adj) ***	/ˈempti/	leer	There are no passengers on the bus -- it's completely empty .
Unit 5	Europe (n)	/ˈjʊərəp/	Europa	17% of new films are made in Europe every year.
Unit 5	every (determiner) ***	/ˈevri/	jede/s/n	We go on holiday every summer.
Unit 5	excellent (adj) ***	/ˈeksələnt/	ausgezeichnet	There are some excellent programmes on television.
Unit 5	exciting (adj) **	/ɪkˈsaɪtɪŋ/	aufregend	I love watching thrillers -- I think they're really exciting .
Unit 5	fall in love	/fɔːl ɪn lʌv/	sich verlieben	The film is about a girl and a boy who fall in love .
Unit 5	fantastic (adj) **	/fænˈtæstɪk/	fantastisch	Guncharosh thinks that <i>Mamma Mia</i> is a fantastic film.
Unit 5	fat (adj) **	/fæt/	dick	Some people think that children are fat because they watch too much television.
Unit 5	film (n) ***	/fɪlm/	Film	<i>Monsoon Wedding</i> is one of the world's most popular films .
Unit 5	for example ***	/fɔː(r) ɪɡˈzɑːmp(ə)l/	zum Beispiel	Television isn't completely bad, for example , there are lots of interesting documentaries.
Unit 5	funny (adj) ***	/ˈfʌni/	lustig	I love comedy programmes. I think they're very funny .
Unit 5	great (adj) ***	/ɡreɪt/	großartig	I think <i>Titanic</i> is a great film.
Unit 5	happy (adj) ***	/ˈhæpi/	glücklich	The boy and girl fall in love and are very happy .
Unit 5	headache (n) *	/ˈhedɪk/	Kopfschmerz	If you watch too much television, you can get a headache .
Unit 5	How often ... ?	/haʊ ˈɒf(ə)n/	Wie oft ... ?	How often do you go to the cinema?
Unit 5	hungry (adj) **	/ˈhʌŋɡri/	hungrig	Can I have a sandwich? I'm hungry .
Unit 5	hurt (v) ***	/hɜː(r)t/	schmerzt	If I watch too much television, it hurts my eyes.
Unit 5	important (adj) ***	/ɪmˈpɔː(r)t(ə)nt/	wichtig	India has the world's most important film industry.
Unit 5	interesting (adj) ***	/ˈɪntrəstɪŋ/	interessant	"I like documentaries." "I agree. I think they're interesting ."
Unit 5	kill (v) ***	/kɪl/	töten	The shark kills people on the coast of California.
Unit 5	lazy (adj) **	/ˈleɪzi/	faul	Does television make people stupid and lazy ?
Unit 5	(the) majority (n) ***	/ˌ(də) məˈdʒɔːrəti/	(die) Mehrheit	The majority of films are made in India.
Unit 5	manager (n) ***	/ˈmænɪdʒə(r)/	Manager	A manager is someone who is responsible for a business.
Unit 5	money (n) ***	/ˈmʌni/	Geld	Do you have enough money to buy a DVD player?
Unit 5	month (n) ***	/mʌnθ/	Mund	I go to the cinema about once a month .
Unit 5	musical (n)	/ˈmjuːzɪk(ə)l/	Musical	<i>Mamma Mia</i> is a musical .

Unit 5	never (adv) ***	/ˈnevə(r)/	nie	She never does any exercise.
Unit 5	the news (n) ***	/ðə nju:z/	Nachrichten, Nachrichtensendur	We watch the news every evening.
Unit 5	North America (n)	/nɔ:(r)θ əˈmerɪkə/	Nordamerika	10% of new films are made in North America every year.
Unit 5	office (n) ***	/ˈɒfɪs/	Büro	"Where do you work?" "In an office ."
Unit 5	often (adv) ***	/ˈɒf(ə)n/	oft	They often go to the cinema -- about once a week.
Unit 5	once (adv) ***	/wʌns/	einmal	I go out with my friends about once a week.
Unit 5	passenger (n) ***	/ˈpæsɪndʒə(r)/	Passagier	How many passengers are on the boat?
Unit 5	poor (adj) ***	/pʊ:(r)/	arm	Someone who is poor does not have much money.
Unit 5	producer (n) ***	/prəˈdju:sə(r)/	Produzent	Bollywood is the largest film producer in the world.
Unit 5	review (n) **	/rɪˈvju:/	Kritik	Do you sometimes read film reviews ?
Unit 5	run away (phr v)	/ˈrʌŋ əˌweɪ/	wegrennen	The woman steals some money and then runs away .
Unit 5	sad (adj) ***	/sæd/	traurig	Romantic films are sometimes very sad .
Unit 5	scary (adj) *	/ˈskeəri/	gruselig	Horror films are scary .
Unit 5	setting (n) ***	/ˈsetɪŋ/	Kulisse	The setting for <i>Mamma Mia</i> is a beautiful Greek island.
Unit 5	shark (n) *	/ʃɑ:(r)k/	Hai	The film is about a shark who kills people on the coast of California.
Unit 5	ship (n) ***	/ʃɪp/	Schiff	The Titanic is a big ship with a lot of passengers.
Unit 5	sit down (phr v)	/sɪt daʊn/	absitzen	Please come in and sit down .
Unit 5	society (n) ***	/səˈsaɪəti/	Gesellschaft	Is television responsible for a violent society ?
Unit 5	sometimes (adv) ***	/ˈsʌmtaɪmz/	manchma	We sometimes go to the cinema, but not very often.
Unit 5	South America (n)	/saʊθ əˈmerɪkə/	Südamerika	3.5% of new films are made in South America every year.
Unit 5	spaceship (n)	/ˈspeɪsˌʃɪp/	Raumschiff	The setting for <i>Alien</i> is a spaceship .
Unit 5	sports programme (n)	/ˈspɔ:(r)tz ˌprəʊgræm/	Sportprogramm	She loves football and tennis and watches a lot of sports programmes .
Unit 5	stand up (phr v)	/ˈstænd ʌp/	aufsteher	The children stand up and leave the classroom.
Unit 5	steal (v) ***	/sti:l/	stehler	The woman steals some money and then runs away.
Unit 5	strange (adj) ***	/streɪndʒ/	seltsam, komisch, fremd	I think the film is strange and a bit scary.
Unit 5	terrible (adj) ***	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	schrecklich	The film is boring and the actors are terrible !
Unit 5	theory (n) ***	/ˈθiəri/	Theorie	There are lots of theories about the effects of watching television.
Unit 5	ticket (n) ***	/ˈtɪkɪt/	Ticket	Cinema tickets are quite expensive.
Unit 5	turn down (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌdaʊn/	leiser machen/drehe	Turn down the volume, please.
Unit 5	turn off (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌɒf/	abschalten	He turns off the TV and goes to bed.
Unit 5	turn up (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌʌp/	lauter machen/drehe	Turn up the volume, please.
Unit 5	TV series (n)	/ˈti: vi: ˌsɪəri:z/	TV-Serie	What's your favourite TV series ?
Unit 5	twice (adv) ***	/twɑ:ɪs/	zweimal	I go out with my friends twice a week.
Unit 5	violent (adj) ***	/ˈvaɪələnt/	gewalttätig	Do you agree that television makes people violent ?

