



## Global Intermediate Wordlist

Unit 1	in addition (to) **	/ɪn ə'dɪʃ(ə)n (tu)/	Translation
Unit 1	air traffic control officer (n)	/eə(r) 'træfɪk kəntrəʊl ɒfɪsə(r)/	oltre a
Unit 1	altitude (n) *	/'æltɪtju:d/	responsabile del controllo del traffico aereo
Unit 1	ancient monument (n)	/'eɪnʃ(ə)nt ,mɒnjəmənt/	altitudine
Unit 1	architecture (n) **	/'ɑ:(r)kɪ'tektʃə(r)/	monumento antico
Unit 1	attraction (n) **	/'ə'trækʃ(ə)n/	architettura
Unit 1	auction (n) *	/'ɔ:kʃ(ə)n/	attrazione
Unit 1	aviation (n)	/'eɪvɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n/	asta
Unit 1	belief (n) ***	/'bi:lɪf/	aviazione
Unit 1	borrow (v) **	/'bɒrəʊ/	opinione
Unit 1	boutique (n)	/'bu:'ti:k/	prendere in prestito
Unit 1	business (n) ***	/'bɪznəs/	boutique
Unit 1	cave (n) **	/'keɪv/	economia
Unit 1	change (n) ***	/'tʃeɪndʒ/	cava
Unit 1	character (n) ***	/'kærɪktə(r)/	cambiamento
Unit 1	chemist (n) **	/'kemɪst/	carattere
Unit 1	citizenship test (n)	/'sɪtɪz(ə)nʃɪp ,test/	chimico
Unit 1	come out (phr v)	/'kʌm ,aʊt/	test di cittadinanza
Unit 1	communicate (v) **	/'kɒ'mju:nɪkeɪt/	uscire
Unit 1	community (n) ***	/'kɒ'mju:nəti/	comunicare
Unit 1	copy (n) ***	/'kɒpi/	comunità
Unit 1	cosmopolitan (adj)	/'kɒzmə'pɒlɪt(ə)n/	copia
Unit 1	cultural event (n)	/'kʌltʃ(ə)rəl ɪ'vent/	cosmopolita
Unit 1	culture (n) ***	/'kʌltʃə(r)/	evento culturale
Unit 1	cultured (adj)	/'kʌltʃə(r)d/	cultura
Unit 1	define (v) ***	/'di'faɪn/	colto
Unit 1	designer (adj) **	/'di'zɑ:nə(r)/	definire
Unit 1	dialect (n) *	/'daɪəlekt/	di moda
Unit 1	doctor (n) ***	/'dɒktə(r)/	dialetto
Unit 1	efficient (adj) ***	/'ɪfɪʃ(ə)nt/	dottore, medico
Unit 1	emergency (n) ***	/'ɜ:mə:(r)dʒ(ə)nsl/	efficiente
Unit 1	engine (n) ***	/'endʒɪn/	emergenza
Unit 1	engineer (n) ***	/'endʒɪ'nɪə(r)/	motore
Unit 1	fact (n) ***	/'fækt/	ingegnere
Unit 1	fantasy (story/film) (n) **	/'fæntəsi ('stɔ:ri/fɪlm)/	fatto
Unit 1	fluently (adv) *	/'flu:əntli/	fantasy
Unit 1	fuel (n) ***	/'fju:əl/	fluentemente
Unit 1	get by (phr v)	/'get baɪ/	carburante
Unit 1	Good morning/evening (interjection) *	/'gʊd 'mɔ:(r)niŋ/'i:vnɪŋ/	cavarsela
Unit 1	grammar (n) **	/'græmə(r)/	Buongiorno/Buonasera
Unit 1	harbour (n) **	/'hɑ:(r)bə(r)/	grammatica
			porto

In addition to Persian, there are many other languages in Iran

**Air traffic control officers** must have good pronunciation.

The plane is flying at an **altitude** of 3,000 metres.

Lots of tourists go to the city to visit the **ancient monuments**.

Brasilia is popular because of its wonderful modern **architecture**.

What are the main tourist **attractions** in your country?

Original editions of Tolkien's books are sold at **auctions**.

Henry Emery teaches **aviation** English to pilots and air traffic control officers

For some people, culture is about **beliefs** and ideas.

The Persian language **borrow**s words from French and Arabic.

A **boutique** is a shop that sells fashionable clothes.

She teaches **business** English to company managers.

A **cave** is a large hole in the side of a hill or under the ground

Vocabulary relating to computers is one of the most noticeable **changes** in the English language.

The **character** of a country or place is what makes it different from other countries or places

**Chemists** learn scientific English.

Immigrants to certain countries have to take a **citizenship test**.

His new book is **coming out** next week.

Pilots and air traffic control officers **communicate** on the radio.

A **community** is a group of people who live together in the same place

Tolkien's books have sold millions of **copies**.

A **cosmopolitan** place shows the influence of many different countries and cultures

Cities that are chosen to be "Capitals of Culture" must organise lots of **cultural events**.

**Culture** is not an easy word to define.

Someone who is **cultured** knows a lot about literature, music, and art.

How would you **define** the word "culture"?

The clothes in the **designer** boutiques are very expensive.

A **dialect** is a way of speaking a language that is used only in a particular area or by a particular group of people

**Doctors** learn medical English.

Machine translation is more **efficient** than it used to be.

In an **emergency**, you have to be able to communicate quickly and efficiently

There was an emergency when a fire started in the plane's **engine**.

**Engineers** learn technical English.

A **fact** is a piece of information that is true

*The Lord of the Rings* is a **fantasy** book and film.

I'm from Quebec in Canada and speak both English and French **fluently**.

The plane is running out of **fuel** -- it's an emergency.

I can **get by** in Spanish, but I don't speak it fluently.

**Good morning**, everyone. Please sit down.

Pilots and air traffic control officers must use vocabulary and **grammar** that is easy to understand.

A **harbour** is an area of water near the land where there are boats

Unit 1	Hello. (interjection) ***	/hə'ləu/	Ciao.	"Hello, Henry." "Hello, Jane. Nice to see you."
Unit 1	Hey. (interjection) *	/het/	Ciao.	"Hey!" "Oh, hiya. How's it going?"
Unit 1	Hi. (interjection) ***	/hai/	Ciao.	Hi, Jane. How are things?
Unit 1	Hiya (interjection)	/ˈhaɪə/	Ciao/Salve	"Hey!" "Oh, hiya. How's it going?"
Unit 1	identity (n) ***	/aɪ'dentɪti/	identità	Culture is something that gives a place a special <b>identity</b> .
Unit 1	instant message (n)	/ˈɪnstənt ˌmesɪdʒ/	messaggio istantaneo	Some people use machine translation to translate <b>instant messages</b> .
Unit 1	knowledge (n) ***	/ˈnɒlɪdʒ/	conoscenza	A citizenship test is a test of someone's <b>knowledge</b> about the country they are living in
Unit 1	lawyer (n) ***	/ˈlɔːjə(r)/	avvocato	<b>Lawyers</b> learn legal English.
Unit 1	legal (adj) ***	/ˈliːɡ(ə)l/	legale	Lawyers learn <b>legal</b> English.
Unit 1	literature (n) ***	/ˈlɪtərətʃ(ə)r/	letteratura	<b>Literature</b> is books, plays, and poems that are considered to be of good quality
Unit 1	look after (phr v)	/lʊk ˈɑːftə(r)/	accudire	I'm <b>looking after</b> their pet while they're on holiday
Unit 1	look around	/lʊk ə'raʊnd/	guardare in giro	Let's <b>look around</b> the town centre and see if we can find a hotel
Unit 1	look at	/lʊk æt/	guardare	You shouldn't <b>look at</b> a computer screen for too long
Unit 1	look for (phr v)	/lʊk fɔː(r)/	cercare	He <b>looked for</b> his car keys but couldn't find them.
Unit 1	look up (phr v)	/lʊk ʌp/	cercare	If you don't understand a word, <b>look it up</b> in the dictionary.
Unit 1	machine translation (n)	/məʃɪ'n/	traduzione automatica	<b>Machine translation</b> used to be very unreliable
Unit 1	manager (n) ***	/ˈmænɪdʒə(r) tr ænsˌleɪʃ(ə)n/	dirigente, manager	<b>Managers</b> learn business English.
Unit 1	medical (adj) ***	/ˈmedɪk(ə)l/	medico	Doctors learn <b>medical</b> English.
Unit 1	miss (v) ***	/mɪs/	perdere	You shouldn't <b>miss</b> the caves -- they're very interesting
Unit 1	modernise (v)	/ˈmɒdə(r)naɪz/	modernizzare	The building is old and needs to be <b>modernised</b> .
Unit 1	Morning (interjection) **	/ˈmɔː(r)niŋ/	Giorno/Buongiorno	" <b>Morning</b> , everyone!"
Unit 1	mother tongue (n)	/ˈmʌðə(r) ˌtʌŋ/	lingua madre	Your <b>mother tongue</b> is your main language that you learnt as a child.
Unit 1	native speaker (n) *	/ˈneɪtɪv ˈspiːkə(r)/	madrelingua	He's a <b>native speaker</b> of Arabic, but speaks English fluently.
Unit 1	Nice to meet you.	/ˌnaɪs tu ˈmi:t juː/	Piacere di conoscerla/conoscerti	"Jane, this is Mr Parker." " <b>Nice to meet you</b> , Mr Parker."
Unit 1	original edition (n)	/ə'ɒrɪdʒ(ə)nəl ɪˌdɪʃ(ə)n/	edizione originale	<b>Original editions</b> of Tolkien's books are sold at auctions.
Unit 1	phrase (n) ***	/freɪz/	frase	Pilots and air traffic control officers communicate using simple <b>phrases</b> .
Unit 1	pilot (n) ***	/ˈpaɪlət/	pilota	<b>Pilots</b> learn aviation English.
Unit 1	portable translator (n)	/ˈpɔː(r)təb(ə)l ˌtrænsleɪtə(r)/	traduttore portatile	A <b>portable translator</b> is a small machine that translates different languages.
Unit 1	preparation (n) ***	/ˌpreɪə'reɪʃ(ə)n/	preparazione	Some teachers believe that reading Tolkien is good <b>preparation</b> for reading more difficult authors
Unit 1	pronunciation (n) *	/prəˌnʌnsi'eɪʃ(ə)n/	pronuncia	Pilots and air traffic control officers must have good <b>pronunciation</b> .
Unit 1	be published ***	/bi ˈpʌblɪʃ(ə)d/	essere pubblicato	Tolkien's books are <b>published</b> in 30 languages.
Unit 1	recommend (v) ***	/ˌrekə'mend/	consigliare, raccomandare	We'd like to look around the city. What would you <b>recommend</b> ?
Unit 1	regional (adj) ***	/ˈrɪdʒ(ə)nəl/	regionale	Each area of a country has its own <b>regional</b> pronunciation.
Unit 1	right to left	/raɪt tu left/	destra a sinistra	English is written from left to right, but some languages are written from <b>right to left</b> .
Unit 1	roughly (adv) **	/ˈrʌfli/	approssimativamente	" <b>Roughly</b> " is an adverb meaning "in a general way".
Unit 1	rude (adj) **	/ruːd/	scortese	" <b>Rude</b> " is a word meaning the opposite of polite
Unit 1	safety (n) ***	/ˈseɪfti/	sicurezza	Good communication is important in the aviation industry for <b>safety</b> reasons.
Unit 1	scientific (adj) ***	/ˌsaɪəntɪˈfɪk/	scientifico	Chemists learn <b>scientific</b> English.
Unit 1	sexist (adj)	/ˈseksɪst/	sessista	Some people think that Tolkien's novels are <b>sexist</b> because there are no strong female characters
Unit 1	specialist (adj) **	/ˌspeʃəlist/	specialistico	Each profession has its own <b>specialist</b> vocabulary.
Unit 1	speed (n) ***	/spiːd/	velocità	The <b>speed</b> of the plane is 1500 kilometres an hour.
Unit 1	standard phrase (n)	/ˈstændə(r)d ˌfreɪz/	frase standard	Pilots and air traffic control officers use a set of <b>standard phrases</b> .
Unit 1	statistic (n)	/stə'tɪstɪk/	statistica	<b>Statistics</b> are numbers that represent facts.

Unit 1	technical (adj) ***	/ˈteknɪk(ə)l/	tecnico	Engineers learn <b>technical</b> English.
Unit 1	theme (n) ***	/θi:m/	argomento	The <b>theme</b> of a book, play, etc. Is the main thing that it is about.
Unit 1	timeless (adj)	/ˈtaɪmləs/	intramontabile	Something that is <b>timeless</b> never seems old-fashioned.
Unit 1	tourist attraction (n)	/ˈtuərɪst əˌtrækʃ(ə)n/	attrazione turistica	What are the main <b>tourist attractions</b> in your country?
Unit 1	tradition (n) ***	/ˈtrəˌdɪʃ(ə)n/	tradizione	For some people, culture is about beliefs, <b>traditions</b> , and ideas.
Unit 1	translate (v) **	/ˈtrænsˈleɪt/	tradurre	A portable translator is a small machine that <b>translates</b> different languages.
Unit 1	be in trouble	/bi ɪn ˈtrʌb(ə)l/	essere nei guai	If you <b>are in trouble</b> , you are in a difficult situation.
Unit 1	unreliable (adj) *	/ˌʌnrɪˈlaɪəb(ə)l/	inaffidabile	Machine translation used to be <b>veryunreliable</b> .
Unit 1	value (n) ***	/ˈvæljuː/	valore	A broad definition of culture is that it is all the knowledge and <b>values</b> of a society.
Unit 1	variety (n) ***	/ˈvɑːraɪəti/	varietà	There are many different <b>varieties</b> of English throughout the world.
Unit 1	version (n) ***	/ˈvɜː(r)ʃ(ə)n/	versione	New <b>versions</b> of Tolkien's books come out all the time
Unit 1	visual arts (n pl)	/ˈvɪʒuəl ɑː(r)ts/	arti visive	The <b>visual arts</b> are painting, drawing and photography.
Unit 1	vocabulary (n) *	/ˈvɑːkəbjʊləri/	lessico	Each profession has its own specialist <b>vocabulary</b> .
Unit 1	website (n) **	/ˈwebˌsaɪt/	sito web	You can use machine translation to read <b>websites</b> in a foreign language.
Unit 1	as well (as) ***	/æz wel əz/	in aggiunta a	People in Iran are pleased when tourists use Persian words <b>as well as</b> English words.
Unit 1	widely-spoken (adj)	/ˈwaɪdli ˌspəʊkən/	largamente parlato	Persian is the most <b>widely-spoken</b> language in Iran.
<b>Unit 2</b>	<b>above</b> (prep) ***	/əˈbʌv/	sopra	<b>Above</b> the town there is a hill.
Unit 2	achieve (v) ***	/əˈtʃiːv/	realizzare	I hope one day to <b>achieve</b> my dream of becoming a professional tennis player
Unit 2	acquaintance (n) *	/əˈkwemɪtəns/	conoscente	An <b>acquaintance</b> is someone you know a little, but not very well
Unit 2	against (prep) ***	/əˈgeɪnst/	contro	There is a ladder <b>against</b> the wall of the tower.
Unit 2	ancient (adj) ***	/ˈeɪnʃ(ə)nt/	antico	We visited the <b>ancient</b> ruins of the old city.
Unit 2	around (prep) ***	/əˈraʊnd/	intorno	She wore a belt <b>around</b> her waist.
Unit 2	astonished (adj) *	/əˈstɒnɪʃt/	sorpreso	Red Riding Hood was <b>astonished</b> when she saw her grandmother looking so different
Unit 2	in the background ***	/ɪn ðə ˈbækgraʊnd/	nello sfondo	<b>In the background</b> of the picture, you can see a forest
Unit 2	beneath (prep) ***	/bɪˈniːθ/	sotto	There is a large cellar <b>beneath</b> the pub.
Unit 2	beside (prep) ***	/bɪˈsaɪd/	accanto	She stood <b>beside</b> her father and held his hand.
Unit 2	beyond (prep) ***	/bɪˈjɒnd/	dietro	<b>Beyond</b> the hills is the sea.
Unit 2	a bit ***	/ə ˈbɪt/	un po', un poco	I felt <b>a bit</b> scared before the exam.
Unit 2	boss (n) ***	/bɒs/	capo	Your <b>boss</b> is the person who is in charge of you at work
Unit 2	capture (v) **	/ˈkæptʃə(r)/	catturare	A good writer has to be able to <b>capture</b> other people's voices.
Unit 2	colleague (n) ***	/ˈkɒliːg/	collega	A <b>colleague</b> is someone you work with.
Unit 2	have sth in common	/hæv ˈsʌmθɪŋ ɪn ˌkɒmən/	avere qualcosa in comune	We don't get on. We <b>have nothing in common</b> .
Unit 2	confused (adj) **	/kənˈfjuːzd/	confuso	I'm sorry, I don't understand and I feel <b>confused</b> .
Unit 2	confusing (adj) *	/kənˈfjuːzɪŋ/	poco chiaro, che confonde	At school, I always thought maths was a <b>confusing</b> subject.
Unit 2	deal with ***	/diːl wɪð/	fare i conti	We all have to <b>deal with</b> things we are afraid of sometimes.
Unit 2	disappointed (adj) *	/ˌdɪsəˈpɔɪntɪd/	deluso	He was <b>disappointed</b> when his team lost the match.
Unit 2	disappointing (adj) *	/ˌdɪsəˈpɔɪntɪŋ/	deludente	Losing the match was <b>very disappointing</b> .
Unit 2	dream (n) ***	/dri:m/	sogno	I hope one day to achieve my <b>dream</b> of becoming a professional tennis player
Unit 2	embarrassed (adj) *	/ɪmˈbærəst/	imbarazzato	If you are <b>embarrassed</b> , you are ashamed about something and worried what other people will think
Unit 2	embarrassing (adj) *	/ɪmˈbærəsɪŋ/	imbarazzante	I find it <b>embarrassing</b> when I have to speak English in front of the whole class
Unit 2	exhausted (adj) *	/ɪɡˈzɔːstɪd/	eshausto	What's the matter? You look <b>exhausted</b> .
Unit 2	experience (v) ***	/ɪkˈspɪəriəns/	sperimentare	Andrew Crofts likes to <b>experience</b> new things