Unit 5	week (n) ***	/wi:k/	Woche	She goes for a long walk once a week .
Unit 5	year (n) ***	/jɪə(r)/	Jahr	We go on holiday once a year .
Unit 6	architect (n) **	/ˈɑː(r)kɪtekt/	Architekt/ir	An architect is someone who designs buildings.
Unit 6	average (adj) ***	/ˈæv(ə)rɪdʒ/	durchschnittlich	How many words per minute can the average person type?
Unit 6	badly (adv) **	/ˈbædli/	schlecht	I can type, but very badly .
Unit 6	bank (n) ***	/bæŋk/	Bank	She's an office worker in a bank .
Unit 6	be good/bad etc at	/bi ɡʊd/bæd ət/	sei gut/schlecht etc	At school, Kate was good at languages.
Unit 6	biology (n) *	/baɪˈɒlədʒi/	Biologie	Biology is one of the sciences.
Unit 6	a (little) bit ***	/ə ('lɪt(ə)l) bɪt/	ein (kleines) bisschen	The lesson was a (little) bit boring.
Unit 6	boarding school (n)	/ˈbɔː(r)dɪŋ ˌsku:l/	Internat	A boarding school is a school where the students can live.
Unit 6	can (modal verb) ***	/kæn/	können	"Can you drive?" "No, I can't."
Unit 6	can't (modal verb) ***	/kɑːnt/	nicht können	"Can you drive?" "No, I can't ."
Unit 6	carpenter (n)	/ˈkɑː(r)pɪntə(r)/	Zimmermann	A carpenter is someone who makes or repairs things that are made of wood.
Unit 6	chemistry (n) **	/ˈkɛmɪstri/	Chemie	Chemistry is one of the sciences.
Unit 6	colleague (n) ***	/ˈkɒliːɡ/	Mitarbeiter/ir	My colleagues and I often work until 8 pm.
Unit 6	college (AmE) (n) ***	/ˈkɒlɪdʒ/	(Fach-)Hochschule	I go to college next year.
Unit 6	company car (n)	/ˈkʌmp(ə)ni ˌkɑː(r)/	Firmenfahrzeug	Mike drives a company car .
Unit 6	creative (adj) **	/kriˈeɪtɪv/	kreativ	Creative people are good at making things.
Unit 6	dance (v) ***	/dɑːns/	tanzen	"Can you dance ?" "Yes, I can."
Unit 6	distance learning (n)	/ˈdɪstəns ˌlɜː(r)nɪŋ/	Fernstudium	Distance learning programmes mean students can study from home.
Unit 6	doctor (n) ***	/ˈdɒktə(r)/	Arzt/Ärztin	A doctor looks after people who are ill.
Unit 6	draw (v) ***	/drɔː/	zeichnen	He can draw very well.
Unit 6	drive (v) ***	/draɪv/	fahren	"Can you drive ?" "No, I can't."
Unit 6	driving licence (n)	/ˈdraɪvɪŋ ˌlaɪs(ə)ns/	Führerschein	It's important to have a driving licence for this job.
Unit 6	easily (adv) ***	/ˈiːzɪli/	müheless	She learns new things easily .
Unit 6	efficient (adj) ***	/ɪˈfɪʃ(ə)nt/	effizient	Someone who is efficient works quickly and well.
Unit 6	electrician (n)	/ɪˌlektˈrɪʃ(ə)n/	Elektriker/in	An electrician is someone who repairs or installs electrical equipment.
Unit 6	elementary school (AmE) (n)	/elɪˈment(ə)ri ˌsku:l/	Grundschule	An elementary school is for children between the ages of 5 and about 11 in the US.
Unit 6	engineer (n) ***	/ˌendʒɪˈnɪə(r)/	Ingenieur/ir	An engineer is someone who designs or repairs machines.
Unit 6	find out (phr v)	/faɪnd aʊt/	herausfinden	You can find out a lot of information on the internet.
Unit 6	found (v) ***	/faʊnd/	finden	"When was Harvard University founded ?" "In 1636."
Unit 6	free meal (n)	/friː mi:l/	gratis Mahlzeit	All our workers get free meals .
Unit 6	geography (n) **	/dʒɪˈɒɡrəfi/	Geografie	I'm interested in the world and love geography .

Unit 6	hard-working (adj)	/ˈhɑː(r)d ˈwɜː(r)kɪŋ/	hart arbeiten	A good worker is hard-working and efficient.
Unit 6	health insurance (n)	/heθ ɪnˈʃʊərəns/	Krankenversicherung	Does the company offer free health insurance ?
Unit 6	high school (AmE) (n)	/ˈhaɪ skuːl/	Sekundarschule	A high school is for children between the ages of 14 and 18 in the US.
Unit 6	history (n) ***	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	Geschichte	I'm interested in the past and I like history .
Unit 6	holiday (n) ***	/ˈhɒlɪdeɪs/	Ferien	If you're a teacher, the holidays are good.
Unit 6	ICT (n)	/aɪ siː ˈtiː/	Informatik	ICT is the study of computers and how to use them.
Unit 6	ill (adj) ***	/ɪl/	krank	A doctor looks after people who are ill .
Unit 6	instructions (n pl) ***	/ɪnˈstrʌkʃ(ə)nz/	Anleitung	Read the instructions carefully.
Unit 6	instrument (n) ***	/ˈɪnst(ɹ)mənt/	Instrument	"Can you play a musical instrument ?" "Yes, I play the guitar."
Unit 6	be interested in	/bi ˈɪnt(ɹ)əstɪd ɪn/	sich interessieren für	Lindsay was interested in English at school.
Unit 6	keyboard (n) *	/ˈkiːbɔː(r)d/	Keyboard	if you use a keyboard too much it can hurt your hand.
Unit 6	kindergarten (AmE) (n)	/ˈkɪndə(r)ɡɑː(r)t(ə)n/	Kindergarten	A kindergarten is the first year of education in the US for children between 5 and 6..
Unit 6	laboratory (n) **	/ləˈbɒrət(ə)ri/	Labor	Scientists often work in a laboratory .
Unit 6	(foreign) languages (n pl) ***	/ˈfɔːrɪn ˌlæŋɡwɪdʒ(ə)s/	(Fremd-)Sprache	Do you think foreign languages are important?
Unit 6	law school (n)	/lɔː skuːl/	juristische Fakultät	I want to study at law school and become a lawyer.
Unit 6	lawyer (n) ***	/ˈlɔːjə(r)/	Anwalt/Anwältin	I want to study at law school and become a lawyer .
Unit 6	library (n) ***	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	Bibliothek	Students spend a lot of time in the library before exams.
Unit 6	maths (n) *	/mæθs/	Mathematik	Lindsay's least favourite subject was maths .
Unit 6	medical college (n)	/ˈmedɪk(ə)l ˌkɒlɪdʒ/	medizinische Hochschule	Doctors study at medical college .
Unit 6	medical condition (n)	/ˈmedɪk(ə)l ˌkɒndɪʃ(ə)n/	Krankheit	RSI (Repetitive Strain Injury) is a medical condition .
Unit 6	multinational (n) *	/ˌmʌltiˈnæʃ(ə)nəl/	multinationale	A multinational is a large company that is based in different countries.
Unit 6	nursery school (BrE) (n)	/ˈnɜː(r)s(ə)ri skuːl/	Kindergarten	A nursery school is a school for very young children in the UK.
Unit 6	office worker (n)	/ˈɒfɪs ˌwɜː(r)kə(r)/	Büroangestellte/r	She's an office worker in a bank.
Unit 6	organisation (n) ***	/ˌɔː(r)ɡənəɪˈzeɪʃ(ə)n/	Organisation	Gallup is an organisation that does surveys to find out public opinion.
Unit 6	patient (adj) ***	/ˈpeɪʃ(ə)nt/	Patient/ir	Someone who is patient doesn't get angry quickly.
Unit 6	PE (Physical Education) (n)	/piː ˈiː/	Sportunterricht	My favourite subject is PE -- I love sports.
Unit 6	pension (n) ***	/ˈpenʃ(ə)n/	Rente	The company offers all its workers pensions .
Unit 6	physics (n) **	/ˈfɪzɪks/	Physik	Physics is one of the sciences.
Unit 6	play (v) ***	/pleɪ/	spielen	How many musical instruments do you play ?
Unit 6	primary school (BrE) (n)	/ˈpraɪməri skuːl/	Grundschule	A primary school is a school for children between the ages of 5 and 11 in the UK.
Unit 6	public opinion (n) *	/ˈpʌblɪk əˈpɪnjən/	öffentliche Meinung	Gallup is an organisation that does surveys to find out public opinion .
Unit 6	quickly (adv) ***	/ˈkwɪkli/	schnell	She types quite quickly -- about 80 words a minute.
Unit 6	reliable (adj) **	/rɪˈlaɪəb(ə)l/	zuverlässig, verlässlich, sicher	You can trust him -- he's very reliable .
Unit 6	school (n) ***	/skuːl/	Schule	What's your favourite subject at school ?

Unit 6	scientist (n) ***	/ˈsaɪəntɪst/	Wissenschaftler	Scientists often work in a laboratory.
Unit 6	scroll (n)	/skrɔːl/	scrollen, (am Bildschirm) blättern	Information was written on long pieces of paper, called " scrolls ".
Unit 6	secondary school (BrE) (n)	/ˈsekənd(ə)ri skuːl/	Mittelschule	A secondary school is a school for children between the ages of 11 and 16 or 18 in the UK.
Unit 6	secretary (n) ***	/ˈsekɹətəri/	Sekretär/in	She's a secretary in a law firm.
Unit 6	shop (n) ***	/ʃɒp/	Geschäft	He's manager of a sports shop .
Unit 6	sing (v) ***	/sɪŋ/	singen	I can sing , but not very well!
Unit 6	slowly (adv) ***	/ˈsləʊli/	langsam	I can only type slowly .
Unit 6	social life (n)	/ˈsəʊʃ(ə)l laɪf/	Sozialleben	It's difficult to have a social life when you work at night.
Unit 6	sports club (n)	/spɔː(r)tz klʌb/	Sportclub	She works as a coach at a sports club .
Unit 6	sports coach (n)	/spɔː(r)tz kəʊtʃ/	Sportlehrer/in	She's a sports coach at the local sports club.
Unit 6	studies (n pl) ***	/ˈstʌdiːz/	Student/in	The University of Al Karaouine is an important centre for Islamic studies .
Unit 6	study (v) ***	/ˈstʌdi/	studieren	You can study to be a lawyer at law school.
Unit 6	subject (n) ***	/ˈsʌbdʒɪkt/	Fach	What's your favourite subject at school?
Unit 6	survey (n) ***	/ˈsɜː(r)veɪ/	Umfrage	Gallup is an organisation that does surveys to find out public opinion.
Unit 6	swim (v) **	/swɪm/	schwimmen	He's 10, but he still can't swim .
Unit 6	teacher (n) ***	/ˈtiːtʃə(r)/	Lehrer/in	Kate thinks (that) her German teacher was very good.
Unit 6	technical college (n)	/ˈteknɪk(ə)l ˌkɒlɪdʒ/	(Berufs-)Fachschule	A technical college is a place where you can study a specific work skill.
Unit 6	telephone company (n)	/ˈtelɪfəʊn ˌkʌmp(ə)ni/	Telefongesellschaft	She works as an engineer for a telephone company .
Unit 6	text (n) ***	/tekst/	Kurzmitteilung	Do you send a lot of texts on your mobile phone?
Unit 6	think (that) ... ***	/θɪŋk (ðæt)/	denken (dass) ..	Kate thinks (that) her German teacher was very good.
Unit 6	thumb (n) **	/θʌm/	Daumen	I use my thumbs to press the keys when I send texts.
Unit 6	training (n) ***	/ˈtreɪnɪŋ/	Schulung	Companies offer training to their workers.
Unit 6	type (v) *	/taɪp/	tippen	I can type , but very badly.
Unit 6	typing (n)	/ˈtaɪpɪŋ/	Tippen	Typing is a very important work skill.
Unit 6	typist (n)	/ˈtaɪpɪst/	Schreibkraft	Advanced typists can type more than 110 words per minute.
Unit 6	waiter (n) *	/ˈweɪtə(r)/	Servicekraft (m), Kellner	A waiter is someone who serves drinks and meals in a cafe or restaurant.
Unit 6	waitress (n) *	/ˈweɪtrəs/	Servicekraft (w), Kellnerin	A waitress is someone who serves drinks and meals in a cafe or restaurant.
Unit 6	well (adv) ***	/wel/	gut	She speaks English very well .
Unit 6	work skill (n)	/ˈwɜː(r)k ˌskɪl/	Fähigkeiten	What are the important work skills for the 21st century?
Unit 7	ago (adv) ***	/əˈɡəʊ/	vor	The Watergate scandal took place about 40 years ago .
Unit 7	amazing (adj) **	/əˈmeɪzɪŋ/	erstaunlich	If you think that something is amazing , you think it is fun and exciting.
Unit 7	arrest (v) **	/əˈrest/	verhaften	Police arrested two men outside the bank.
Unit 7	boiling (adj) *	/ˈbɔɪlɪŋ/	kochend (heiß)	It was boiling today -- over 40°.

Unit 7	book fair (n)	/ˈbʊk feə(r)/	Buchmesse	We visited the book fair in Frankfurt -- it was very interesting.
Unit 7	burglary (n) *	/ˈbɜː(r)gləri/	Einbruch	The burglary took place at the main headquarters in the Watergate office.
Unit 7	busy (adj) ***	/ˈbɪzi/	beschäftigt	"Can I speak to David?" "I'm sorry, he's busy ."
Unit 7	Who's calling?	/hʊz 'kɔːliŋ/	Wer spricht? / Wer ist am Telefon	"Who's calling , please?" "It's Maxim."
Unit 7	carnival (n)	/ˈkɑː(r)nɪv(ə)l/	Karneval	The carnival in Rio de Janeiro is fantastic.
Unit 7	channel (n) ***	/ˈtʃæn(ə)l/	Kanal	He likes to watch the sports channels .
Unit 7	cloud (n) ***	/klaʊd/	Wolke	There are lots of clouds in the sky.
Unit 7	cloudy (adj)	/ˈklaʊdi/	bewölkt	It was cloudy and then it started to rain.
Unit 7	cold (adj) ***	/kəʊld/	kalt	It's very cold in Canada in winter.
Unit 7	communications (n pl) ***	/kə,mjuːnɪ'keɪʃ(ə)nz/	Kommunikationsbereich, Nachrichtenwesen	Telstar was the first TV and communications satellite.
Unit 7	cool (adj) ***	/kuːl/	kühl	The weather is cool today, but not cold.
Unit 7	crazy (adj) **	/ˈkreɪzi/	verrückt	Someone who is crazy does things that are exciting and a bit dangerous.
Unit 7	create (v) ***	/kri'eɪt/	schaffen	Who created the first 24-hour news channel?
Unit 7	date (n) ***	/deɪt/	Datum	What date was Ed Murrow born on?
Unit 7	decide (v) ***	/dɪ'saɪd/	entscheiden	Woodward and Bernstein decided to investigate the Watergate story.
Unit 7	demand (v) ***	/dɪ'mɑːnd/	verlangen	Workers demanded more money from the government.
Unit 7	Democratic party (n)	/demə'krætɪk pɑː(r)ti/	demokratische Partei	Richard Nixon, the US president at the time, spied on the opposition, the Democratic party .
Unit 7	digital (adj) **	/ˈdɪdʒɪt(ə)l/	digital	When was the first digital newspaper produced?
Unit 7	discover (v) ***	/dɪ'skʌvə(r)/	entdecken	A survey discovered that 52% of business professionals in Singapore regularly watch CNA.
Unit 7	discuss (v) ***	/dɪ'skʌs/	diskutieren	They discussed politics with the President.
Unit 7	editor (n) ***	/ˈedɪtə(r)/	Redakteur/ir	The news editor of <i>The Washington Post</i> phoned Woodward at his apartment.
Unit 7	encourage (v) ***	/ɪn'kʌrɪdʒ/	ermutigen	We want to encourage children to read more books.
Unit 7	end (v) ***	/end/	enden	The Watergate scandal ended Nixon's political career.
Unit 7	equipment (n) ***	/ɪ'kwɪpmənt/	Ausrüstung	"Did you have any special equipment ?" "We had a car with lots of plastic and rubber to protect us from lightning."
Unit 7	Eskimo (n)	/ˈeskɪməʊ/	Eskimo	Native people of the Arctic don't like the word " Eskimo " -- they prefer the words "Inuit" or "Aleut".
Unit 7	extreme (adj) **	/ɪk'striːm/	extrem	If you get near a storm, you can take photos of extreme weather conditions.
Unit 7	freezing (adj) *	/ˈfriːzɪŋ/	eiskalt	It's -24° and freezing today.
Unit 7	fun (n) **	/fʌn/	Spaß	If you think that something is fun , you think it is exciting and enjoyable.
Unit 7	global (adj) ***	/ˈɡləʊb(ə)l/	global	When Neil Armstrong landed on the moon it was a global event.
Unit 7	grow (v) ***	/grəʊ/	wachsen	The number of Eskimo words for snow grew and grew .
Unit 7	headquarters (n) **	/hed'kwɔː(r)tə(r)z/	Hauptsitz, Zentral	The burglary took place at the main headquarters in the Watergate office.
Unit 7	hear (v) ***	/hɪə(r)/	hören	Everyone heard about the Watergate scandal.
Unit 7	history (n) ***	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	Geschichte	I like history -- it's my favourite subject.
Unit 7	hot (adj) ***	/hɒt/	heiß	It's hot in here. Can I open a window, please?