Unit 2	expertise (n) **	/ˌɛkspə(r)'tiːz/	abilità	Someone's <b>expertise</b> is the special skill or experience that they have
Unit 2	extremely (adv) ***	/ɪk'striːmli/	estremamente	"Exhausted" is a word meaning <b>extremely</b> tired.
Unit 2	ex-wife (n)	/ˈɛkswaɪf/	ex moglie	A man's <b>ex-wife</b> is the woman he used to be married to.
Unit 2	fairly (adv) ***	/ˈfeə(r)li/	abbastanza	"How was the exam?" "Ok, in fact it was <b>fairly</b> easy."
Unit 2	fairy tale (n) *	/ˈfeəri ˌteɪl/	favola	The Grimm brothers wrote a lot of <b>fairy tales</b> .
Unit 2	fall out (phr v)	/ˈfɔːl ˌaʊt/	litigare	If you <b>fall out</b> with someone, you argue with them and are no longer friendly with them
Unit 2	famous (adj) ***	/ˈfeɪməs/	famoso, conosciuto	<i>Hansel and Gretel</i> is a <b>famous</b> fairy tale.
Unit 2	fascinated (adj)	/ˈfæsɪneɪtɪd/	affascinato	Children are often <b>fascinated</b> by fairy tales.
Unit 2	fascinating (adj) **	/ˈfæsɪneɪtɪŋ/	appassionante	Children often find fairy tales <b>fascinating</b> .
Unit 2	fear (n) ***	/fiə(r)/	paura	Your <b>fears</b> are the things you are afraid of in life
Unit 2	fiancee (n)	/ˈfiːbnsɪ/	fidanzata	A man's <b>fiancee</b> is the woman he is engaged to be married to
Unit 2	filing cabinet (n)	/ˈfaɪlɪŋ ˌkæbɪnət/	armadio classificatore	A <b>filing cabinet</b> is a piece of office furniture with drawers, used for keeping papers and documents in
Unit 2	filthy (adj) *	/ˈfɪlði/	sudicio	" <b>Filthy</b> " is a word meaning extremely dirty.
Unit 2	follower (n) **	/ˈfɒləʊə(r)/	seguace	Many of Confucius' <b>followers</b> found it difficult to follow his example
Unit 2	in the foreground	/ɪn ðə ˈfɔː(r)graʊnd/	nel primo piano	<b>In the foreground</b> of the picture, you can Hansel and Gretel
Unit 2	get on (phr v)	/ɡet ɒn/	andare d'accordo	We don't <b>get on</b> . We have nothing in common.
Unit 2	ghostwriter (n)	/ˈɡəʊstˌraɪtə(r)/	scrittore fantasma	A <b>ghostwriter</b> writes a story for someone else in the other person's voice
Unit 2	grandfather (n) **	/ˈgrænd(d),fɑːðə(r)/	nonno	Your <b>grandfather</b> is the father of your mother or father
Unit 2	great grandfather (n)	/ˈɡreɪt ˌgrænd(d)fɑːðə(r)/	bisnonno	Your <b>great grandfather</b> is the grandfather of your mother or father
Unit 2	guru (n)	/ˈɡʊrʊː/	guru	A business <b>guru</b> gives advice to people who want to succeed in the business world
Unit 2	imaginary (adj) *	/ɪˈmædʒɪnəri/	immaginario	Something that is <b>imaginary</b> does not actually exist.
Unit 2	influence (n) ***	/ɪnfluəns/	influenza	Eva's aunt had an important <b>influence</b> on her life.
Unit 2	influence (v) ***	/ɪnfluəns/	influenzare	Martin's parents <b>influenced</b> his career a lot.
Unit 2	inspired (adj)	/ɪnˈspaɪə(r)d/	ispirato	Andrew feels <b>inspired</b> by a lot of the people he meets
Unit 2	inspiring (adj)	/ɪnˈspaɪərɪŋ/	motivante	Andrew finds his job enjoyable and <b>inspiring</b> .
Unit 2	interests (n pl) ***	/ɪnˈtrɛsts/	interesse	Confucius believed that people should think about other people's <b>interests</b> before their own.
Unit 2	journalism (n) *	/ˈdʒɜː(r)nəlɪz(ə)m/	giornalismo	<b>Journalism</b> is the profession of writing for a newspaper or magazine
Unit 2	keep in touch	/kiːp ɪn ˌtʌtʃ/	essere in contatto	We <b>keep in touch</b> regularly now by email.
Unit 2	legend (n) **	/ˈledʒ(ə)nd/	leggenda	A <b>legend</b> is a story about a famous place or event that is usually not true
Unit 2	legendary (adj)	/ˈledʒ(ə)nd(ə)rɪ/	leggendario	Shangri-La is an imaginary valley in the Himalayas and a <b>legendary</b> place.
Unit 2	lose touch	/luːz ɪn ˌtʌtʃ/	perdere i contatti con qn	It would be a shame if we <b>lost touch</b> with each other.
Unit 2	material (n) ***	/məˈtɪəriəl/	soggetto	People give a ghostwriter the <b>material</b> to write a book and the ghostwriter writes the book itself
Unit 2	mean (v) ***	/miːn/	significare	If you don't know what a word <b>means</b> , look it up in the dictionary.
Unit 2	meaning (n) ***	/ˈmiːnɪŋ/	significato	The legend of Shangri-La has several possible <b>meanings</b> .
Unit 2	moral (adj) ***	/ˈmɒrəl/	virtuoso	If you live a <b>moral</b> life, you behave in an honest way and are kind to other people
Unit 2	mystical (adj)	/ˈmɪstɪk(ə)l/	mistico	Something that is <b>mystical</b> is fascinating and mysterious.
Unit 2	obligation (n) ***	/ˌɒblɪˈɡeɪʃ(ə)n/	obbligo	An <b>obligation</b> is something that you must or should do.
Unit 2	Once upon a time ...	/wʌns əˈpɒn ə taɪm/	C'era una volta...	" <b>Once upon a time</b> ..." is the first sentence in a lot of fairy tales
Unit 2	profit (n) ***	/ˈprɒfɪt/	profito	A <b>profit</b> is an amount of money that a business makes.
Unit 2	publicity (n) **	/ˈpʌbˈlɪsəti/	pubblicità	The <i>Harry Potter</i> films have had a lot of <b>publicity</b> .
Unit 2	punish (v) **	/ˈpʌnɪʃ/	punire	Alsana is furious with her husband and decides to <b>punish</b> him.
Unit 2	put up with (phr v)	/pʊt ʌp wɪð/	sopportare, tollerare	I find it hard to <b>put up with</b> all the noise my neighbours make.
Unit 2	quite (adv) ***	/kwaɪt/	abbastanza	"What did you think of the film?" "It wasn't brilliant, but it was <b>quite</b> good."

Unit 2	rather (adv) ***	/ˈrɑːðə(r)/	piuttosto
Unit 2	really (adv) ***	/ˈriːli/	veramente
Unit 2	reflect (v) ***	/rɪˈflekt/	riflettere
Unit 2	represent (v) ***	/ˌreprɪˈzent/	rappresentare
Unit 2	resist (v) ***	/rɪˈzɪst/	trattenersi da
Unit 2	respond (v) ***	/rɪˈspɒnd/	rispondere
Unit 2	revenge (n) *	/rɪˈvendʒ/	vendetta
Unit 2	right (n) ***	/raɪt/	diritto
Unit 2	seed (n) ***	/siːd/	seme
Unit 2	seminar (n) **	/ˈsemɪnə(r)/	seminario
Unit 2	shocked (adj) *	/ʃɒkt/	scioccato, sconvolto
Unit 2	shocking (adj) *	/ˈʃɒkɪŋ/	scioccante
Unit 2	skin (n) ***	/skɪn/	pelle
Unit 2	structure (v) ***	/ˈstrʌktʃə(r)/	strutturare
Unit 2	stuff (n) ***	/stʌf/	roba, cose
Unit 2	sucker (n)	/ˈsʌkə(r)/	appassionato
Unit 2	symbolise (v)	/ˈsɪmbəlaɪz/	simbologgiare
Unit 2	terrible (adj) ***	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	terribile
Unit 2	terribly (adv) **	/ˈterəbli/	terribilmente
Unit 2	treasure (n) **	/ˈtreʒə(r)/	tesoro
Unit 2	used to	/ˈjuːst tuː/	essere solito
Unit 2	very (adv) ***	/ˈveri/	molto
Unit 2	witch (n) *	/wɪtʃ/	strega
Unit 2	within (prep) ***	/wɪðɪn/	dentro, all'interno di
Unit 2	wolf (n) *	/wʊlf/	lupo
Unit 2	would (v) ***	/wʊd/	essere solito
<b>Unit 3</b>	<b>arrangement (n) ***</b>	/əˈreɪndʒmənt/	preparativi
Unit 3	biofuel (n)	/ˈbaɪəʊˌfjuːəl/	biocombustibile
Unit 3	biomass (n)	/ˈbaɪəʊˌmæs/	biomassa
Unit 3	cause (v) ***	/kɔːz/	causare
Unit 3	clean (adj) ***	/kliːn/	pulito
Unit 3	coal (n) ***	/kəʊl/	carbone
Unit 3	the cold (n) **	/ðə ˈkəʊld/	il freddo
Unit 3	in the cold	/ɪn ðə ˈkəʊld/	senza riparo
Unit 3	cold as ice	/ˈkəʊld əz aɪs/	freddo come il ghiaccio
Unit 3	in cold blood	/ɪn ˈkəʊld blʌd/	a sangue freddo
Unit 3	the cold shoulder	/ðə ˈkəʊld ˌʃəʊldə(r)/	freddezza (trattare qualcuno con)
Unit 3	combustible (adj)	/kəmˈbʌstəb(ə)l/	combustibile
Unit 3	cotton (n) **	/ˈkɒt(ə)n/	cotone
Unit 3	course (n) ***	/kɔː(r)s/	corso
Unit 3	decline (v) ***	/dɪˈklaɪn/	calare
Unit 3	a decrease in	/ə dɪˈkriːs ɪn/	una diminuzione di

The programme was interesting but **rather** long.

Brad Pitt is a **really** popular actor.

Confucius led a good life that **reflected** his beliefs.

Shangri-La **represents** a perfect place that is far away from modern society

Andrew can't **resist** travelling and meeting people who are new and interesting

If you don't know how to **respond**, you don't know what to say or do.

Alsana is furious with her husband and decides to take **revenge** on him.

A **right** is something that you think you should be allowed to do or have

Plants, flowers, and trees grow from **seeds**.

A **seminar** is a meeting at which a group of people discuss something with a teacher

I was **shocked** to see how ill he looked.

It was **shocking** to see how ill he looked

If you feel that you are in someone's **skin**, you feel as if you are that person

When a writer **structures** a story, he decides how to organize and present it

"**Stuff**" is one of the most common words in the English language.

If you are a **sucker** for something, you like it a lot and want to do or have it

Shangri-La **symbolises** a perfect place that is far away from modern society

They hated the film, and thought it was **terrible**.

Are you all right? You look **terribly** tired.

**Treasure** is a collection of valuable objects, for example, gold and silver coins and jewellery

We **used to** play outside a lot when we were children

The book is **very** good; it's excellent, in fact.

A **witch** is a woman with magic powers who is often frightening

**Within** the tower, there is a princess.

A **wolf** is a wild animal like a very large dog.

We **would** play outside a lot when we were children

Stefania asks Mr Reyes to send her information about travel **arrangements**.

**Biofuel** is energy made from living things, or from something their bodies produce

**Biomass** is a renewable source of energy from plants

Extreme cold can **cause** problems with car engines.

**Clean** energy sources do not cause a lot of pollution

**Coal** is a black substance taken from the ground and burned to provide heat

Ian doesn't mind **the cold** in Alaska, but he hates the long, dark winters.

If you leave someone out **in the cold**, you are deliberately unfriendly to them

Someone who is as **cold as ice** is extremely unfriendly.

If you do something bad in **cold blood**, you do it deliberately and do not regret it

If you give someone you know **the cold shoulder**, you treat them in an unfriendly way

**Combustible** substances burn easily.

I usually wear **cotton** trousers in summer because they're cooler

Tony's company runs survival **courses** in the desert.

When spring is cold, sales of garden furniture **decline**.

If the winter is warmer than usual, there is a **decrease in** sales of winter clothing.