Unit 7	know (v) ***	/nəʊ/	wissen	Carl Bernstein was a journalist and knew a good story when he saw one.
Unit 7	last (v) ***	/lɑːst/	dauern	The book fair lasted 10 days.
Unit 7	leave (v) ***	/li:v/	verlasser	I left college in 2010.
Unit 7	lightning (n) *	/'laɪtnɪŋ/	Blitz	Lightning is the bright light you see in the sky during a storm.
Unit 7	look (v) ***	/lʊk/	schauer	Woodward looked across the room at Bernstein.
Unit 7	make (v) ***	/meɪk/	macher	They made a film, <i>All The President's Men</i> , based on the book.
Unit 7	metal (n) ***	/'met(ə)l/	Metall	The car didn't have any metal , but it had lots of plastic and rubber.
Unit 7	neighbour (n) ***	/'neɪbə(r)/	Nachbar	Your neighbours are the people who live in the houses or apartments near to you.
Unit 7	newspaper (n) ***	/'nju:z,peɪpə(r)/	Zeitung	Do you read a newspaper ?
Unit 7	news programme (n)	/'nju:z ,prəʊgræm/	Nachrichtensendung	Where was the first news programme presented?
Unit 7	newsreader (n)	/'nju:z,rɪ:də(r)/	Nachrichtensprecher	Ed Murrow was a popular newsreader in America.
Unit 7	newsroom (n)	/'nju:z,ru:m/	Redaktion	The newsroom is the place where people prepare news reports.
Unit 7	opposition (n) ***	/'ɒpə'zɪʃ(ə)n/	Opposition	Richard Nixon was a Republican and spied on the opposition , the Democratic party.
Unit 7	orbit (n) *	/'ɔ:(r)ɪt/	Umlaufbahn	When did AT&T launch Telstar into orbit ?
Unit 7	plastic (n) ***	/'plæstɪk/	Plastik	The car didn't have any metal, but it had lots of plastic and rubber.
Unit 7	present (v) ***	/'prez(ə)nt/	präsentieren	Ed Murrow presented a nightly news programme.
Unit 7	procession (n) *	/'prə'seɪʃ(ə)n/	Umzug	Thousands of people watch the procession at the carnival in Rio.
Unit 7	protect (v) ***	/'prə'tekt/	schützen	Plastic and rubber can protect you from lightning.
Unit 7	publisher (n) **	/'pʌblɪʃə(r)/	Verleger	Over 1,000 publishers from different countries were at the book fair.
Unit 7	radio service (n)	/'reɪdiəʊ ,sɜ:(r)vɪs/	Funkdienst	The BBC's first foreign language radio service was in Arabic.
Unit 7	rain (n) ***	/reɪn/	Regen	There is a lot of rain in the north of England.
Unit 7	rainy (adj)	/'reɪni/	regnerisch	It's very rainy in the north of England.
Unit 7	regularly (adv) ***	/'regjʊlə(r)li/	regelmäßig	A survey discovered that 52% of business professionals in Singapore regularly watch CNA.
Unit 7	rubber (n) **	/'rʌbə(r)/	Gummi	The car didn't have any metal, but it had lots of plastic and rubber .
Unit 7	satellite (n) **	/'sætəlaɪt/	Satellit	Telstar was the first TV and communications satellite .
Unit 7	section (n) ***	/'sekʃ(ə)n/	Abschnitt	There were lots of different sections at the book fair, including a section for children's books.
Unit 7	several (determiner) ***	/'sev(ə)rəl/	mehrere	There were several activities for children at the book fair.
Unit 7	snow (n) ***	/snəʊ/	Schnee	We had a lot of snow last winter.
Unit 7	snowy (adj)	/'snəʊi/	verschneit	It's very cold and snowy today.
Unit 7	(Liz) speaking	/(lɪz) spi:kɪŋ/	(Liz) am Apparat	"Hello, Liz speaking ." "Hello Liz, can I speak to Susan?"
Unit 7	start (v) ***	/'stɑ:(r)t/	starter	The BBC World Service started in 1932.
Unit 7	station (n) ***	/'steɪʃ(ə)n/	Sender	52% of business professionals in Singapore regularly watch the CNA station .
Unit 7	stop (v) ***	/stɒp/	stoppen	Police stopped four men outside the bank and arrested them.
Unit 7	story (n) ***	/'stɔ:ri/	Geschichte	The Watergate scandal was a big story in the newspapers.

Unit 7	sun (n) ***	/sʌn/	Sonne	It's nice to see the sun again.
Unit 7	sunny (adj) *	/ˈsʌni/	sonnig	It's warm and sunny today.
Unit 7	Sure. (adv) **	/ʃʊ(r)/	Sicher. Klar.	"Can I speak to David?" " Sure , just a minute."
Unit 7	take place	/ˈteɪk ˌpleɪs/	stattfinden	The carnival took place in Rio.
Unit 7	television (n) ***	/ˈtelɪˌvɪʒ(ə)n/	Fernseher	There was no radio or television 150 years ago.
Unit 7	terrifying (adj)	/ˈterəˌfaɪɪŋ/	furchterregend	Something that is terrifying makes you feel extremely frightened.
Unit 7	travel (v) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	Reise	News now travels very quickly around the world.
Unit 7	unusual (adj) ***	/ʌnˈjuːʒʊəl/	ungewöhnlich	Storm chasing is an unusual activity.
Unit 7	visit (v) ***	/ˈvɪzɪt/	Besuch	When we visited Rio we saw the carnival.
Unit 7	warm (adj) ***	/wɔː(r)m/	warm	It's warm and sunny today.
Unit 7	wind (n) ***	/wɪnd/	Wind	It's difficult to walk in the wind .
Unit 7	windy (adj) *	/ˈwɪndi/	windig	I hate windy weather!
Unit 7	writer (n) ***	/ˈraɪtə(r)/	Schriftsteller/ir	Lots of writers came to the book fair.
Unit 8	angry (adj) ***	/ˈæŋɡri/	verärgert	She gets angry when people arrive late.
Unit 8	announcement (n) ***	/əˈnaʊnsmənt	Durchsage	Listen carefully to the passenger information announcement .
Unit 8	anthropologist (n)	/ˌænrəˈpɒləˌdʒɪst/	Anthropologe/Anthropologin	An American anthropologist invented the term "culture shock".
Unit 8	arrive (v) ***	/əˈraɪv/	ankommen	The train arrives in Birmingham at 17.40.
Unit 8	beginning (n) ***	/bɪˈɡɪnɪŋ/	Anfang	At the beginning of your trip, you feel nervous but happy.
Unit 8	better (comparative adj) ***	/ˈbetə(r)/	besser	The food is better here than in England.
Unit 8	bicycle (n) **	/ˈbaɪsɪk(ə)l/	Fahrrad	Velib is a bicycle hire network in Paris.
Unit 8	bike (n) **	/baɪk/	Fahrrad	Julian goes to work by bike .
Unit 8	bored (adj) **	/bɔː(r)d/	gelangweilt	I get bored in maths lessons!
Unit 8	the bottom (of) (n) ***	/ðə ˈbɒtəm əv/	am Boden	We're at the bottom of the escalator, going up.
Unit 8	camera (n) ***	/ˈkæm(ə)rə/	Kamera	You use a camera to take photos.
Unit 8	change (n) ***	/tʃeɪndʒ/	Veränderung	How many changes do you have to make to get to Cambridge?
Unit 8	change (v) ***	/tʃeɪndʒ/	verändern	Change to the Bury line at Piccadilly.
Unit 8	clean (v) ***	/kliːn/	putzen	You use a toothbrush to clean your teeth.
Unit 8	come (v) ***	/kʌm/	kommen	Come and look at these photos.
Unit 8	crowded (adj) *	/ˈkraʊdɪd/	gedrängt, überfüllt, voll	A place that is crowded has a lot of people in it.
Unit 8	culture (n) ***	/ˈkʌltʃə(r)/	Kultur	I'm interested in new cultures .
Unit 8	culture shock (n)	/ˈkʌltʃə(r) ʃɒk/	Kulturschock	Culture shock is the feeling you sometimes have when you are in a new country that you do not know.
Unit 8	custom (n) **	/ˈkʌstəm/	Brauch	Different countries have different customs .
Unit 8	describe (v) ***	/dɪˈskraɪb/	beschreiben	"Culture shock" is a term used to describe the feelings that someone has when they arrive in a new country

Unit 8	distance (n) ***	/ˈdɪstəns/	Distanz	The escalators carry people over a distance of 800 metres.
Unit 8	earn (v) ***	/ɜː(r)n/	verdiener	I can earn more money in England than in my own country.
Unit 8	economy (n) ***	/ɪˈkɒnəmi/	Wirtschaft	The Chinese economy is growing quickly.
Unit 8	escalator (n)	/ˈeskəˌleɪtə(r)/	Lift	The Escalator system is an important form of public transport for people in Hong Kong.
Unit 8	everywhere (adv) ***	/ˈevriˌweə(r)/	überall	There are bicycles everywhere in China.
Unit 8	expert (n) ***	/ˈɛkspɜː(r)t/	Expert/in	Experts say there will be 140 million cars in China in 2020.
Unit 8	explorer (n)	/ɪkˈsplɔːrə(r)/	Forscher/ir	An explorer is someone who discovers new places or countries.
Unit 8	express train (n)	/ɪkˈspres ˌtreɪn	Schnellzug	Express trains are faster than normal trains.
Unit 8	feeling (n) ***	/ˈfiːlɪŋ/	Gefühl	"Angry" and "happy" are words used to describe people's feelings .
Unit 8	flight (n) ***	/flaɪt/	Flug	Flight BA 652 to Milan is now leaving.
Unit 8	on foot	/ɒn ˈfʊt/	zu Fuß	I go to work on foot .
Unit 8	foreigner (n) **	/ˈfɔːrɪnə(r)/	Ausländer/ir	A foreigner is someone who comes from another country.
Unit 8	forever (adv) **	/fəˈrevə(r)/	für immer	Nothing lasts forever .
Unit 8	the front (of) (n) ***	/ðə frʌnt əv/	an den Anfang	Passengers with small children, please come to the front of the queue.
Unit 8	get (angry) ***	/get (ˈæŋɡri)/	(sauer) werden	She gets angry when people arrive late.
Unit 8	get off (phr v)	/get ɒf/	aussteigen	Get off the tube at Charing Cross.
Unit 8	Go (straight on/ahead).	/ɡəʊ (streɪt ɒn/əˈhed)	(geradeaus) gehen	"How do I get to the museum?" " Go straight on. "
Unit 8	go down (phr v)	/ɡəʊ ˈdaʊn/	hinunterfahren	From 6am to 10am the escalators go down .
Unit 8	go up (phr v)	/ɡəʊ ʌp/	hinauffahren	From 10am to midnight the escalators go up .
Unit 8	guest (n) ***	/ɡest/	Gast	I invited 50 guests to the party.
Unit 8	happy (adj) ***	/ˈhæpi/	glücklich	I passed my exam. I'm really happy !
Unit 8	How do you get to ...?	/həʊ duː jə get tə/	Wie kommt man zu/nach ...	" How do you get to the museum?" "Go straight on."
Unit 8	hundred (number) **	/ˈhʌndrəd/	Hundert	A hundred is written as 100.
Unit 8	line (n) ***	/laɪn/	Linie	Change to the Bury line at Piccadilly.
Unit 8	little by little	/ˈlɪt(ə)l baɪ ˌlɪt(ə)l/	nach und nach	Little by little , you learn to live in a different way.
Unit 8	lonely (adj) **	/ˈləʊnli/	einsam	I feel sad and lonely .
Unit 8	map (n) ***	/mæp/	Karte	The map shows how the world's population is changing.
Unit 8	message (n) ***	/ˈmesɪdʒ/	Mitteilung	Listen to the information message about bus services to Glasgow.
Unit 8	metro (n)	/ˈmetrəʊ/	U-Bahn	In London, the metro is called "the tube" or "the underground".
Unit 8	migrant (n)	/ˈmaɪɡrənt/	Migrant/in	A migrant is someone who has gone from one country to live in another.
Unit 8	money (n) ***	/ˈmʌni/	Geld	I can earn more money in England than in my own country.
Unit 8	motorbike (n) *	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌbaɪk/	Motorrad	" Motorbike " is a more informal word for "motorcycle".
Unit 8	motorcycle (n)	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌsaɪk(ə)l/	Motorrad	" Motorcycle " is a more formal word for "motorbike".
Unit 8	motorway (n) **	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌweɪ/	Autobahn	You can drive quickly on the motorway .