Unit 3	a decrease of	/ə diˈkriːs əv/	una diminuzione del
Unit 3	decrease (v) **	/diˈkriːs/	diminuire
Unit 3	desert (n) **	/ˈdezə(r)t/	deserto
Unit 3	energy (n) ***	/ˈenə(r)dʒi/	energia
Unit 3	energy-efficient (adj)	/ˈenə(r)dʒi ˌɪfɪ(ə)nt/	ad alta efficienza energetica
Unit 3	energy source (n)	/ˈenə(r)dʒi ˌsɔː(r)s/	fonte di energia
Unit 3	face (v) ***	/feɪs/	affrontare
Unit 3	fit (n) **	/fɪt/	il calzare (di abbigliamento)
Unit 3	fossil fuels (n pl)	/ˈfɒs(ə)l ˌfjuːəlz/	carburanti fossili
Unit 3	fuel (n) ***	/ˈfjuːəl/	carburante
Unit 3	geothermal energy (n)	/ˈdʒiːəθɜː(r)m(ə)l ˌenə(r)dʒi/	energia geotermica
Unit 3	global warming (n) *	/ˈɡləʊb(ə)l ˌwɔː(r)mɪŋ/	riscaldamento globale
Unit 3	grow (by) (v) ***	/grəʊ (baɪ)/	aumentare di
Unit 3	heat (n) ***	/hiːt/	calore
Unit 3	heat (v) **	/hiːt/	riscaldare
Unit 3	hydropower (n)	/ˈhaɪdrəʊˌpaʊə(r)/	energia idrica
Unit 3	icy (adj) *	/ˈaɪsi/	gelido
Unit 3	an increase in	/ən ɪnˈkriːs ɪn/	un aumento di
Unit 3	an increase of	/ən ɪnˈkriːs əv/	un aumento del
Unit 3	increase (v) ***	/ɪnˈkriːs/	aumentare
Unit 3	leather (n) **	/ˈleðə(r)/	pelle
Unit 3	match (n) ***	/mætʃ/	fiammifero
Unit 3	metal (n) ***	/ˈmet(ə)l/	metallo
Unit 3	nappy (n)	/ˈnæpi/	pannolino
Unit 3	natural gas (n) *	/ˈnætʃ(ə)rəl ɡæs/	gas naturale
Unit 3	non-renewable (adj)	/nɒnrɪˈnjuːəb(ə)l/	non rinnovabile
Unit 3	nuclear energy (n)	/ˈnjuːklɪə(r) ˌenə(r)dʒi/	energia nucleare
Unit 3	oil (n) ***	/ɔɪl/	petrolio
Unit 3	pattern (n) ***	/ˈpætə(r)n/	schema/modello di comportamento
Unit 3	peat (n)	/piːt/	torba
Unit 3	plastic (n) ***	/ˈplæstɪk/	plastica
Unit 3	be powered by	/biː ˈpaʊə(r)d baɪ/	essere alimentato da
Unit 3	receipt (n) **	/rɪˈsiːt/	scontrino, ricevuta
Unit 3	reception (n) **	/rɪˈsepʃ(ə)n/	accoglienza
Unit 3	refund (n)	/rɪˈfʌnd/	rimborso
Unit 3	renewable (adj)	/rɪˈnjuːəb(ə)l/	rinnovabile
Unit 3	requirement (n) ***	/rɪˈkwaɪə(r)mənt/	requisito
Unit 3	rise from ... to ***	/rɪz ɪn frɒm ... tu/	alzarsi da... a
Unit 3	rubber (n) **	/ˈrʌbə(r)/	gomma
Unit 3	season (n) ***	/siːz(ə)n/	stagione
Unit 3	scrape (v) *	/skreɪp/	raschiare
Unit 3	shelter (n) **	/ˈʃeltə(r)/	rifugio
Unit 3	signal (v) **	/ˈsɪgn(ə)l/	segnalare

There has been a **decrease of** 9% in car sales over the past 6 months.

When the summer is cold, sales of ice cream and cold drinks **decrease**.

To survive in the **desert** you need to find water, shelter, and to know how to signal for help

**Energy** can be divided into two types -- renewable and non-renewable

Something that is **energy-efficient** does not use a lot of electricity, gas etc

Non-renewable **energy sources** cause global warming.

I don't think I can **face** another problem at the moment.

The **fit** of clothes is whether they are tight or loose

**Fossil fuels** are coal, natural gas, and oil.

In Brazil, 50% of **fuel** for cars comes from sugar cane.

**Geothermal energy** is based on underground heat.

**Global warming** is an increase in the temperature of the Earth that is dangerous

The company hopes its sales will **grow by** 20% in the coming year.

Biomass can be used to produce **heat**, electricity, or biofuel

Household waste can be used to **heat** buildings.

**Hydropower** uses water and the movement of the sea to produce energy

If you give someone an **icy** stare, you look at them in a very unfriendly way

When the summer is hot, there is an **increase in** sales of ice cream and cold drinks

There was an **increase of** 17% in the company's profits last year.

Sales of "comfort food" **increase** when the weather is colder

They have a **leather** sofa in their living room.

A **match** is a small, thin piece of wood used for lighting fires

Cars are made of **metal**.

A **nappy** is a thick piece of cloth fastened between a baby's legs to catch solid and liquid waste

**Natural gas** is a non-renewable energy source

**Non-renewable** energy sources cause global warming.

**Nuclear energy** is a clean form of energy, but can be very dangerous

**Oil** is a non-renewable energy source

A **pattern** is a series of actions or events that show how things normally happen

**Peat** is a type of soil consisting of decaying plants that can be used as energy

A lot of children's toys are made from **plastic**.

50% of cars in Brazil **are powered by** fuel from sugar cane.

A **receipt** is a piece of paper you get from a store, restaurant, etc to show that you have paid for something

If you get a cold **reception** from someone, they are unfriendly to you

A **refund** is money that a store gives you back when, for example, you have paid for something that is not of good quality

**Renewable** energy sources are clean and do not cause global warming

You need a visa to travel to some countries so you should ask about **visa requirements**.

Sales of the book **rose from** 5,000 copies **to** 65,000.

Elastic bands are made of **rubber**.

What are the four **seasons** of the year?

The thing that you use to **scrape** ice from the windscreen of a car is called an ice scraper

To survive in the desert you need to find water, **shelter**, and to know how to signal for help

To survive in the desert you need to find water, shelter, and to know how to **signal** for help.

Unit 3	so (adv) ***	/sau/	così
Unit 3	solar energy (n)	/ˈsəʊlə(r) ˌenə(r)dʒi/	energia solare
Unit 3	solution (n) ***	/səˈlu:ʃ(ə)n/	soluzione
Unit 3	solve (v) ***	/sɒlv/	risolvere
Unit 3	such (predeterminer) ***	/sʌtʃ/	così
Unit 3	sunscreen (n)	/ˈsʌŋskri:n/	crema solare
Unit 3	survival (expert/technique)	/sə(r)ˈvaɪv(ə)l (ˈeksɜ:p(r)t/teknik/	sopravvivenza (esperto/tecnica)
Unit 3	survive (v) ***	/sə(r)ˈvaɪv/	sopravvivere
Unit 3	tackle (v) **	/ˈtæk(ə)l/	affrontare
Unit 3	weather (n) ***	/ˈweðə(r)/	clima
Unit 3	wind power (n)	/ˈwɪndpaʊə(r)/	energia eolica
Unit 3	wood (n) ***	/wʊd/	legno
Unit 3	wool (n) **	/wʊl/	lana
<b>Unit 4</b>	against the law	/əˈɡenst ðə lɔ:/	contro la legge
Unit 4	alibi (n)	/ˈælibaɪ/	alibi
Unit 4	already (adv) ***	/ɔ:lˈredi/	già
Unit 4	ambitious (adj) **	/æmˈbɪʃəs/	ambizioso
Unit 4	anybody (pronoun) ***	/ˈeni,bɒdi/	chiunque
Unit 4	arrest (v) **	/əˈrest/	arrestare
Unit 4	attractive (adj) ***	/əˈtræktɪv/	attraente
Unit 4	average (adj) ***	/ˈæv(ə)rɪdʒ/	medio
Unit 4	bizarre (adj) *	/bɪˈzɑ:(r)/	bizzarro
Unit 4	broaden your horizons	/ˈbrɔ:d(ə)n jɔ:(r) ˌhɔ:rəz(ə)nz/	allargare gli orizzonti
Unit 4	case (n) ***	/keɪs/	caso
Unit 4	catch (v) ***	/kætʃ/	acciaffiare
Unit 4	characteristic (n) **	/ˌkærɪktəˈrɪstɪk/	caratteristica
Unit 4	comic (n) *	/ˈkɒmɪk/	fumetto
Unit 4	commit (v) ***	/kəˈmɪt/	commettere
Unit 4	common (adj) ***	/ˈkɒmən/	comune
Unit 4	competitive (adj) **	/kəmˈpetətɪv/	competitivo
Unit 4	count on (phr v)	/ˈkaʊnt ɒn/	contare su, fare affidamento su
Unit 4	creative (adj) **	/kriˈeɪtɪv/	creativo
Unit 4	crime (n) ***	/kraɪm/	crimine
Unit 4	decisive (adj) **	/dɪˈsɪsɪv/	deciso
Unit 4	disagreement (n) *	/ˌdɪsəˈɡri:mənt/	divergenza
Unit 4	disturbing (adj) *	/dɪˈstɜ:(r)bɪŋ/	inquietante, preoccupante
Unit 4	everybody (pronoun) ***	/ˈevri,bɒdi/	tutti, ognuno
Unit 4	evidence (n) ***	/ˈeɪvɪdəns/	prova
Unit 4	exhibition (n) ***	/ˌeksɪˈbɪʃ(ə)n/	mostra
Unit 4	expect a baby	/ɪkˈspekt ə ˌbeɪbi/	aspettare un bambino
Unit 4	faithful (adj) *	/ˈfeɪθf(ə)l/	fedele
Unit 4	feature (v) ***	/ˈfi:tʃə(r)/	rappresentare, ritrarre

It's been **so** cold this winter.

**Solar energy** is energy that comes directly from the sun

We need to find a **solution** to the problem as quickly as possible.

I'm not sure how we're going to **solve** the problem.

It's been **such** a cold winter.

**Sunscreen** is a cream that you put on your skin to protect it from the sun

Tony Nester is a desert **survival expert** who teaches people **survival techniques**.

Tony teaches people how to **survive** if they get lost in the desert.

We need to decide how we're going to **tackle** the problem.

Demand for some products depends on the **weather**.

**Wind power** is an increasingly popular source of energy

We use **wood** from trees to make paper.

This pullover is made from 100% **wool**.

Parking on double yellow lines in the UK is **against the law**.

Someone who has an **alibi** can prove that they were somewhere else when a crime was committed and is therefore not guilty of it

Have they arrived **already**?

Picasso was an **ambitious** painter, determined to succeed

**Anybody** who smokes risks damaging their health.

Police **arrest** a suspect in about two thirds of murder cases.

Someone who is **attractive** is pleasant to look at.

The list shows the characteristics of the **average** man in the UK.

"**Bizarre**" is a word that means the same as "strange".

If you **broaden your horizons**, you do new things, visit new places, etc.

Police arrest a suspect in about two thirds of murder **cases**.

Have the police **caught** the killer yet?

The list shows the **characteristics** of the average man in the UK.

A lot of children enjoy reading **comics**.

If you **commit** a crime, you do something that is against the law.

"David" is quite a **common** name in the UK.

Someone who is **competitive** wants to be more successful than other people

A good friend is someone you can trust and **count on**.

Artists are **creative** people.

If you commit a **crime**, you do something that is against the law.

Someone who is **decisive** makes decisions quickly and with confidence

Matisse said that his **disagreements** with Picasso were always friendly

Something that is **disturbing** makes you feel a bit frightened or strange

Good morning, **everybody**! Please sit down.

DNA **evidence** can show whether people are guilty of a crime

There's a big art **exhibition** on at the gallery.

Rosana is very happy because she's **expecting a baby** in August.

Someone who is **faithful** continues to support a person or thing, even in a difficult situation

Yue Minjun's work always **features** his own laughing face.

Unit 4	foreigner (n) **	/ˈfɒrɪnə(r)/	straniero	A lot of <b>foreigners</b> come here to find jobs.
Unit 4	forgetful (adj)	/fəˈɡetf(ə)l/	smemorato	Someone who is <b>forgetful</b> often forgets things or forgets to do things.
Unit 4	funny (adj) ***	/ˈfʌni/	buffo	Is he all right? He's got a <b>funny</b> expression on his face.
Unit 4	gallery (n) **	/ˈɡæləri/	galleria	There's a big art exhibition on at the <b>gallery</b> .
Unit 4	grant (n) ***	/ɡrɑːnt/	borsa di studio	A <b>grant</b> is a sum of money that a student receives to pay for his or her studies
Unit 4	graphic novel (n)	/ˈɡræfɪk ˌnɒv(ə)l/	romanzo a fumetti	What do you think of the <b>graphic novel</b> ?
Unit 4	guard (n) ***	/ɡɑː(r)d/	guardia	You can see two bored <b>guards</b> standing on a wall.
Unit 4	guilty (adj) ***	/ˈɡɪlti/	colpevole	Someone who is <b>guilty</b> of a crime has committed it.
Unit 4	harmonious (adj)	/hɑː(r)ˈməʊniəs/	armonioso	Something that is <b>harmonious</b> is calm and peaceful.
Unit 4	hectic (adj)	ˈhektɪk/	frenetico	If you have a <b>hectic</b> life, you are always very busy.
Unit 4	helpful (adj) **	/ˈhelpf(ə)l/	disponibile	Someone who is <b>helpful</b> is always ready to help other people
Unit 4	honest (adj) **	/ˈɒnɪst/	onesto	It's not always easy to be <b>honest</b> , even with friends.
Unit 4	humorous (adj) *	/ˈhjuːmərəs/	divertente	Someone or something that is <b>humorous</b> makes you laugh.
Unit 4	ideal (adj) ***	/aɪˈdiəl/	ideale	Someone or something that is <b>ideal</b> is perfect.
Unit 4	illustration (n) **	/ˌɪləˈstreɪʃ(ə)n/	illustrazione	An <b>illustration</b> is a picture or drawing in a book or newspaper
Unit 4	imaginative (adj) *	/ɪˈmædʒɪnətɪv/	fantasioso	<b>Imaginative</b> people are always thinking of new ideas
Unit 4	individual (n) ***	/ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəl/	individuo	Adolphe Quetelet believed that Average Man symbolised a perfect <b>individual</b> .
Unit 4	innocent (adj) **	/ɪˈnɒs(ə)nt/	innocente	Someone who is <b>innocent</b> of a crime has not committed it.
Unit 4	killer (n) **	/ˈkɪlə(r)/	assassino	Have the police caught the <b>killer</b> yet?
Unit 4	kind (adj) *	/kaɪnd/	gentile	Alena thinks a good friend is someone who is always <b>kind</b> to her.
Unit 4	mood (n) ***	/muːd/	atmosfera	I think the <b>mood</b> of the <i>Dora Maar</i> painting by Picasso is disturbing.
Unit 4	motive (n) **	/ˈməʊtɪv/	motivo, motivazione	Your <b>motive</b> for doing something is the reason that you do it
Unit 4	murder (n) ***	/ˈmɜː(r)də(r)/	omicidio	Police arrest a suspect in about two thirds of <b>murder</b> cases.
Unit 4	murder (v) **	/ˈmɜː(r)də(r)/	uccidere	Bruno suggests to Guy that Guy should <b>murder</b> his father and that he will murder Guy's wife
Unit 4	murderer (n) *	/ˈmɜː(r)dərə(r)/	assassino	Police see the lighter and realize Bruno is the <b>murderer</b> .
Unit 4	mysterious (adj) **	/mɪˈstɪəriəs/	misterioso	Something that is <b>mysterious</b> is not easy to explain or understand.
Unit 4	nobody (pronoun) ***	/ˈnɒbɒdɪ/	nessuno	<b>Nobody</b> can smoke inside the building.
Unit 4	odd (adj) **	/ɒd/	strano	Someone who is <b>odd</b> seems slightly strange, and is not like other people
Unit 4	passionate (adj) *	/ˈpæʃ(ə)nət/	appassionato	Picasso was <b>passionate</b> about his work -- he loved painting
Unit 4	plant (v) **	/plɑːnt/	piazzare, collocare	Bruno threatens to <b>plant</b> Guy's lighter at the murder scene to make it look as if Guy is the murderer
Unit 4	poster (n) **	/ˈpəʊstə(r)/	poster	I have several art <b>posters</b> by Matisse in my house.
Unit 4	powerful (adj) ***	/ˈpaʊə(r)f(ə)l/	intenso	Matisse and Picasso shared a <b>powerful</b> relationship through their art.
Unit 4	prison (n) ***	/ˈprɪz(ə)n/	prigione	Some people go to <b>prison</b> for crimes they didn't commit.
Unit 4	realistic (adj) **	/ˌriːəlɪstɪk/	realistico	The <i>Portrait of Gertrude Stein</i> is more <b>realistic</b> than the painting called <i>Dora Maar</i> .
Unit 4	religious (adj) ***	religious (adj) ***	religioso	Someone who is <b>religious</b> believes strongly in a god and obeys the rules of a religion
Unit 4	reserved (adj)	/rɪˈzɜː(r)vɪd/	riservato	Someone who is <b>reserved</b> does not talk about or show their feelings
Unit 4	rich (adj) ***	/rɪtʃ/	intenso	<b>Rich</b> colours are strong and attractive.
Unit 4	rival (n) **	/ˈraɪv(ə)l/	rivale	People sometimes say that Picasso and Matisse were <b>rivals</b> , who were jealous of each other's work
Unit 4	robbery (n) *	/ˈrɒbəri/	rapina	<b>Robbery</b> is the crime of taking money or possessions illegally, often by using violence
Unit 4	self-assured (adj)	/ˌselfəˈʃʊə(r)d/	sicuro di sé	Someone who is <b>self-assured</b> has confidence in their ability and talent
Unit 4	somebody (pronoun) ***	/ˈsʌmbədi/	qualcuno	Will <b>somebody</b> turn off the light, please?
Unit 4	So what?	/səʊ wɒt/	E allora?/E quindi?	"I don't have anything nice to wear." " <b>So what?</b> You always look lovely."
Unit 4	stranger (n) **	/ˈstreɪndʒə(r)/	sconosciuto	Bruno and Guy are <b>strangers</b> who meet on a train.