Unit 8	movement (n) ***	/ˈmuːvmənt/	Bewegung	The movement of people from one country to another is called migration.
Unit 8	nervous (adj) **	/ˈnɜː(r)vəs/	nervös	Do you feel nervous before exams?
Unit 8	network (n) ***	/ˈnet,wɜː(r)k/	Netzwerk	Velib is a bicycle hire network in Paris.
Unit 8	never-ending (adj)	/ˈnevə(r),endɪŋ/	endlos	Road works are a never-ending problem.
Unit 8	offend (v) *	/əˈfend/	beleidigen, ärgern, angreifen	It's important not to offend people.
Unit 8	It's on the left/right	/ɪts ɒn ðə left/raɪt/	es ist auf der linken/rechten Sei	"How do I get to the bank?" "Go straight on and it's on the right ."
Unit 8	opportunity (n) ***	/ˌɒpə(r)ˈtjuːməti/	Möglichkeit	Migrants come to the UK because there are good opportunities there.
Unit 8	passport (n) *	/ˈpɑːspɔː(r)t/	Pass	You use a passport to travel to different countries.
Unit 8	phrase book (n)	/ˈfreɪz bʊk/	Sprachführer, Buch mit Redewendunge	You use a phrase book to look for words in other languages.
Unit 8	place name (n)	/ˈpleɪs neɪm/	Ortsname	The article is about place names .
Unit 8	population (n) ***	/ˌpɒpjʊˈleɪʃ(ə)n/	Bevölkerung	The map shows how the world's population is changing.
Unit 8	project (n) ***	/ˈprɒdʒekt, ˈprəʊdʒekt/	Projekt	What do you think about bicycle hire projects like Velib?
Unit 8	punctual (adj)	/ˈpʌŋktʃʊəl/	pünktlich	If a bus, train, etc. is punctual , it arrives on time.
Unit 8	purse (n) *	/pɜː(r)s/	Portemonnaie, Geldbörs	You use a purse to keep money in.
Unit 8	queue (n) *	/kjuː/	Schlange	Passengers with small children, please come to the front of the queue .
Unit 8	repair (n) **	/rɪˈpeə(r)/	reparierer	They are doing repairs on the train line this weekend.
Unit 8	retire (v) **	/rɪˈtaɪə(r)/	pensionierer	I retired when I was 60.
Unit 8	road work (n)	/ˈrəʊd, wɜː(r)k/	Straßenarbeiter	Road works are a never-ending problem.
Unit 8	ruler (n) **	/ˈruːlə(r)/	Lineal	A ruler is someone who controls a country such as a king or queen.
Unit 8	sailor (n) *	/ˈseɪlə(r)/	Matrose/Matrosir	A sailor is someone who works on a ship or boat.
Unit 8	scheme (n) ***	/skɪm/	Plan	What do you think about bicycle hire schemes like Velib?
Unit 8	sell (v) ***	/sel/	verkaufen	They sold their house in the UK and went to live in Spain.
Unit 8	shock (n) ***	/ʃɒk/	Schock	Shock is the unpleasant feeling you have when something unexpected or frightening happens.
Unit 8	situation (n) ***	/ˌsɪtʃuˈeɪʃ(ə)n/	Situatior	The situation in China has changed in the past years.
Unit 8	soldier (n) ***	/ˈsəʊldʒə(r)/	Soldat/in	A soldier is someone who is a member of an army.
Unit 8	stage (n) ***	/steɪdʒ/	Stufe	What are the 4 stages of culture shock?
Unit 8	station (n) ***	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	Station	You can take a bicycle from one station and leave it at another.
Unit 8	stop (n) **	/stɒp/	Halt	How many stops are there between Altrincham and Sale?
Unit 8	straight on/ahead	/streɪt ɒn/əˈhed/	geradeaus	"How do I get to the post office?" "Go straight ahead and it's on the left."
Unit 8	strange (adj) ***	/streɪndʒ/	seltam	It's common to feel a little bit strange in a new culture.
Unit 8	subway (n)	/ˈsʌb,weɪ/	U-Bahn	In New York, the metro is called "the subway ".
Unit 8	suitcase (n) *	/ˈsuːt,keɪs/	Koffer	You use a suitcase to put clothes and other things in .
Unit 8	take (the bus) (v) ***	/teɪk (ðə bʌs)/	nehmen	Many people in Warsaw take the bus to work.
Unit 8	term (n) ***	/tɜː(r)m/	Begriff	An American anthropologist invented the term "culture shock".

Unit 8	thousand (number) **	/ˈθaʊz(ə)nd/	Tausend	A thousand is written as 1,000.
Unit 8	toothbrush (n)	/ˈtuːθ,brʌʃ/	Zahnbürste	You use a toothbrush to clean your teeth.
Unit 8	the top (of) ***	/ ðə tɒp əv/	ganz oben	We're going up to the top of the escalator.
Unit 8	tourist (n) ***	/ˈtuərist/	Tourist/in	Thousands of tourists visit London every year.
Unit 8	traffic (n) ***	/ˈtræfɪk/	Verkehr	Traffic is becoming heavier everywhere.
Unit 8	train (n) ***	/treɪn/	Zug	Many people travel between cities by train .
Unit 8	tram (n)	/træm/	Tram	A tram is a vehicle that travels along metal tracks in the middle of the street.
Unit 8	trip (n) ***	/trɪp/	Reise	Julian's trip to work is not very long.
Unit 8	tube (n) **	/tjuːb/	U-Bahn	In London, the metro is called "the tube " or "the underground".
Unit 8	turn (left/right) (v) ***	/tɜː(r)n (left/right)/	nach links/rechts abbiegen	Go straight on and turn left/right .
Unit 8	umbrella (n) *	/ʌmˈbrelə/	Regenschirm	You use an umbrella to protect yourself in the rain.
Unit 8	underground (n) *	/ˈʌndə(r),graʊnd/	Untergrund	In London, the metro is called "the tube" or "the underground ".
Unit 8	use (v) ***	/juːz/	benutzen	What do you use a credit card for?
Unit 8	vertical (adj) **	/ˈvɜː(r)tɪk(ə)l/	vertikal	The vertical distance is the distance from the top to the bottom of something.
Unit 8	visitor (n) ***	/ˈvɪzɪtə(r)/	Besucher	Visitors to a new country sometimes feel culture shock.
Unit 8	wallet (n)	/ˈwɒlɪt/	Portemonnaie, Geldbörsel	You use a wallet to keep money in.
Unit 8	worried (adj) ***	/ˈwʌrɪd/	besorgt, beunruhigt	Do you get worried easily?
Unit 9	advertising (n) **	/ˈædvə(r),taɪzɪŋ/	Werbung	When ads are part of a film, this is called "in-film advertising ".
Unit 9	arm (n) ***	/ɑː(r)m/	Arm	Some people have tattoos on their arms .
Unit 9	athlete (n) *	/ˈæθli:t/	Athlet/in	Thelma Pitt-Turner is an athlete who ran a marathon when she was 82!
Unit 9	back (n) ***	/bæk/	Rücken	I have a problem with my back and can't carry heavy things.
Unit 9	backache (n)	/ˈbækɪk/	Rückenschmerzen	"What is the problem?" "I've got backache ."
Unit 9	bear (n)	/beə(r)/	Bär	Miguel watched bears in Alaska.
Unit 9	bird (n) ***	/bɜː(r)d/	Vogel	I love watching birds in the garden.
Unit 9	birth (n) ***	/bɜː(r)θ/	Geburt	A baby shower happens a few weeks after the baby's birth .
Unit 9	body art (n)	/ˈbɒdi ,ɑː(r)t/	Körperkunst	Tattoos are a type of body art .
Unit 9	brain (n) ***	/breɪn/	Gehirn	Your brain is the thing inside your head that allows you to think and feel.
Unit 9	button (n) **	/ˈbʌt(ə)n/	Knopf	There are three big buttons on the front of the jacket.
Unit 9	camp (v) *	/kæmp/	zelter	Miguel camped in Alaska to watch bears.
Unit 9	celebration (n) **	/ˌseləˈbreɪʃ(ə)n/	Fest	Parties and weddings are types of celebration .
Unit 9	ceremony (n) **	/ˈserəməni/	Zeremonie	A church wedding is a religious ceremony .
Unit 9	cheeks (n) **	/tʃiːks/	Backen	The baby has lovely pink cheeks .
Unit 9	chest (n) ***	/tʃest/	Brust	Your chest is the upper front part of your body between your neck and your stomach.

Unit 9	climb (v) ***	/klaɪm/	Kletter	Have you ever climbed a mountain?
Unit 9	commercial (n) *	/kə'mɜː(r)ʃ(ə)l/	Werbespot	A " commercial " is another word for an "advertisement".
Unit 9	dark (adj) ***	/dɑː(r)k/	dunkel	She's wearing a dark blue jacket.
Unit 9	decoration (n) **	/ˌdeɪkə'reɪʃ(ə)n/	Dekorator	Body paint is often a form of personal decoration .
Unit 9	disease (n) ***	/dɪ'ziːz/	Krankhei	A " disease " is another word for an "illness".
Unit 9	dress (n) ***	/dres/	Kleid	She was wearing a fashionable and expensive dress .
Unit 9	earache (n)	/ˈɪərəɪk/	Ohrenschermer	"What is the problem?" "I've got earache ."
Unit 9	ear (n) ***	/ɪə(r)/	Ohr	Your ears are the things that you hear with.
Unit 9	earth (n) ***	/ɜː(r)θ/	Erde	We want to create a website that includes every species on earth .
Unit 9	encyclopaedia (n)	/ɪnˌsaɪklə'piːdiə/	Lexikon	An encyclopaedia is book that gives a lot of information about a subject.
Unit 9	environmentalist (n) *	/ɪnˌvaɪrən'ment(ə)lɪst	Umweltschützer/i	An environmentalist is someone who wants to protect life on the planet.
Unit 9	event (n) ***	/ɪ'vent/	Event	Weddings and birthdays are special events .
Unit 9	eyes (n) ***	/aɪz/	Augen	He's got lovely brown eyes .
Unit 9	farm (n) ***	/fɑː(r)m/	Bauernhof	A farm is a place used for growing food or keeping animals.
Unit 9	fashionable (adj) **	/ˈfæʃ(ə)nəb(ə)l/	modisch	Some people think tattoos are fashionable .
Unit 9	fish (n) ***	/fɪʃ/	Fisch	We went fishing and caught lots of fish .
Unit 9	flower (n) ***	/ˈflaʊə(r)/	Blume	A rose is a type of flower .
Unit 9	fly (v) ***	/flaɪ/	fliegen	She flew to Australia to see her sister.
Unit 9	foot (n) ***	/fʊt/	Fuß	I can't walk -- there's a problem with my foot .
Unit 9	get married	/ˌget 'mæɪrɪd/	heirater	How old are most people when they get married ?
Unit 9	I've got ...	/aɪv gɒt/	Ich habe ..	I've got several tattoos.
Unit 9	graduate (v) *	/ˈgrædʒuət/	absolvieren, einen akademischen Gra erlangen	How old were you when you graduated from university?
Unit 9	hair (n) ***	/heə(r)/	Haar	She's got long blonde hair .
Unit 9	haircut (n) *	/ˈheə(r),kʌt/	Haarschnitt	The ceremony of a child's first haircut is important in Mongolia.
Unit 9	hand (n) ***	/hænd/	Hand	Some people have tattoos on their hands .
Unit 9	hat (n) ***	/hæt/	Hut	I wear a hat when it's sunny to protect my head .
Unit 9	have (a baby)	/hæv (ə 'beɪbi)/	(ein Baby) bekommen	She had a baby when she was only 18.
Unit 9	head (n) ***	/hed/	Kopf	I wear a hat when it's sunny to protect my head .
Unit 9	headache (n) *	/ˈhedɪk/	Kopfschmerzer	"What is the problem?" "I've got a headache ."
Unit 9	hippopotamus (n)	/ˌhɪpə'pɒtəməs/	Nilpferd	Miguel filmed hippopotamuses in Zimbabwe.
Unit 9	insect (n) **	/ɪnsekt/	Insekte	Insects are small animals with six legs that often have wings.
Unit 9	jacket (n) ***	/ˈdʒækɪt/	Jacke	There are three big buttons on the front of the jacket .
Unit 9	jumper (n) *	/ˈdʒʌmpə(r)/	Pullover	I wear a jumper when it's cold.

Unit 9	lake (n) **	/leɪk/	See	There are a lot of lakes in Canada.
Unit 9	leg (n) ***	/leg/	Bein	"What is the problem?" "I've got a sore leg ."
Unit 9	light (adj) ***	/laɪt/	hell	He's wearing light blue trousers.
Unit 9	long (adj) ***	/lɒŋ/	lang	She's got long blonde hair.
Unit 9	medicine (n) **	/ˈmed(ə)s(ə)n/	Medizin	The doctor told me to take some medicine .
Unit 9	mountain (n) ***	/ˈmaʊntɪn/	Berg	Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world.
Unit 9	mouth (n) ***	/maʊθ/	Mund	The dentist asked me to open my mouth .
Unit 9	nature (n) ***	/ˈneɪtʃə(r)/	Natur	Environmentalists love nature .
Unit 9	nose (n) ***	/nəʊz/	Nase	He's got a big nose .
Unit 9	paint (n) **	/peɪnt/	Farbe	Body paint is often a form of personal decoration.
Unit 9	park (n) ***	/pɑː(r)k/	Park	Miguel visits animal parks in Malaysia and Borneo.
Unit 9	party (n) ***	/ˈpɑː(r)tɪ/	Party	I invited 50 guests to the party .
Unit 9	plant (n) ***	/plɑːnt/	Pflanze	Miguel takes photographs of animals and plants .
Unit 9	plant (v) **	/plɑːnt/	(ein)pflanzer	Have you ever planted a tree?
Unit 9	pocket (n) ***	/ˈpɒkɪt/	Tasche	He put his hand in his trouser pocket .
Unit 9	present (n) ***	/ˈprez(ə)nt/	Geschenk	In some countries, people give presents to a new baby.
Unit 9	product (n) ***	/ˈprɒdʌkt/	Produkt	Big companies like to use films to advertise their products .
Unit 9	reach (v) ***	/ri:tʃ/	erreichen	Who was the first man to reach both the North and South Poles?
Unit 9	ride (v) ***	/raɪd/	reiten	Have you ever ridden a horse?
Unit 9	river (n) ***	/ˈrɪvə(r)/	Fluss	London stands on the River Thames.
Unit 9	scarf (n) *	/skɑː(r)f/	Schal	He's wearing a black jacket with a white scarf .
Unit 9	shirt (n) ***	/ʃɜː(r)t/	Hemd	I love your pink shirt !
Unit 9	shorts (n) *	/ʃɔː(r)ts/	kurze Hoser	She often wears shorts in summer.
Unit 9	shoulder (n) ***	/ˈʃəʊldə(r)/	Schulter	"What is the problem?" "My shoulder hurts."
Unit 9	skirt (n) **	/skɜː(r)t/	Rock	She's wearing a long denim skirt .
Unit 9	socks (n) *	/sɒks/	Socken	Tennis players often wear white shoes and socks .
Unit 9	sore (adj) *	/sɔː(r)/	schmerzend, schmerzhaft, wun	"What is the problem?" "I've got a sore leg."
Unit 9	sports shoe (n)	/spɔː(r)tz ˌʃuː/	Sportschuh	I wear sports shoes when I go out for a walk.
Unit 9	stomach (n) **	/ˈstʌmək/	Bauch	He's got a big, fat stomach .
Unit 9	symbol (n) **	/ˈsɪmb(ə)l/	Symbol	Body paint is sometimes a religious symbol .
Unit 9	tall (adj) ***	/tɔːl/	groß	He's a very tall thin man.
Unit 9	tattoo (n)	/tæˈtuː/	Tattoo	"Do you like tattoos ?" "No, I don't."
Unit 9	thin (adj) ***	/θɪn/	dünn	He's a very tall thin man.
Unit 9	tie (n) **	/taɪ/	Krawatte	My brother wears a school tie .