Unit 4	style (n) ***	/staɪl/	stile	Picasso's work encouraged Matisse to experiment with <b>style</b> .
Unit 4	successful (adj) ***	/sək'sesf(ə)l/	di successo	Matisse and Picasso were both famous, <b>successful</b> artists.
Unit 4	suspect (n) **	/ˈsʌspekt/	sospettato	Police arrest a <b>suspect</b> in about two thirds of murder cases.
Unit 4	take care of	/teɪk 'keə(r) ɒv/	prendersi cura	A good friend <b>takes care of</b> you if you're unhappy.
Unit 4	trust (v) ***	/trʌst/	avere fiducia	A good friend is someone you can <b>trust</b> and count on.
Unit 4	typical (adj) ***	/ˈtɪpɪk(ə)l/	tipico	The <b>typical</b> UK man is married and has size 10 feet!
Unit 4	uncommon (adj)	/ˌʌn 'kɒmən/	raro	Fifty years ago, it was <b>uncommon</b> for people to go on holiday abroad
Unit 4	weird (adj) *	/waɪə(r)d/	strano	Someone or something that is <b>weird</b> is strange in a way that you find a bit frightening
Unit 4	What for?	/wɒt fɔː(r)/	A che scopo?	"I need a new jacket." " <b>What for?</b> You've got one already."
Unit 4	yet (adv) ***	/jet/	ancora	They've not arrived <b>yet</b> .
Unit 4	You're what?	/jʊː(r) wɒt/	Che cosa?	"I'm getting married." " <b>You're what?</b> Who to?"
Unit 4	You've what?	/jʊːv wɒt/	Che cosa?	"I've forgotten to put the pizza in the oven." " <b>You've what?</b> "
<b>Unit 5</b>	After that	/ˌɑːftə(r) 'ðæt/	in seguito	You will load the dishwasher, and <b>after that</b> you will clean the bedrooms.
Unit 5	aggressive (adj) **	/ə'ɡresɪv/	aggressivo	People who are <b>aggressive</b> behave in an angry and rude way
Unit 5	be allowed to	/bi ə'laʊ(ə)d tu/	potere, essere permesso	Nobody is <b>allowed to</b> smoke in the building.
Unit 5	anthropology (n)	/ˌæntθrə'pɒlədʒi/	antropologia	<b>Anthropology</b> is the study of human societies and traditions.
Unit 5	artificial intelligence (n)	/ˌɑː(r)tɪfɪj(ə)l ,ɪntelɪdʒ(ə)ns/	intelligenza artificiale	<b>Artificial intelligence</b> is the use of computers to make machines think and do things in the way that human beings can
Unit 5	attack (v) ***	/ə'tæk/	attaccare	The Laws of Robotics were created so that robots did <b>not attack</b> humans.
Unit 5	babysit (v) *	/ˈbeɪbɪ,sɪt/	fare da babysitter	If you <b>babysit</b> , you look after someone else's children
Unit 5	beat (v) ***	/bi:t/	picchiare	If you <b>beat</b> someone, you hit them many times.
Unit 5	board (n) ***	/bɔː(r)d/	asse	You should use different <b>boards</b> when preparing meat and fish.
Unit 5	bureaucracy (n) **	/bjʊə'rɒkrəsi/	burocrazia	A <b>bureaucracy</b> is a complicated system of rules and processes.
Unit 5	calm down (phr v)	/kɑːm daʊn/	calmarsi	<b>Calm down</b> , please, and explain calmly what you mean.
Unit 5	chop up (phr v)	/tʃɒp ʌp/	sminzare, tagliare a dadini	If you <b>chop food up</b> , you cut it into small pieces.
Unit 5	civil servant (n)	/ˈsɪv(ə)l ,sɜː(r)v(ə)nt/	impiegato statale	A <b>civil servant</b> is someone who works in a government department
Unit 5	cleaning materials/products (n pl)	/ˈkliːnɪŋ mə'tɪəriəls/'prɒdʌkts/	materiali/prodotti per le pulizie	<b>Cleaning materials/products</b> are liquids and powders that you use to clean things
Unit 5	clean up (phr v)	/kliːn ʌp/	pulire	You should <b>clean up</b> the kitchen after you've cooked a meal
Unit 5	cloth (n) **	/klɒθ/	straccio	Clean the bath using a <b>wet cloth</b> .
Unit 5	code (n) ***	/kəʊd/	codice	The South Korean government want <b>a code</b> to protect robots from humans.
Unit 5	complete (a form) (v) ***	/kəm'pli:t (ə fɔː(r)m)/	riempire (un modulo)	You have to <b>complete a form</b> to get a passport.
Unit 5	conflict (n) ***	/ˈkɒnflɪkt/	conflitto	A <b>conflict</b> is an angry disagreement between people or groups
Unit 5	contain (v) ***	/kən'teɪn/	contenere	Each part of a tiffin box <b>contains</b> a different food.
Unit 5	beyond sb's control	/bɪ'jɒnd ,sʌmbə'dɪz kən'trəʊl/	al di fuori del controllo di qualcuno	The situation seems <b>beyond</b> the government's <b>control</b> .
Unit 5	be in control	/bi ɪn kən'trəʊl/	avere il controllo	You always seem calm and <b>in control</b> .
Unit 5	lose control	/luːz kən'trəʊl/	perdere il controllo	He completely <b>lost control</b> and shouted at the class.
Unit 5	be out of control	/bi aʊt əv kən'trəʊl/	fuori controllo	The fight between rival groups of supporters was <b>out of control</b> .
Unit 5	be under control	/bi ,ʌndə(r) kən'trəʊl/	sotto controllo	An experienced teacher always has their class <b>under control</b> .
Unit 5	crockery (n)	/ˈkrɒkəri/	stoviglie	<b>Crockery</b> is the plates, cups, and bowls that you use for serving food
Unit 5	cutlery (n)	/ˈkʌtləri/	posate	<b>Cutlery</b> is the knives, forks, and spoons that you use for eating food
Unit 5	deadline (n) *	/ˈded,laɪn/	scadenza	A <b>deadline</b> is a time or date by which something must be done or complete
Unit 5	delay (n) **	/di'leɪ/	ritardo	Rules or processes that cause <b>delays</b> are called "red tape".
Unit 5	discipline (n) ***	/ˈdɪsəplɪn/	disciplina	<b>Discipline</b> is the practice of making people obey rules

Unit 5	dish (n) **	/dɪʃ/	piatto	The soup was served in a large soup <b>dish</b> .
Unit 5	dishwasher (n)	/ˈdɪʃ,wɒʃə(r)/	lavastoviglie	A <b>dishwasher</b> is a machine that washes cutlery and crockery
Unit 5	dispute (n) ***	/dɪˈspjuːt/, /ˈdɪspjuːt/	disputa	There is some <b>dispute</b> about how the laws could work in real life
Unit 5	document (n) ***	/ˈdɒkjʊmənt/	documento	A passport is a <b>document</b> that allows UK citizens to travel abroad.
Unit 5	drive (v) ***	/draɪv/	condurre	Robots are <b>driving</b> the world in directions we cannot clearly foresee
Unit 5	eat up (phr v)	/i:t ʌp/	mangiare con gusto	She was very hungry and <b>ate up</b> all her dinner.
Unit 5	electronics (n) **	/ˌelekˈtrɒnɪks/	elettronica	<b>Electronics</b> is the science and technology that uses or produces electronic equipment
Unit 5	endangered (adj)	/ɪnˈdeɪndʒə(r)d/	mettere a rischio	Languages that are <b>endangered</b> may soon not exist any more.
Unit 5	exam result (n)	/ɪgˈzæm rɪˌzʌlt/	risultato all'esame	Congratulations on your <b>exam results!</b>
Unit 5	exhilarating (adj)	/ɪgˈzɪləˌreɪtɪŋ/	esilarante	Something that is <b>exhilarating</b> makes you feel happy or hopeful
Unit 5	expand (v) ***	/ɪkˈspænd/	espandere	If something <b>expands</b> , it gets bigger or takes up more time.
Unit 5	Finally ... (adv) ***	/ˈfaɪn(ə)li/	finalmente	I cook supper and then, <b>finally</b> , I watch TV and go to bed.
Unit 5	financial donor (n)	/ˈfaɪˌnæns(ə)l ˌdaʊnə(r)/	donatore finanziario	The military is one of the biggest <b>financial donors</b> for robotic research.
Unit 5	fine (n) **	/faɪn/	buono	I got a parking <b>fine</b> and had to pay £60.
Unit 5	first (of all)	/ˈfɜː(r)st (əv ɔ:l)/	prima (di tutto)	When I get back from work, I clean the house <b>first of all</b> .
Unit 5	foresee (v)	/fɔː(r)siː/	prevedere	Robots are driving the world in directions we cannot clearly <b>foresee</b> .
Unit 5	form (n) ***	/fɔː(r)m/	modulo	You have to complete a <b>form</b> to get a passport.
Unit 5	frying pan (n)	/ˈfraɪŋ ˌpæn/	padella	A <b>frying pan</b> is a special pan that you use to fry food
Unit 5	government department (n)	/ˈgʌvə(r)nɪmənt dɪˌpɑː(r)tɪmənt/	ministero	A civil servant is someone who works in a <b>government department</b> .
Unit 5	grin (v) **	/grɪn/	sorridere	Yumni refused to take his hat off and just <b>grinned</b> at the teacher.
Unit 5	handle (n) **	/ˈhænd(ə)l/	manico	Tiffin boxes have different parts and a <b>handle</b> to carry them with.
Unit 5	have to ***	/hæv tu/	dovere	Students <b>have to</b> work hard to pass their exams.
Unit 5	heat up (phr v)	/hi:t ʌp/	riscaldare	I <b>heated up</b> the soup in a saucepan.
Unit 5	higher education (n)	/ˈhaɪə(r) ˌedʒʊkeɪʃ(ə)n/	istruzione superiore	<b>Higher education</b> is the education you get at a college or university
Unit 5	hit the screens	/hɪt ðə ˈskri:nz/	arrivare al cinema	When a film <b>hits the screens</b> , it starts to be shown in cinemas.
Unit 5	human being (n) ***	/ˈhju:mən ˌbi:ɪŋ/	essere umano	Artificial intelligence is the use of computers to make machines think and do things in the way that <b>human beings</b> can.
Unit 5	incompetence (n)	/ɪnˌkɒmpɪt(ə)ns/	incompetenza	<b>Incompetence</b> is a lack of skill or ability.
Unit 5	inexperienced (adj) *	/ɪnˌɪkˈspɪəriəns/	inesperto	Francis was an <b>inexperienced</b> teacher who had problems with his students
Unit 5	instructions (n pl) ***	/ɪnˈstrʌkʃ(ə)nz/	istruzioni	The boss gave us <b>instructions</b> as to what to do.
Unit 5	keep order	/ki:p ˈɔ:(r)də(r)/	mantenere l'ordine	Francis had problems <b>keeping order</b> in the classroom.
Unit 5	law (n) ***	/lɔː/	legge	The <b>Laws</b> of Robotics were created so that robots did not attack humans
Unit 5	leader (n) ***	/ˈliːdə(r)/	capo	The UK prime minister is the political <b>leader</b> in the UK.
Unit 5	lead role (n)	/ˈliːd ˌrəʊl/	ruolo principale	Someone who has the <b>lead role</b> in a film or play, plays the part of the main character
Unit 5	learning difficulties (n pl)	/ˈlɜː(r)nɪŋ ˌdɪfɪk(ə)ltɪz/	difficoltà di apprendimento	Children with <b>learning difficulties</b> have problems learning to read and write
Unit 5	leftovers (n pl)	/ˈleft ˌəʊvə(r)z/	avanzi	<b>Leftovers</b> are the food that people do not eat during a meal
Unit 5	load (v) **	/ləʊd/	caricare	He <b>loaded</b> the dishwasher with crockery and cutlery
Unit 5	make up (phr v)	/meɪk ʌp/	rimediare	Japanese families often <b>make up</b> their lunch from dinner the night before
Unit 5	mate (n) **	/meɪt/	amico	A " <b>mate</b> " is an informal word for a friend
Unit 5	memorandum (n)	/ˌmeməˈrændəm/	promemoria	A <b>memorandum</b> is a note that you write to a group of people to tell them about something
Unit 5	mess (n) **	/mes/	disordine	A <b>mess</b> is a situation in which things are untidy or disorganised
Unit 5	mess around (phr v)	/ˈmes ə ˌraʊnd/	giocare	The teacher told the class to stop <b>messing around</b> and start to concentrate.
Unit 5	messiness (n)	/ˈmesɪnes/	disordine	<b>Messiness</b> is a situation in which things are untidy or disorganised
Unit 5	mess up (phr v)	/mes ʌp/	mettere in disordine	If you <b>mess up</b> a place, you make it untidy or dirty