Unit 9	toothache (n)	/ˈtuːθeɪk/	Zahnschmerz	"What is the problem?" "I've got toothache ."
Unit 9	tradition (n) ***	/trəˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	Tradition	Do you have any special traditions in your country?
Unit 9	travel (v) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	reisen	Miguel has travelled all over the world.
Unit 9	tree (n) ***	/triː/	Baum	Have you ever planted a tree ?
Unit 9	trousers (n) **	/ˈtraʊzə(r)z/	Hose	We have to wear grey trousers to school.
Unit 9	T-shirt (n) *	/ˈtiːʃɜː(r)t/	T-Shirt	We have a white T-shirt with the name of the school on it.
Unit 9	turtle (n)	/ˈtɜː(r)t(ə)l/	Schildkröte	Miguel wants to see giant turtles on his next trip.
Unit 9	visit (v) ***	/ˈvɪzɪt/	besuchen	Have you ever visited an animal park?
Unit 9	volcano (n) *	/vɒlˈkeɪnəʊ/	Vulkan	He has taken photos of active volcanoes .
Unit 9	website (n) **	/ˈwebˌsaɪt/	Webseite	Have you ever visited the EOL website ?
Unit 9	wedding (n) ***	/ˈwedɪŋ/	Hochzeit	A church wedding is a religious ceremony.
Unit 9	wedding cake (n)	/ˈwedɪŋ ˌkeɪk/	Hochzeitskuchen	The world's heaviest wedding cake weighed 7,500 kilos.
Unit 9	wedding dress (n)	/ˈwedɪŋ ˌdres/	Hochzeitskleid	The world's longest wedding dress was 1,362 metres long.
Unit 9	well (adj) **	/wel/	gut	"What is the problem?" "I don't feel well ."
Unit 9	win (v) ***	/wɪn/	gewinnen	She won the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1986.
Unit 9	zoo (n) *	/zuː/	Zoo	A zoo is a place where people can see wild animals.
Unit 10	administrator (n) *	/ədˈmɪnɪstreɪtə(r)/	Administrator/in	An administrator is someone who manages a business or organisation.
Unit 10	adult (n) ***	/ˈædʌlt/	Erwachsene/n	Manga is popular with young people and adults .
Unit 10	annual (adj) ***	/ˈænjʊəl/	(all-)jährlich	An annual event takes place once a year.
Unit 10	art gallery (n)	/ˈɑː(r)t ˌgæləri/	Kunstgalerie	The Louvre is a famous art gallery in Paris.
Unit 10	the back (of) (n) ***	/ðə bæk əv/	hinten	You start Manga comics at the back not the front.
Unit 10	basketball (n) *	/ˈbɑːskɪtˌbɔːl/	Basketball	We play basketball at school.
Unit 10	beach (n) ***	/biːtʃ/	Strand	The beaches in Malta are beautiful.
Unit 10	board game (n)	/bɔː(r)d ɡeɪm/	Brettspiel	Video games are more popular than board games .
Unit 10	book (n) ***	/bʊk/	Buch	I usually read a book or a newspaper on the train.
Unit 10	cards (n pl) ***	/kɑː(r)dz/	Karten	"Can you play cards ?" "Yes, I can."
Unit 10	castle (n) **	/ˈkɑːs(ə)l/	Schloss	There's a castle over there.
Unit 10	category (n)	/ˈkætəɡ(ə)ri/	Kategorie	You put the words into different categories .
Unit 10	character (n) ***	/ˈkærɪktə(r)/	Charakter	Kim is the main character in Rudyard Kipling's novel.
Unit 10	cheating (n)	/ˈtʃiːtɪŋ/	betrügen	Cheating in a sport or game is when you try to get an advantage for yourself in a way that is not honest.
Unit 10	church (n) ***	/tʃɜː(r)tʃ/	Kirche	There's a church in the town.
Unit 10	comic (n) *	/ˈkɒmɪk/	Comic	Manga is a type of Japanese comic .
Unit 10	cover (v) ***	/ˈkʌvə(r)/	bedecken	You cover 20 objects, then uncover them and let people look at them.

Unit 10	cycling (n)	/ˈsaɪklɪŋ/	Radfahrer	Cycling is a very popular sport in France.
Unit 10	do (sports/puzzles) (v) ***	/duː (spɔː(r)tz/pʌz(ə)ls)/	(Sport/Puzzles) macher	"Do you do sport?" "Yes, I do swimming and volleyball."
Unit 10	find (v) ***	/faɪnd/	finden	It's great when homeless people find homes and jobs.
Unit 10	football (n) ***	/ˈfʊtˌbɔːl/	Fußball	The Homeless World Cup is a football tournament.
Unit 10	grammar (n) **	/ˈɡræmə(r)/	Grammatik	Do you think that English grammar is difficult?
Unit 10	happen (v) ***	/ˈhæpən/	passieren	A lot of good things have happened to David since he played in the Homeless World Cup.
Unit 10	health (n) ***	/helθ/	Gesundheit	Do you agree that puzzles are good for your health ?
Unit 10	homeless (adj) *	/ˈhəʊmləs/	obdachlos	It's great when homeless people find homes and jobs.
Unit 10	interview (n) ***	/ˈɪntə(r),vjuː/	Interview	Silma has an interview next week for a job with the council.
Unit 10	left (n) ***	/left/	links	You read Manga comics from right to left , even in English.
Unit 10	Let's ...	/lets/	Lass uns ...	" Let's go to the cinema." "That's a good idea."
Unit 10	lose (v) ***	/luːz/	verlieren	I always lose when I play with her.
Unit 10	I don't mind	/aɪ dəʊnt maɪnd/	Es macht mir nichts aus	I don't mind playing board games.
Unit 10	monument (n) **	/ˈmɒnjʊmənt/	Monumen	There's a monument to a famous poet in the town square.
Unit 10	motivation (n) **	/ˌmɒtɪ'veɪʃ(ə)n/	Motivation	If you have a new motivation for life, you feel happier and want to do things.
Unit 10	museum (n) ***	/mjuː'ziːəm/	Museum	There's a museum about Science near here..
Unit 10	novel (n) ***	/ˈnɒv(ə)l/	Roman	<i>Kim</i> is the title of a novel by Rudyard Kipling.
Unit 10	objective (n) ***	/əb'dʒektɪv/	Zweck	What is the objective of the Homeless World Cup?
Unit 10	organiser (n) **	/ˈɔː(r)ɡəˌnaɪzə(r)/	Organisator/ir	The organisers of the Homeless World Cup say that the tournament changes the way we see homeless people.
Unit 10	pastime (n)	/ˈpɑːs,taim/	Zeitvertreib	A " pastime " is another word for a "hobby".
Unit 10	points (n) ***	/pɔɪnts/	Punkte	How many points did you win?
Unit 10	pronunciation (n) *	/prəˌnʌnsi'eɪʃ(ə)n/	Aussprache	English pronunciation isn't always easy.
Unit 10	puzzle (n) *	/ˈpʌz(ə)l/	Puzzle	I don't mind doing puzzles , but I prefer video games.
Unit 10	quick (adj) ***	/kwɪk/	schnell	Do puzzles make your brain quicker ?
Unit 10	remember (v) ***	/rɪ'membə(r)/	erinnern	In Kim's Game, you must write down the names of the objects you remember .
Unit 10	right (n) ***	/raɪt/	rechts	You read Manga comics from right to left, even in English.
Unit 10	running (n) **	/ˈrʌnɪŋ/	Renner	Running and walking are popular activities.
Unit 10	sentence (n) ***	/ˈsentəns/	Satz	A "tongue-twister" is a sentence that is difficult to say.
Unit 10	skiing (n)	/ˈskiːɪŋ/	Skifahrer	Skiing is a popular activity in winter.
Unit 10	spelling (n) *	/ˈspelɪŋ/	Rechtschreibung	I think that English spelling is difficult.
Unit 10	sporting event (n)	/ˈspɔː(r)tɪŋ ɪvent/	Sportereignis	Have you ever been to a famous sporting event ?
Unit 10	spy (n) *	/spaɪ/	spionierer	Kim wanted to become a spy for the British government.
Unit 10	tennis (n) **	/ˈtenɪs/	Tennis	Wimbledon is a big annual tennis tournament in London.
Unit 10	tournament (n) **	/ˈtuə(r)nəmənt/	Turnier	The Homeless World Cup is a football tournament for people who do not have homes or jobs.

Unit 10	It's my turn.	/ɪts maɪ tɜː(r)n/	Ich bin dran	It's my turn to play after you.
Unit 10	uncover (v) *	/ʌn'kʌvə(r)/	enthüllen	You cover 20 objects, then uncover them and let people look at them.
Unit 10	unfortunately (adv) ***	/ʌn'fɔː(r)tʃ(ə)nətli/	leider	Unfortunately , Silma hasn't found another job yet.
Unit 10	video game (n) *	/'vɪdiəʊ ,geɪm/	Videospiel	Video games are a national pastime in Japan.
Unit 10	vocabulary (n) *	/vəʊ'kæbjʊləri/	Wortschatz	I try to learn new vocabulary every day.
Unit 10	volleyball (n)	/'vɒli,bɔːl/	Volleyball	Some children are playing volleyball on the beach.
Unit 10	voluntary job (n)	/'vɒlənt(ə)ri ,dʒɒb/	Freiwilligenarbei	Silma does a voluntary job for a small private company.
Unit 10	Why don't we ...?	/waɪ dəʊnt wiː/	Warum (...) wir nicht.	" Why don't we go to a restaurant?" "OK."