Unit 5	microwave (n) *	/ˈmaɪkrəweɪv/	forno a microonde
Unit 5	the military (n)	/ðə ˈmɪlət(ə)rɪ/	l'esercito, le forze armate
Unit 5	mix up (phr v)	/mɪks ʌp/	mescolare
Unit 5	mug (v)	/mʌɡ/	rapinare
Unit 5	mugging (n)	/ˈmʌɡɪŋ/	rapina
Unit 5	must (v) ***	/mʌst/	dovere
Unit 5	mythology (n)	/mɪˈθɒlədʒi/	mitologia
Unit 5	need to ***	/niːd tu/	necessitare, aver bisogno di
Unit 5	noisy (adj) *	/ˈnoɪzi/	rumoroso
Unit 5	overload (v)	/ˌəʊvə(ɹ)ˈləʊd/	sovraccaricare
Unit 5	packed lunch (n)	/ˈpækt ˌlʌntʃ/	pranzo al sacco
Unit 5	physics (n) **	/ˈfɪzɪks/	fisica
Unit 5	pickpocket (n)	/ˈpɪkˌpɒkɪt/	borseggiatore
Unit 5	political party (n)	/pəˈlɪtɪk(ə)l ˌpɑː(r)ti/	partito politico
Unit 5	politics (n) ***	/ˈpɒlətɪks/	politica
Unit 5	prime minister (n) ***	/ˈpraɪm ˌmɪnɪstə(r)/	primo ministro
Unit 5	private school (n)	/ˈpraɪvət ˌskuːl/	scuola privata
Unit 5	probation year (n)	/prəˈbeɪʃ(ə)n ˌjɪə(r)/	anno di tirocinio
Unit 5	psychology (n) **	/saɪˈkɒlədʒi/	psicologia
Unit 5	put together (phr v)	/pʊt təˈgeðə(r)/	mettere insieme
Unit 5	put up (phr v)	/pʊt ʌp/	mettere su
Unit 5	queue (n) *	/kjuː/	coda, fila
Unit 5	reality (n) ***	/rɪˈæləti/	realtà
Unit 5	red tape (n)	/ˈred ˌteɪp/	burocrazia
Unit 5	robot (n) *	/ˈrəʊbɒt/	robot
Unit 5	robotics (n)	/rəʊˈbɒtɪks/	robotica
Unit 5	run (v) ***	/rʌn/	governare
Unit 5	saucepan (n) *	/ˈsɔːspən/	casseruola
Unit 5	side dish (n)	/ˈsaɪd ˌdɪʃ/	contorno
Unit 5	sink (n) **	/sɪŋk/	lavandino
Unit 5	state school (n)	/ˈsteɪt ˌskuːl/	scuola pubblica, scuola statale
Unit 5	status (n) ***	/ˈsteɪtəs/	prestigio
Unit 5	student loan (n)	/ˈstjuːd(ə)nt ˌləʊn/	prestito studentesco
Unit 5	a stunned silence	/ə ˈstʌnd ˌsaɪləns/	un silenzio attonito
Unit 5	tax office (n)	/ˈtæks ˌɒfɪs/	fisco
Unit 5	term (n) ***	/tɜː(r)m/	termine
Unit 5	tidy up (phr v)	/ˈtaɪdi ʌp/	mettere in ordine, ordinare
Unit 5	town hall (n)	/ˈtaʊn ˌhɔːl/	municipio
Unit 5	try out (phr v)	/ˈtraɪ ˌaʊt/	provare
Unit 5	unique (adj) ***	/juːˈniːk/	unico
Unit 5	unknowingly (adv)	/ʌnˈnəʊɪŋli/	inconsapevolmente
Unit 5	useless (adj) **	/juːˈles/	inutile
Unit 5	vocational qualification (n)	/vəʊˈkeɪʃ(ə)nəl ˌkwɒlɪfɪkeɪʃ(ə)n/	qualifica professionale

A **microwave** is a small oven that is used for heating things very quickly

The **military** is one of the biggest financial donors for robotic research

Use a spoon or a whisk to **mix up** the eggs, flour and sugar.

If someone is **mugged**, they are attacked by another person who steals money from them

A **mugging** is an occasion when someone is attacked and their money is stolen

You **must** remember to lock the door when you go out

**Mythology** is the study of Ancient Greek or Roman myths.

People **need to** understand laws and obey them.

People who are **noisy** make a lot of noise, for example, by talking loudly or shouting

If you **overload** the dishwasher, it won't work properly

Bento is a Japanese **packed lunch**.

**Physics** is the science that deals with heat, light, and other forms of energy

A **pickpocket** is someone who steals things from people's bags and pockets.

Which **political party** do you support?

**Politics** is the study of how people get and use power to govern a country

David Cameron is currently **prime minister** of the UK.

In the UK, a **private school** is one where parents pay directly for their children's education

As a teacher fails their **probationary year**, they are not allowed to stay in the job

**Psychology** is the study of the human mind and how it affects behaviour

If you mix the different parts of a system, you **put them together**.

If you **put up** a barrier to something, you prevent it from happening

A **queue** is a long line of people who are waiting for something

Some people think that the Three Laws of Robotics are useless **inreality**.

Rules or processes that cause delays are called '**red tape**'.

Do you think that domestic **robots** will be the next big thing in technology?

The Laws of **Robotics** were created so that robots did not attack humans

People who belong to the same political party have similar ideas of how to **run** a country.

I heated up the soup in a **saucepan**.

Bento consists of rice and a **side dish** such as meat, fish, and vegetables.

We washed up the dishes in the **sink**.

A **state school** is a school that offers a free education

The **status** of something is its level of importance.

**Student loans** are very expensive nowadays.

A **stunned silence** is one in which people are too shocked to speak

Send your tax form to the **tax office** before January 31.

Robotics has become a well-known scientific **term**.

If you **tidy up**, you make a place look neat and clean again

Local government offices are located at the **town hall**.

Chefs enjoy experimenting with ingredients and **trying out** new combinations.

Something that is **unique** does not exist anywhere else.

If you do something **unknowingly**, you do it without realising what you are doing

Some people think that the Three Laws of Robotics are **useless** in reality.

Do you think that **vocational qualifications** are more useful than traditional academic subjects?

Unit 5	wash up (phr v)	/wɒʃ ʌp/	lavare	Let's <b>wash up</b> the dirty saucepans.
Unit 5	whisk (n)	/wɪsk/	frusta	A <b>whisk</b> is a piece of equipment you use for mixing ingredients such as eggs together
Unit 5	wrap up (phr v)	/ræp ʌp/	incartare	He <b>wrapped</b> her birthday present <b>up</b> in gift paper.
<b>Unit 6</b>	agent (n) ***	/ˈeɪdʒ(ə)nt/	agente, rappresentante	MI5 gave Stella Rimington a job as an <b>agent</b> .
Unit 6	alter (v) **	/ˈɔːltə(r)/	ritoccare	A photo of the French president was <b>altered</b> by removing some of his body fat.
Unit 6	antelope (n)	/ˈæntɪˌləʊp/	antilope	An <b>antelope</b> is an animal with horns that and long, thin legs that runs very fast
Unit 6	argue (v) ***	/ˈɑː(r)ɡjuː/	discutere	Stop <b>arguing</b> , you two!
Unit 6	at all	/æt ɔːl/	affatto	I've no idea <b>at all</b> what time they're arriving.
Unit 6	atmosphere (n) **	/ˈætməʃ,fiə(r)/	atmosfera	Paris is a great city with a wonderful <b>atmosphere</b> .
Unit 6	audio surveillance (n)	/ˈɔːdiəʊ sə(r),veɪləns/	intercettazione	<b>Audio surveillance</b> is a process in which you listen secretly to other people's conversations
Unit 6	battery (n) **	/ˈbætri(ə)ri/	batteria	The car won't start -- I think the <b>battery's</b> dead.
Unit 6	bear in mind	/beə(r) ɪn maɪnd/	tenere presente	<b>Bear in mind</b> that the store closes at 8pm.
Unit 6	beg (v) **	/beg/	supplicare	I <b>begged</b> her not to go.
Unit 6	bright (adj) ***	/braɪt/	brillante, vivace	I like yellow -- it's a nice <b>bright</b> colour.
Unit 6	cable (n) **	/ˈkeɪb(ə)l/	cavo	Attach the <b>cable</b> to the back of the computer.
Unit 6	canal (n) **	/kəˈnæl/	canale	A <b>canal</b> is a long, straight stretch of water, like an artificial river
Unit 6	chat (v) **	/tʃæt/	chiacchierare	We <b>chat</b> on the phone every Sunday evening
Unit 6	circle (n) ***	/ˈsɜː(r)k(ə)l/	cerchio	A <b>circle</b> is a round shape consisting of a curved line that completely encloses a space
Unit 6	cover (n) ***	/ˈkʌvə(r)/	copertina	The <b>cover</b> of a magazine or book is the hard front part that shows the title
Unit 6	criss-crossed (adj)	/ˈkrɪs,kɒrst/	incrociato	Zollner's illusion is a series of parallel lines <b>criss-crossed</b> by short lines.
Unit 6	cube (n)	/kjuːb/	cubo	A <b>cube</b> is an object like a box with six square sides.
Unit 6	curvy (adj)	/ˈkɜː(r)vi/	sinuoso, tutto curve	The impossible object in picture d has <b>curvy</b> lines.
Unit 6	cylinder (n) *	/ˈsɪlɪndə(r)/	cilindro	A <b>cylinder</b> is an object shaped like a wide tube
Unit 6	dark (adj) ***	/dɑː(r)k/	scuro	Black and brown are <b>dark</b> colours.
Unit 6	demand (v) ***	/dɪˈmænd/	esigere, pretendere	She got angry and <b>demand</b> ed her money back.
Unit 6	diamond (n) **	/ˈdaɪəmənd/	diamante	A <b>diamond</b> is a shape with four straight, equal sides that stands on one of its corners
Unit 6	discuss (v) ***	/dɪˈskʌs/	discutere	Let's just <b>discuss</b> this calmly.
Unit 6	eavesdrop (v)	/ˈiːvz,drɒp/	origliare	If you <b>eavesdrop</b> , you listen to other people's conversations secretly
Unit 6	eliminate (v) **	/ɪˈlɪmɪneɪt/	eliminare	People who Stalin did not like were sometimes <b>eliminated</b> from pictures.
Unit 6	equipment (n) ***	/ɪˈkwɪpmənt/	apparecchiatura	Audio surveillance is the process of listening in to other people's conversations using electronic <b>equipment</b> .
Unit 6	exaggerate (v) *	/ɪɡˈzædʒəreɪt/	esagerare	if you <b>exaggerate</b> , you make something seem more extreme than it is.
Unit 6	fabricated (adj)	/ˈfæbrɪkeɪtɪd/	falsificato, contraffatto	A <b>fabricated</b> picture is one that has been changed or manipulated
Unit 6	grid (n) **	/ɡrɪd/	griglia	A <b>grid</b> is a pattern of straight lines that cross each other to form squares
Unit 6	groan (v) *	/ɡrəʊn/	lamentarsi	If you <b>groan</b> about something, you complain about it.
Unit 6	headphones (n pl)	/ˈhedˌfəʊnz/	cuffie	A pair of <b>headphones</b> is a piece of equipment that you wear over your ears to listen to something without other people hearing i
Unit 6	hear (v) ***	/hɪə(r)/	sentire	I <b>heard</b> a loud explosion in the street.
Unit 6	herd (n) *	/hɜː(r)d/	branco	A <b>herd</b> of animals is a large group of animals of the same type.
Unit 6	high-resolution (adj)	/ˈhaɪˌrezəluːʃ(ə)n/	alta risoluzione	<b>High-resolution</b> cameras produce a very clear image
Unit 6	indeed (adv) ***	/ɪnˈdiːd/	davvero	She's a very talented student <b>indeed</b> .
Unit 6	informer (n)	/ɪnˈfɔː(r)mə(r)/	informatore	An <b>informer</b> is someone who secretly gives information about someone to the police
Unit 6	innocence (n) *	/ɪˈnɒs(ə)ns/	innocenza	<b>Innocence</b> is the state of not being guilty of a crime
Unit 6	installation (n) **	/ˌɪnstəˈleɪʃ(ə)n/	installazione	An <b>installation</b> is a piece of art consisting of several different objects or pictures arranged to produce a particular effect

Unit 6	intercept (v)	/,ɪntə(r)'sept/	intercettare
Unit 6	intersection (n)	/'ɪntə(r),sekʃ(ə)n/	intersezione
Unit 6	invisible ink (n)	/'ɪnvɪzəb(ə)l ɪŋk/	inchiostro invisibile
Unit 6	light (adj) ***	/laɪt/	chiaro
Unit 6	listen (to) (v) ***	/'lɪs(ə)n (tu)/	ascoltare
Unit 6	listen in (phr v)	/'lɪs(ə)n ɪn/	origliare
Unit 6	make sure	/'meɪk ʃʊə(r)/	assicurarsi
Unit 6	manipulate (v) **	/'mæ'nɪpjʊleɪt/	falsificare, manipolare
Unit 6	manipulation (n) *	/'mæ'nɪpjʊ'leɪʃ(ə)n/	falsificazione, manipolazione
Unit 6	microphone (n) *	/'maɪkrə'fəʊn/	microfono
Unit 6	mild (adj) **	/'maɪld/	mite
Unit 6	mumble (v) *	/'mʌmb(ə)l/	borbottare
Unit 6	oil painting (n)	/'ɔɪl 'peɪntɪŋ/	dipinto a olio
Unit 6	optical illusion (n)	/'ɒptɪk(ə)l ɪ'luz(ə)n/	illusione ottica
Unit 6	oval (n)	/'əʊv(ə)l/	ovale
Unit 6	overhear (v)	/'əʊvə(r)'hiə(r)/	udire per caso, sentire di sfuggita
Unit 6	pale (adj) ***	/'peɪl/	pallido
Unit 6	parallel lines (n pl)	/'pærəlel 'laɪnz/	linee parallele
Unit 6	photo editing software (n)	/'fəʊtəʊ edɪtɪŋ 'sɒft(ɪ)weə(r)/	software di editing per le foto
Unit 6	photograph (n) ***	/'fəʊtə'grɑ:f/	fotografia, foto
Unit 6	photography (n) *	/'fə'tɒgrəfi/	fotografia
Unit 6	portrait (n) **	/'pɔ:(r)trɪt/	ritratto
Unit 6	pyramid (n) *	/'pɪrəmɪd/	piramide
Unit 6	record (v) ***	/'rɪ:kɔ:(r)d/	registrare
Unit 6	rectangle (n)	/'rek,tæŋg(ə)l/	rettangolo
Unit 6	regard (v) ***	/'rɪ'gɑ:(r)d/	considerare
Unit 6	remove (v) ***	/'rɪ'mu:v/	rimuovere
Unit 6	rod (n) **	/'rɒd/	bastone
Unit 6	in ruins (n pl)	/'ɪn 'ru:ɪnz/	in rovina, distrutto
Unit 6	section (n) ***	/'sekʃ(ə)n/	sezione
Unit 6	security service (n)	/'sɪ'kjʊərəti ,sɜ:(r)vɪs/	servizio di sicurezza
Unit 6	shout (v) ***	/'ʃaʊt/	urlare
Unit 6	sigh (v) **	/'saɪ/	sospirare
Unit 6	sophisticated (adj) **	/'sɒ'fɪstɪ'keɪtɪd/	sofisticato
Unit 6	speakers (n pl) ***	/'spi:kə(r)z/	casce
Unit 6	spot (n) ***	/'spɒt/	macchia
Unit 6	spy (n) *	/'spaɪ/	spia
Unit 6	square (n) ***	/'skweə(r)/	quadrato
Unit 6	squeeze (v) **	/'skwi:z/	schiacciare
Unit 6	staircase (n) *	/'steə(r),keɪs/	scala
Unit 6	star (n) ***	/'stɑ:(r)/	stella
Unit 6	straight (adj) ***	/'streɪt/	dritto
Unit 6	surveillance (n) *	/'sʊ(r)'veɪləns/	sorveglianza

The Stasi **intercepted** post in order to find spies.

An **intersection** is the point where two lines cross each other

**Invisible ink** is ink that cannot be seen just with your eyes

He was wearing a **light grey** jacket and dark trousers.

I'm just **listening** to an interesting programme on the radio.

The Stasi used electronic equipment to **listen in** to people's conversations.

**Make sure** you've got everything you need before you leave

If you **manipulate** a photo, you use special techniques in order to change it

**Manipulation** of photos is becoming more common due to developments in technology

You use a **microphone** to make your voice sound louder or to record something

**Mild** weather is weather is warm and pleasant

Someone who **mumbles** does not speak clearly.

An **oil painting** is a picture painted with a special type of paint called oil paint

The pictures on page 68 show different types of **optical illusion**.

An **oval** is a shape like a long, narrow circle

She **overheard** two of her friends talking about her

A **pale** colour is light and not strong.

**Parallel lines** are lines that are the same distance apart along their whole length

**Photo editing software** is a computer programme that allows you to manipulate photos

Do you enjoy taking **photographs**?

My main hobby is **photography**.

The picture shows a **portrait** of a young woman.

A **pyramid** is a shape with a square base and three sides that meet at a point on the top

You use a microphone to make your voice sound louder or to **record** something.

A **rectangle** is a shape with four straight sides and four angles of 90°.

If you **regard** something in a particular way, you think of it in that way

A photo of the French president was altered by **removing** some of his body fat.

The bottom part of "The impossible object" is a picture of **arod** in the shape of a "U".

Something that is **in ruins** has been destroyed or damaged.

A **section** of a wall is a particular part of it.

M15 is the name of the British **Security Service**.

She **shouted** at the children and made them cry

"I'm tired. Please leave me alone." she **sighed**.

A **sophisticated** piece of equipment can do complicated or advanced things

The music coming through the **speakers** was very loud.

Look carefully and you can see light greyspots on the Hermann Grid.

The Stasi intercepted post in order to find **spies**.

A **square** is a shape with four straight sides of equal length

If an image is "**squeezed**" it is made to seem smaller than it really is.

A **staircase** is a series of steps that you climb to go to a higher level in a building

A **star** is a small bright light that you see in the sky at night.

A grid is a pattern of **straight** lines that cross each other to form squares

**Surveillance** is the process of carefully watching a person or place

Unit 6	take the bus/train etc.	/teik ðə bʌs/trem/	prendere il bus/treno	I <b>take the train</b> to work every day.
Unit 6	take drugs/milk etc.	/teik drʌgz/milk/	assumere droghe/prendere latte	Do you <b>take milk</b> in your tea?
Unit 6	take a walk/nap etc.	/teik ə wɔ:k/næp/	fare una passeggiata/un sonnellino	She's tired and is <b>taking a nap</b> for an hour.
Unit 6	take an exam/test etc.	/teik ən ɪg'zæm/test/	dare un esame/test	When do you <b>take your driving test</b> ?
Unit 6	take responsibility/control	/teik rɪ'spɒnsə'bɪləti/kən'trɒl/	assumersi la responsabilità/colpa	You have to <b>take responsibility</b> for your own actions.
Unit 6	take a photo/picture	/teik ə 'fəʊtəʊ/'pɪktʃə(r)/	fotografare, fare foto	Do you like <b>taking photos</b> ?
Unit 6	tap (v) **	/tæp/	mettere sotto controllo	If an organisation <b>taps</b> your phone, it listens in secretly to your phone calls
Unit 6	tower (n) **	/'taʊə(r)/	torre	At the top of "The impossible object" you can see <b>threetowers</b> .
Unit 6	transmission (n) **	/trænz'mɪʃ(ə)n/	trasmissione	<b>Transmission</b> is the process of sending out electronic signals
Unit 6	transmitter (n)	/trænz'mɪtə(r)/	trasmettitore	A <b>transmitter</b> is a piece of electronic equipment used for sending signals through the air
Unit 6	triangle (n) *	/'traɪæŋɡ(ə)l/	triangolo	A <b>triangle</b> is a shape that has three straight sides and three angles.
Unit 6	upside down (adv) *	/'ʌpsaɪd ,daʊn/	al contrario	If you look at Schroeder's staircase for long enough, the staircase seem to <b>turnupside down</b> .
Unit 6	vision (n) ***	/'vɪʒ(ə)n/	visione	<b>Vision</b> is your ability to see things.
Unit 6	waterfall (n) *	/'wɔ:tə(r),fɔ:l/	cascata	A <b>waterfall</b> is a place where water flows over the edge of a cliff or rock
Unit 6	whisper (v) **	/'wɪspə(r)/	sussurrare, bisbigliare	If you <b>whisper</b> something, you say it in a very quiet voice
Unit 6	world heritage site (n)	/'wɜ:(r)ld 'herɪtɪdʒ ,saɪt/	luogo dichiarato patrimonio mondiale	The Great Wall of China is a UNESCO <b>world heritage site</b> .
<b>Unit 7</b>	amusing (adj) *	/'ə'mju:zɪŋ/	divertente	He's a very <b>amusing</b> man, and always makes me laugh.
Unit 7	appeal (v) ***	/'ə'pi:l/	fascino	<b>Appeal</b> is the quality that something has that makes people like it or want it
Unit 7	make an appointment	/'meɪk ən ə'pɔɪntmənt/	prendere un appuntamento	I'm ringing to <b>make an appointment</b> with the dentist.
Unit 7	bank loan (n)	/'bæŋk ,ləʊn/	prestito bancario	The interest on <b>bank loans</b> can be very high.
Unit 7	beauty (n) ***	/'bjʊ:ti/	bellezza	<b>Beauty</b> is the quality of being beautiful.
Unit 7	belonging (n)	/'bi'lɒŋɪŋ/	appartenenza	Everyone needs to feel a sense of <b>belonging</b> to a group.
Unit 7	brand new (adj) *	/'brænd ,nju:z/	nuovi di zecca	Something that is <b>brand new</b> has never been used.
Unit 7	bubble (n) *	/'bʌb(ə)l/	bolla	Prices for tulips in the Netherlands fell dramatically and the tulip <b>bubble</b> burst.
Unit 7	bulb (n) *	/'bʌlb/	bulbo	Rare tulip <b>bulbs</b> were sold for hundreds or thousands of guilders
Unit 7	burst (v) **	/'bɜ:(r)st/	esplosione	The market crashed and the dot.com bubble <b>burst</b> .
Unit 7	buyer (n) ***	/'baɪə(r)/	compratore, acquirente	<b>Buyers</b> refused to pay the high prices that the traders were asking
Unit 7	call sb back (phr v)	/'kɔ:l ,sæmbədi bæk/	richiamare	Could you <b>call me back</b> later, please?
Unit 7	close (adj) ***	/'kləʊs/	intimo	A <b>close</b> friend is a very good friend who you know very well
Unit 7	comical (adj)	/'kɒmɪk(ə)l/	comico, buffo	She looked at me with a <b>comical</b> expression on her face.
Unit 7	In conclusion	/'ɪn kən'klu:ʒ(ə)n/	in conclusione	<b>In conclusion</b> , I think that there are things in life that are more important than money
Unit 7	contract (n) ***	/'kɒntrækt/	contratto	A <b>contract</b> is a written legal agreement to do something
Unit 7	crash (v) **	/'kræʃ/	crollare	When prices fall dramatically markets <b>crash</b> .
Unit 7	creativity (n) *	/'kri:etɪvətɪ/	creatività	<b>Creativity</b> is the quality of being able to invent, make, or think of new things
Unit 7	deal (n) ***	/'di:l/	affare	I thought we'd agreed a <b>deal</b> , but there'd been a misunderstanding.
Unit 7	demand (v) ***	/'di'mænd/	richiesta, domanda	When <b>demand</b> for a product outstrips supply, the price of the product rises
Unit 7	desert island (n)	/'dezə(r)t ,aɪlənd/	isola deserta	A <b>desert island</b> is a small tropical island with no people living on it
Unit 7	disappear (v) ***	/'dɪsə'piə(r)/	sparire	If someone <b>disappears</b> , you no longer see them or have contact with them
Unit 7	esteem (n)	/'i:stɪm/	stima	<b>Esteem</b> is another word for respect
Unit 7	expenses (n pl) ***	/'ɪkspensɪz/	spese	Your <b>expenses</b> are the money that you must pay to buy things that you need
Unit 7	fear (n) ***	/'fiə(r)/	paura	<b>Fear</b> is the feeling you have when you are afraid
Unit 7	fee (n) ***	/'fi:/	tariffa	Trade exchanges charge a <b>fee</b> for each swap that they organise.

Unit 7	for free	/ˈfɔː(r) ,friː/	gratis
Unit 7	friendship (n) **	/ˈfrendʃɪp/	amicizia
Unit 7	genie (n)	/ˈdʒiːni/	genio
Unit 7	give away (phr v)	/ˈɡɪvə ,weɪ/	regalare
Unit 7	in good/poor condition	/ɪn ɡʊd/ ,pɔː(r) kənˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	in buona/cattiva condizione
Unit 7	goods (n pl) ***	/ɡʊdz/	merci
Unit 7	guilder (n)	/ˈɡɪldə(r)/	fiorino
Unit 7	health (n) ***	/helθ/	salute
Unit 7	hilarious (adj)	/hɪˈleəriəs/	spassoso
Unit 7	hold the line	/həʊld ðə laɪn/	stare in linea
Unit 7	humorous (adj) *	/ˈhjuːməərəs/	umoristico
Unit 7	interest (n) ***	/ˈɪntrəst/	interesse
Unit 7	invest (v) ***	/ɪnˈvest/	investire
Unit 7	investment (n) ***	/ɪnˈves(t)mənt/	investimento
Unit 7	investor (n) **	/ɪnˈvestə(r)/	investitore
Unit 7	justice (n) ***	/ˈdʒʌstɪs/	giustizia
Unit 7	large (adj) ***	/lɑː(r)dʒ/	large, misura L
Unit 7	love (n) ***	/lʌv/	amore
Unit 7	magic carpet (n)	/ˈmædʒɪk ,kɑː(r)pɪt/	tappeto magico
Unit 7	mania (n)	/ˈmemiə/	mania
Unit 7	medium (adj) **	/ˈmiːdiəm/	media, medium, misura M
Unit 7	misunderstanding (n) *	/ˌmɪsʌndə(r)ˈstændɪŋ/	fraintendimento
Unit 7	morality (n) *	/məˈræləti/	moralità
Unit 7	motivate (v) **	/ˈməʊtɪveɪt/	motivare
Unit 7	motivation (n) **	/ˌməʊtɪˈveɪʃ(ə)n/	motivazione
Unit 7	nearly new (adj)	/ˈniə(r)li ˌnjuː/	usato d'occasione
Unit 7	need (n) ***	/niːd/	bisogno
Unit 7	online (adj) **	/ˈɒnlaɪn/	online
Unit 7	on offer	/ɒn ˈɒfə(r)/	in vendita
Unit 7	in my opinion/view	/ɪn maɪ əˈpɪnjən/vjuː/	secondo me
Unit 7	outstrip (v)	/ˌaʊtˈstriːp/	eccedere
Unit 7	overcome (v) **	/ˌəʊvə(r)ˈkʌm/	superare
Unit 7	peace (n) ***	/piːs/	pace
Unit 7	possessions (n pl) **	/pəˈzeʃ(ə)nɪz/	beni
Unit 7	post a message	/ˈpəʊst ə ,mesɪdʒ/	postare un messaggio
Unit 7	power (n) ***	/ˈpaʊə(r)/	potere
Unit 7	profit (n) ***	/ˈprɒfɪt/	profitto
Unit 7	profitable (adj) **	/ˈprɒfɪtəb(ə)l/	redditizio
Unit 7	proud (adj) **	/praʊd/	orgoglioso
Unit 7	recycle (v) *	/ˈriːsaɪk(ə)l/	riciclare
Unit 7	respect (n) ***	/ˈrɪspekt/	rispetto
Unit 7	respect (v) **	/ˈrɪspekt/	rispettare
Unit 7	reuse (v)	/riːˈjuːz/	riutilizzare

If you give something away **for free**, you do not ask for someone to pay for it

**Friendship** is the relationship that exists between people who are friends

A **genie** is an imaginary spirit with magic powers in ancient Middle Eastern stories

If you **give** something **away** for free, you do not ask for someone to pay for it

It's a second-hand car, but it's **in excellent condition**.

Barter is a system in which you exchange **goods** or services without payment.

The **guilder** was the currency in the Netherlands before the euro

If you have good **health**, you are physically in good condition and not ill

The movie was absolutely **hilarious** -- we didn't stop laughing from beginning to end

**Hold the line**, please. I'll try to put you through.

She writes a **humorous** column in the newspaper every week

**Interest** on bank loans can be very high.

If you **invest** money, you buy shares or property with the aim of making a profit from it

Financial advisers give advice to people about **investments**.

It's important that **investors** understand the financial risks.

**Justice** is treatment of people in a way that is fair and morally right

"What size do you take?" "**Large**."

Children need a lot of **love** to feel happy and safe.

A **magic carpet** is a carpet in stories that people travel through the air on

The suffix **-mania** is added to nouns to mean strong enthusiasm for that thing.

"What size do you take?" "**Medium**."

I thought we'd agreed a deal, but there'd been **amisunderstanding**.

A set of ideas about right or wrong behaviour is called **morality**.

The wish to make money had always **motivated** him.

People find **motivation** from achieving things.

Something that is **nearly new** has been used a little but not very much

Everyone has a **need** for love and friendship.

I joined an **online** group where people offer things for free

Things that are **on offer** are available to buy or have.

**In my opinion**, money alone does not make people happy

When demand for a product **outstrips** supply, the price of the product rises

If you **overcome** a problem, you deal with it successfully

**Peace** is a situation in which there is no war

Some people think that money and **possessions** are the most important thing in life.

People can **post messages** on online message boards asking for things they want

**Power** is the ability to influence or control other people

**If you invest** money, you buy shares or property with the aim of making **aprofit** from it.

Their business was very **profitable**, and they made a lot of money from it.

Well done! We're really **proud** of you.

We **recycle** all our glass and paper.

I admire her, and have a lot of **respect** for her.

The students liked and **respected** their teacher.

if you wash the bottle, you can **reuse** it later.

Unit 7	right (n) ***	/raɪt/	giusto
Unit 7	safety (n) ***	/ˈseɪfti/	sicurezza
Unit 7	search (n) ***	/sɜːtʃ/	ricerca
Unit 7	second-hand shop (n)	/ˈsekənd,hænd ʃɒp/	negozio dell'usato
Unit 7	self-esteem (n) *	/ˈself ɪˌstiːm/	autostima
Unit 7	seller (n) **	/ˈselə(r)/	venditore
Unit 7	services (n pl) ***	/ˈsɜː(r)vɪsɪz/	servizi
Unit 7	share (n) ***	/ʃeə(r)/	azione
Unit 7	simplification (n) *	/ˌsɪmplɪfɪˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	semplificazione
Unit 7	small (adj) ***	/smɔːl/	small, misura S
Unit 7	starting price (n)	/ˈstɑː(r)tɪŋ ˌpraɪs/	prezzo di partenza
Unit 7	stocks (n pl) ***	/ˈstɒkz/	azioni
Unit 7	supply (n) ***	/səˈplaɪ/	scorta, fornitura
Unit 7	supportive (adj)	/səˈpɔː(r)tɪv/	di sostegno
Unit 7	swap (n)	/swɒp/	scambio
Unit 7	swap (v) *	/swɒp/	scambiare
Unit 7	take a message	/teɪk ə ˌmesɪdʒ/	prendere un messaggio
Unit 7	trade (n) ***	/treɪd/	commercio
Unit 7	trade (v) ***	/treɪd/	commerciare
Unit 7	trade credit (n)	/ˈtreɪd ˌkredɪt/	credito commerciale
Unit 7	trade exchange (n)	/ˈtreɪd ɪksˌtʃeɪndʒ/	scambio commerciale
Unit 7	trader (n) **	/ˈtreɪdə(r)/	commerciante
Unit 7	used (adj) ***	/juːzd/	usato
Unit 7	wealth (n) **	/welθ/	ricchezza
Unit 7	wealthy (adj) **	/ˈwelθi/	ricco
Unit 7	wish (n) **	/wɪʃ/	desiderio
Unit 7	wish (v) ***	/wɪʃ/	desiderare
Unit 7	witty (adj) *	/ˈwɪti/	spiritoso
Unit 7	wrong (n) ***	/rɒŋ/	torto, ingiustizia
<b>Unit 8</b>	by accident	/baɪ ˈæksɪd(ə)nt/	per caso, casualmente
Unit 8	archaeological (adj)	/ˌɑː(r)kiəˈlɒdʒɪk(ə)l/	archeologico
Unit 8	archaeologist (n) *	/ˌɑː(r)kiˈblɒdʒɪst/	archeologo
Unit 8	bacteria (n) **	/bækˈtɪəriə/	batteri
Unit 8	bowl (n) ***	/baʊl/	scodella
Unit 8	bracelet (n)	/ˈbreɪslət/	braccialeto
Unit 8	brooch (n)	/brəʊtʃ/	spilla
Unit 8	be buried	/biː ˈberɪ(ə)d/	sepolto, nascosto
Unit 8	cellophane (n)	/ˈseləfeɪn/	cellofan
Unit 8	certain death	/ˈsɜː(r)t(ə)n ˌdeθ/	morte certa
Unit 8	chain (n) ***	/tʃeɪn/	catena
Unit 8	by chance	/baɪ ˈtʃɑːns/	per caso
Unit 8	Cheer up! (phr v)	/tʃiə(r) ʌp/	tirarsi su, tirar su di morale

Most people have a sense of **right** and wrong.

**Safety** is the feeling of being protected from things that may harm you

Do a **search** on the Internet to find your local online group

A **second-hand shop** sells things that people no longer want.

**Self-esteem** is how much you respect yourself

A **seller** is someone who sells a product or service

Barter is a system in which you exchange goods or **services** without payment.

The price of a **share** in the South Sea Company rose to more than £1,000

Basic English and Globish are **simplifications** of the English language.

"What size do you take?" "**Small.**"

The **starting price** is the price that an object is given at the beginning of an auction

**Stocks** are the equal parts into which the value of a company is divided

When demand for a product outstrips **supply**, the price of the product rises

It's important to have friends who are **supportive**.

Trade exchanges charge a fee for each **swap** that they organise.

If you **swap** one thing for another, you exchange it for that thing

Gina's not at home. Can I **take a message**?

**Trade** is the business of buying and selling things.

We **trade** a lot with companies abroad.

**Trade credits** are used to buy goods and services from other members of a trade exchange

**Trade exchanges** exist so that owners of businesses can barter goods and services

Buyers refused to pay the high prices that the **traders** were asking.

You can buy goods **used** and new on the market.

**Wealth** is a large amount of money that someone has.

A lot of **wealthy** actors and actresses live in Hollywood.

The genie told the men they each had **awish**.

What is the one thing in life you most **wish** for?

Everyone laughed at his **witty** remark.

Most people have a sense of right and **wrong**.

Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin quite **by accident**.

These are **archaeological** treasures.

An **archaeologist** is someone who studies objects and buildings that existed in ancient societies

The mould that Fleming discovered could kill the **bacteria** that cause human infection.

The soup was served in a large **bowl**.

A **bracelet** is worn on the wrist

A **brooch** is a piece of jewellery that is worn on clothes

Archaeologists found a set of gold tableware that **was buried** in the ground.

I packed the sandwiches in **cellophane** and put them in my bag.

"**Certain death**" is an expression meaning that someone will certainly be killed

Look at the gold **chain** and necklace.

The inventions were made purely **by chance**.

**Cheer up!** Someone will fix the problem for you



Unit 8	chest (n) ***	/tʃest/	cassa	The story was about some children who discovered treasure locked in <b>chest</b> .
Unit 8	civilisation (n)	/ˌsɪvəlɪˈzeɪʃ(ə)n/	civiltà	Do you think there are advanced <b>civilisations</b> in space?
Unit 8	clay (n) **	/kleɪ/	argilla	The treasure was found when workers were digging to <b>find clay</b> .
Unit 8	container (n) **	/kənˈteɪnə(r)/	contenitore, recipiente	A jug is a <b>container</b> for liquids that you can pour from
Unit 8	deliberately (adv) **	/dɪˈlɪb(ə)rətli/	deliberatamente	" <b>Deliberately</b> " means the opposite of "by accident".
Unit 8	desperate situation	/ˈdesp(ə)rətˌsɪtʃueɪʃ(ə)n/	situazione disperata	There was a tiger in the lifeboat and Pi found himself in <b>adesperate situation</b> .
Unit 8	diamond (n) **	/ˈdaɪəmənd/	diamante	She was wearing a <b>diamond</b> wedding ring.
Unit 8	discovery (n) ***	/dɪˈskʌv(ə)ri/	scoperta	The <b>discoveries</b> were made purely by chance
Unit 8	do (v) ***	/duː/	fare	If you <b>do</b> a favour for someone, you do something that helps them
Unit 8	favour (n) ***	/ˈfeɪvə(r)/	favore	If you <b>do a favour</b> for someone, you do something that helps them.
Unit 8	finder (n)	/ˈfaɪndə(r)/	chi trova	In most states in the US, the <b>finder</b> of treasure can usually keep it
Unit 8	flask (n)	/flɑːsk/	thermos	A <b>flask</b> is a container that keeps liquids hot or cold
Unit 8	give up (phr v)	/ɡɪv ʌp/	arrendersi	If you <b>give up</b> in a situation, you lose hope and stop trying to achieve something
Unit 8	gold (n) ***	/ɡəʊld/	oro	Treasure is <b>gold</b> or silver that is found buried in the earth
Unit 8	grave (n) **	/ɡreɪv/	tomba	A <b>grave</b> is a place where a dead body is buried in a hole in the ground
Unit 8	handwritten (adj)	/ˌhændˈrɪt(ə)n/	scritto a mano	Something that is <b>handwritten</b> is written using pen and paper, rather than a word processor
Unit 8	hard work	/ˈhɑː(r)dˌwɜː(r)k/	duro lavoro	<b>Hard work</b> is the effort that you make to do something.
Unit 8	intentionally (adv)	/ɪnˈtenʃ(ə)nəli/	intenzionalmente	None of the inventions were made <b>intentionally</b> .
Unit 8	invention (n) **	/ɪnˈvenʃ(ə)n/	invenzione	An <b>invention</b> is something completely new that someone creates
Unit 8	jewel (n) *	/ˈdʒuːəl/	gioiello	A <b>jewel</b> is a hard and usually valuable stone, for example, a diamond
Unit 8	jewellery (n) **	/ˈdʒuːəlri/	gioielleria	Bracelets, brooches, and necklaces are all types of <b>jewellery</b> .
Unit 8	jug (n) *	/dʒʌɡ/	caraffa	A <b>jug</b> is a container for liquids that you can pour from
Unit 8	jump overboard	/dʒʌmp ˈəʊvə(r)bɔː(r)d/	saltare in mare	If you <b>jump overboard</b> from a boat or ship, you jump from it into the sea
Unit 8	landowner (n)	/ˈlændˌəʊnə(r)/	proprietario terriero	A <b>landowner</b> is someone who owns a large amount of land.
Unit 8	launch (v) ***	/lɔːntʃ/	lanciare	If you <b>launch</b> a rocket, you send it into space.
Unit 8	lid (n) **	/lɪd/	coperchio	She lifted the <b>lid</b> of the box.
Unit 8	lose face	/luːz feɪs/	perdere la faccia	She was frightened of <b>losing face</b> and wouldn't admit she was wrong.
Unit 8	lose your mind	/luːz jɔː(r) maɪnd/	perdere la testa, uscire di testa	I was so stressed I felt as if I were <b>losing my mind</b> .
Unit 8	nothing to lose	/ˈnʌθɪŋ tuː luːz/	niente da perdere	Why don't you apply for the job? You've got <b>nothing to lose</b> .
Unit 8	lose sight of sth	/luːz ˈsaɪt ɒv smθɪŋ/	perdere di vista	We mustn't <b>lose sight of</b> what we are trying to achieve
Unit 8	lose track of time	/luːz ˈtræk ɒv taɪm/	perdere la cognizione del tempo	If you <b>lose track of time</b> , you forget what time it is.
Unit 8	a lost cause	/ə ˈlɒstˌkɔːz/	causa persa	Something that is a <b>lost cause</b> is not worth supporting or getting involved with
Unit 8	make (v) ***	/meɪk/	prendere	It's important to <b>make</b> the right decision.
Unit 8	melt (v) **	/melt/	fondersi, liquefarsi	If a solid substance <b>melts</b> , it turns into a liquid because it is hot
Unit 8	by mistake	/baɪ mɪˈsteɪk/	accidentalmente	Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin quite <b>by mistake</b> .
Unit 8	necklace (n) *	/ˈneɪkləs/	collana	She is wearing an old, gold <b>necklace</b> .
Unit 8	nightmare (n) **	/ˈnaɪtmɛə(r)/	incubo	People often describe a very difficult situation as a <b>nightmare</b> ".
Unit 8	obsolete (adj)	/ˈɒbsəˈliːt/, /ˈɒbsəˈliːt/	obsoleto	Typewriters are <b>obsolete</b> and have been replaced by word processors
Unit 8	offering (n)	/ˈɒf(ə)rɪŋ/	offerta	A religious <b>offering</b> is something that you give to a god as a sign of respect.
Unit 8	on purpose	/ɒn ˈpʊː(r)pəs/	apposta, di proposito	None of the inventions were made <b>on purpose</b> .
Unit 8	owner (n) ***	/ˈəʊnə(r)/	proprietario	In some US states, any treasure that is found belongs to the <b>owner</b> of the land.
Unit 8	a pain (n) ***	/ə peɪn/	seccatura	People say "What a <b>pain!</b> " when something happens that annoys them.
Unit 8	penicillin (n)	/ˌpenəˈsɪlɪn/	penicillina	Alexander Fleming discovered <b>penicillin</b> quite by accident.

Unit 8	platinum (n)	/ˈplætɪnəm/	platino	<b>Platinum</b> is a precious metal.
Unit 8	precious metal (n)	/ˈpreʃəs ˌmet(ə)l/	metallo prezioso	Silver, gold, and platinum are all <b>precious metals</b> .
Unit 8	present-day (adj)	/ˈprez(ə)nt ˌdeɪ/	al giorno d'oggi	<b>Present-day</b> experts think the objects could have been used for religious purposes
Unit 8	ring (n) **	/rɪŋ/	anello	Over the next three years, archaeologists found thousands of small, <b>goldrings</b> .
Unit 8	safekeeping (n)	/ˌseɪfˈki:pɪŋ/	custodire al sicuro	If you do something for <b>safekeeping</b> , you do it in order to protect something and keep it safe
Unit 8	safety glass (n)	/ˌseɪfti ˌglɑ:s/	vetro antirapina	<b>Safety glass</b> is the glass that is used for making car windscreens.
Unit 8	seize (v) **	/si:z/	afferrare	If you <b>seize</b> something, you take hold of it suddenly and firmly with your hand
Unit 8	make sense (v)	/ˈmeɪk sɛns/	avere un senso	If something <b>makes sense</b> , it seems sensible and reasonable.
Unit 8	set (n) ***	/set/	serie	Archaeologists discovered a <b>set</b> of tableware, including four gold cups
Unit 8	setting (n) ***	/ˈsetɪŋ/	incastonatura	A <b>setting</b> is the metal part of a piece of jewellery that holds a stone or jewel in place
Unit 8	shipwrecked (adj)	/ˈʃɪpˌrekt/	naufragato	Pi was <b>shipwrecked</b> for many months in the Pacific Ocean.
Unit 8	silver (n) **	/ˈsɪlvə(r)/	argento	Treasure is gold or <b>silver</b> that is found buried in the earth
Unit 8	spacecraft (n)	/ˌspeɪsˌkrɑ:ft/	astronave	A <b>spacecraft</b> is a vehicle that can travel in space
Unit 8	stain (v) *	/steɪn/	macchiarsi	The Swiss chemist Jacques E Brandenburger was inspired to make a tablecloth that wouldn't <b>stain</b> .
Unit 8	state (n) ***	/steɪt/	stato	If someone finds treasure in the UK, the <b>state</b> pays the finder the value of the treasure
Unit 8	sticky note (n)	/ˈstɪki nəʊt/	post it	Spencer Silver was the man who invented <b>sticky notes</b> .
Unit 8	strength (n) ***	/streŋθ/	forza	Your <b>strength</b> is how physically strong you are.
Unit 8	tablecloth (n)	/ˈteɪb(ə)lˌklɒθ/	tovaglia	A <b>tablecloth</b> is a piece of material used for covering the surface of a table
Unit 8	tableware (n)	/ˈteɪb(ə)lˌweə(r)/	stoviglie	<b>Tableware</b> is things such as knives, forks, and dishes that you use when you are having a meal
Unit 8	time capsule (n)	/ˈtaɪm ˌkæpsju:l/	capsula del tempo (cassa contenente oggetti e do	People put things in <b>time capsules</b> so that future generations will know how they lived
Unit 8	treasure (n) **	/ˈtreʒə(r)/	tesoro	<b>Treasure</b> is gold or silver that is found buried in the earth
Unit 8	value (n) ***	/ˈvælju:/	valore	If someone finds treasure in the UK, the state pays the finder the <b>value</b> of the treasure.
Unit 8	value (v) **	/ˈvælju:/	valutare	Time capsules will enable future generations to <b>value</b> objects from the past.
Unit 8	vase (n) *	/vɑ:z/	vaso	I arranged the flowers in a <b>vase</b> of water.
Unit 8	warm (v) **	/wɔ:(r)m/	riscaldare	Conventional ovens cook food by <b>warming</b> the air around it.
Unit 8	weakened (adj)	/ˈwi:kən(ə)d/	indebolito	If your body is <b>weakened</b> , you do not feel strong because you are hungry, tired, or ill
Unit 8	wisdom (n) **	/ˈwɪzdəm/	saggezza	<b>Wisdom</b> is the knowledge people get from their experience of life
<b>Unit 9</b>	adore (v)	/ə ˈdɔ:(r)/	adorare	He absolutely <b>adores</b> his wife.
Unit 9	ally (n) **	/ˈælaɪ/	alleato	England and France were <b>allies</b> in the World Wars of the 20th century
Unit 9	analysis (n) ***	/ə ˈnæləsɪs/	analisi	If you make an <b>analysis</b> of something, you study and examine it in detail.
Unit 9	assume (v) ***	/ə ˈsjʊm/	supporre, presumere	I <b>assume</b> you'll be coming to the party?
Unit 9	assumption (n) **	/ə ˈsʌmpj(ə)n/	supposizione	You shouldn't make <b>assumptions</b> about people without getting to know them first
Unit 9	better-paid (adj)	/ˈbetə(r) ˌpeɪd/	meglio retribuiti	Jobs in the UK are generally <b>better-paid</b> than jobs in France.
Unit 9	bland (adj)	/blænd/	insipido	Food that is <b>bland</b> does not have much taste.
Unit 9	burial (n) *	/ˈberɪəl/	sepoltura	<b>Burial</b> is the process of putting a dead body into the ground
Unit 9	commentator (n) **	/ˈkɒmənˌteɪtə(r)/	cronista	He works as a football <b>commentator</b> on the radio.
Unit 9	conquer (v) *	/ˈkɒŋkə(r)/	conquistare	The French <b>conquered</b> England and ruled the country for several decades
Unit 9	cosy (adj) *	/ˈkəʊzi/	accogliente	A <b>cosy</b> place is comfortable and relaxing.
Unit 9	be crazy about	/bi ˈkreɪzi əˌbaʊt/	pazzo di	My son is <b>crazy about</b> football.
Unit 9	death (n) ***	/deθ/	morte	Most people fear <b>death</b> .
Unit 9	defend (v) ***	/dɪˈfend/	giocare in difesa	Although Fischer won the chess world championship once, he never <b>defended</b> it.
Unit 9	be dying to	/bi ˈdaɪŋ tu/	morire dalla voglia di	I'm <b>dying</b> to see you all again.

Unit 9	enemy (n) ***	/ˈenəmi/	nemico	Do you think that the English and the French are <b>enemies</b> ?
Unit 9	fancy (v) **	/ˈfænsi/	piacere a	If you <b>fancy</b> someone, you think they are attractive and want a relationship with them
Unit 9	be fond of sb	/bi fɒnd əv ˈsʌmbədi/	essere appassionato di qualcosa	They're lovely children and <b>'m very fond of</b> them.
Unit 9	foolish (adj) *	/ˈfʊlɪʃ/	sciocco	" <b>Foolish</b> " is a word that means "stupid".
Unit 9	general (adj) ***	/ˈdʒen(ə)rəl/	generale	What was your <b>general</b> impression of the hotel?
Unit 9	generalisation (n)	/ˌdʒen(ə)rəlaɪˈzeɪʃn/	generalizzazione	To say that all French people eat frogs legs is a ridiculous <b>generalisation</b> .
Unit 9	generalise (v)	/ˈdʒenəraɪz/	generalizzare	Try not to <b>generalise</b> too much about people in other countries
Unit 9	headquarters (n) **	/hedˈkwɔ:(r)tə(r)z/	sede centrale	The <b>headquarters</b> of an organisation or company are the place where it has its main offices
Unit 9	impulsive (adj)	/ɪmˈpʌlsɪv/	impulsivo	Someone who is <b>impulsive</b> does things too quickly without thinking about them first
Unit 9	indulgent (adj)	/ɪnˈdʌldʒ(ə)nt/	indulgente	Someone who is <b>indulgent</b> forgives and understands other people, even when they do something stupid
Unit 9	intense (adj) **	/ɪnˈtens/	forte	There is an <b>intense</b> rivalry between the two football teams in Glasgow: Celtic and Rangers
Unit 9	invade (v) *	/ɪnˈveɪd/	invadere	1066 was the year that William the Conqueror <b>invaded</b> and conquered England.
Unit 9	judge (v) ***	/dʒʌdʒ/	giudicare	Try not to <b>judge</b> other people.
Unit 9	judgement (n) **	/ˈdʒʌdʒmənt/	giudizio	Your <b>judgement</b> about a person or situation is your opinion about that person or situation
Unit 9	judgemental (adj)	/ˌdʒʌdʒmənt(ə)l/	critico, moralista	Someone who is <b>judgemental</b> is too willing to criticize other people's actions and behaviour.
Unit 9	be keen on	/bi ˈki:n ɒn/	essere appassionato di	I'm not very <b>keen on</b> Indian food.
Unit 9	look forward to	/lʊk ˈfɔ:(r)wəd(r)d tu/	non vedere l'ora di, aspettare impazientemente	I'm really <b>looking forward to</b> seeing you all again.
Unit 9	love-hate relationship (n)	/lʌv heɪt rɪˈleɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/	rapporto di amore-odio	There has always been a <b>love-hate relationship</b> between England and France
Unit 9	I mean ...	/aɪ mi:n/	Voglio/intendo dire...	He's a nice man. <b>I mean</b> , I like him as a friend, but I don't want to go out with him
Unit 9	misconceive (v)	/ˌmɪskənˈsi:v/	frantendere	If you <b>misconceive</b> something, you do not understand it correctly
Unit 9	misconception (n)	/ˌmɪskənˈsepʃ(ə)n/	pregiudizio, luogo comune	To think that all French people eat frogs legs is a complete <b>misconception</b> .
Unit 9	outraged (adj)	/ˈaʊtˌreɪdʒ(ə)d/	offendere	If you are <b>outraged</b> by something, it makes you very angry.
Unit 9	quieten down (phr v)	/ˈkwaɪət(ə)n ˌdaʊn/	calmarsi, acquietarsi	If things <b>quieten down</b> , they become calm or less busy again.
Unit 9	religion (n) ***	/rɪˈlɪdʒ(ə)n/	religione	The rivalry between Celtic and Rangers isn't just about football; it's also about <b>religion</b> .
Unit 9	rivalry (n)	/ˈraɪv(ə)lri/	rivalità	There is an intense <b>rivalry</b> between the two football teams in Glasgow: Celtic and Rangers
Unit 9	satire (n)	/ˈsætɪə(r)/	satira	<b>Satire</b> is the use of humour to criticise someone or something
Unit 9	satirical (adj)	/səˈtɪrɪk(ə)l/	satirico	He writes a <b>satirical</b> political column for a national newspaper
Unit 9	scare (v) *	/skeə(r)/	fare paura	If something <b>scares</b> you, it makes you feel very frightened
Unit 9	have a soft spot for sb (n)	/hæv ə sɒft spɒt fɔ:(r) ˈsʌmbədi/	avere un debole per	I <b>have a soft spot for</b> him -- I don't know why.
Unit 9	sort sth out (phr v)	/sɔ:(r)t ˈsʌmbɪŋ aʊt/	risolvere qualcosa	Thankfully, we managed to <b>sort out the problem</b> .
Unit 9	spicy (adj)	/ˈspɪsi/	speziato	A lot of Indian food is hot and <b>spicy</b> .
Unit 9	stand for (phr v)	/stænd fɔ:(r)/	significare, rappresentare	Room 101 is now a general term that <b>stands for</b> a place where horrible or frightening things are kept
Unit 9	stereotype (n) *	/ˈsterɪəˌtaɪp/	stereotipo	The image of the Frenchman in a blue and white T-shirt and a black beret is a nation <b>stereotype</b> .
Unit 9	stereotype (v)	/ˈsterɪəˌtaɪp/	generalizzare	I think we all <b>stereotype</b> other people to a certain extent
Unit 9	stereotypical (adj)	/ˌsterɪəˈtɪpɪk(ə)l/	stereotipico	A <b>stereotypical</b> Frenchman is a man in a blue and white T-shirt and a black beret
Unit 9	study (n) ***	/ˈstʌdi/	studio	A headmaster's <b>study</b> is the office where he works
Unit 9	be taken aback	/bi ˈteɪkən əˌbæk/	sorprendere, sbalordire	If you <b>are taken aback</b> , you are extremely surprised by something.
Unit 9	title (n) ***	/ˈtaɪt(ə)l/	titolo	Although Fischer won the chess world championship once, he never defended his <b>title</b> .
Unit 9	tolerance (n) *	/ˈtɒlərəns/	tolleranza	<b>Tolerance</b> is the attitude of someone who is willing to accept someone else's beliefs, way of life, etc without criticising them
Unit 9	tolerant (adj)	/ˈtɒlərənt/	tollerante	Older people are not always <b>tolerant</b> of younger people.
Unit 9	tolerate (v) *	/ˈtɒləreɪt/	tollerare, sopportare	I can't <b>tolerate</b> national stereotyping.
Unit 9	can't wait	/kɑ:nt weɪt/	non vedere l'ora	We <b>can't wait</b> for the school holidays to start.
Unit 9	warm-hearted (adj)	/ˌwɔ:(r)m ˈhɑ:(r)tɪd/	cordiale	Someone who is <b>warm-hearted</b> is kind and understanding.

Unit 10	abandon (v) **	/ə'bændən/	abbandonare	If you <b>abandon</b> a person or place, you leave them
Unit 10	acknowledge (v) **	/ək'nɒlɪdʒ/	ammettere	If you <b>acknowledge</b> something, you accept that it is true.
Unit 10	atlas (n)	/'ætləs/	atlante	An <b>atlas</b> is a book of maps.
Unit 10	audio book (n)	/'ɔ:diəʊ ,bʊk/	audiolibro	An <b>audio book</b> is a book that is read out loud and recorded on a cassette for people to listen to
Unit 10	bake (v) *	/beɪk/	cuocere	People used to <b>bake</b> "lucky" or "unlucky" objects into the birthday cake
Unit 10	at the beginning (of)	/æt ðə bi'gɪnɪŋ (ɒv)/	all'inizio	<b>At the beginning</b> of the story, the children are lost in a forest
Unit 10	in the beginning	/ɪn ðə bi'gɪnɪŋ/	all'inizio	<b>In the beginning</b> , I didn't like the book but then I started to really enjoy it
Unit 10	biography (n) *	/'baɪ'ɒgrəfi/	biografia	A <b>biography</b> is a book that someone writes about someone else's life
Unit 10	birthday (n) **	/'bɜ:ʒ(r)θdeɪ/	compleanno	Do you usually celebrate your <b>birthday</b> ?
Unit 10	birthday cake (n)	/'bɜ:ʒ(r)θdeɪ ,keɪk/	torta di compleanno	No one is sure of the origins of <b>birthday cakes</b> .
Unit 10	blow out	/'bləʊ aʊt/	spegnere	Children like to try and <b>blow out</b> the candles in one go.
Unit 10	body (n) ***	/'bɒdi/	corpo	In some countries family members view the <b>body</b> of the person who has died.
Unit 10	bookshop (n) *	/'bʊkʃɒp/	libreria	A <b>bookshop</b> is a store where books are sold.
Unit 10	burden (n) **	/'bɜ:ʒ(r)d(ə)n/	peso, fardello	A <b>burden</b> is a serious or difficult responsibility that you have to deal with
Unit 10	candle (n) **	/'kænd(ə)l/	candela	Children like to try and blow out the <b>candles</b> in one go.
Unit 10	card (n) ***	/'kɑ:(r)d/	biglietto	I must remember to send her a <b>card</b> for her birthday.
Unit 10	celebrate (v) ***	/'selə'breɪt/	celebrare	The kings in ancient Egypt <b>celebrated</b> their birthdays with huge feasts.
Unit 10	celebration (n) **	/'selə'breɪʃ(ə)n/	celebrazione, festeggiamento	The birthday <b>celebrations</b> of the Romans were different from our modern customs
Unit 10	dedication (n) *	/'dedɪ'keɪʃ(ə)n/	impegno, dedizione	Maria Jose thanked Alex for all his hard work and <b>dedication</b> over the years.
Unit 10	ebook (n)	/'i:bʊk/	ebook, libro in formato elettronico	An <b>ebook</b> is a book that is published in electronic form and that is available to read on the Internet
Unit 10	at the end (of)	/æt ðə end (ɒv)/	alla fine	<b>At the end</b> , the prince marries the girl and she becomes a princess
Unit 10	in the end	/ɪn ðə end/	alla fine	<b>In the end</b> , he asked her to marry him.
Unit 10	enjoy (v) ***	/ɪn'dʒɔɪ/	apprezzare	"What did you think of <i>Captain Corelli's Mandolin</i> ?" "I really <b>enjoyed</b> it."
Unit 10	an eye for detail	/æn aɪ fɔ:(r) 'di:teɪl/	un occhio per il dettaglio	A good designer or illustrator must have an <b>eye for detail</b> .
Unit 10	failure (n) ***	/'feɪljə(r)/	fallimento	<b>Failure</b> is the fact of not being able to do something that you tried to achieve
Unit 10	farewell (adj)	/'fɛə(r)'wel/	di addio	What do you think of Amelia Earhart's <b>farewell</b> letter to her husband?
Unit 10	farewell (n)	/'fɛə(r)'wel/	addio	<b>Farewell</b> is a way of saying goodbye to someone when you do not expect to see them again
Unit 10	feast (n)	/'fi:st/	festa, banchetto	A <b>feast</b> is an event where there is a lot of food and drink, usually in order to celebrate something
Unit 10	be fired	/'bi: 'faɪə(r)d/	essere licenziato	She <b>was fired</b> from the company after working there for over 20 years
Unit 10	funeral (n) **	/'fju:n(ə)rəl/	funerale	Over 250 people attended the <b>funeral</b> .
Unit 10	gate (n) ***	/'geɪt/	portone	He opened the <b>gate</b> and walked up to the house.
Unit 10	graduate (v) *	/'grædʒuəɪt/	laurearsi, diplomarsi	She <b>graduated</b> with a first-class honours degree.
Unit 10	grief (n) **	/'gri:f/	dolore, pena, afflizione	Nobody could console her in her <b>grief</b> .
Unit 10	guidebook (n) *	/'gaɪd ,bʊk/	guida turistica	A <b>guidebook</b> is a book for tourists that provides information about a place
Unit 10	hand in your notice	/'hænd ɪn jɔ:(r) 'nəʊtɪs/	rassegnare le dimissioni	If you <b>hand in your notice</b> , you write a letter to your employer saying that you are leaving your job
Unit 10	hardback (n)	/'hɑ:(r)d ,bæk/	libro rilegato	A <b>hardback</b> is a book that has a hard cover.
Unit 10	hard copy (n)	/'hɑ:(r)d ,kɒpi/	copia stampata	<b>Hard copy</b> is a printed copy of information stored on a computer
Unit 10	hazard (n) **	/'hæzə(r)d/	azzardo	A <b>hazard</b> is a risk of danger.
Unit 10	honour (v) **	/'ɒnə(r)/	onorare	Some countries have national holidays to <b>honour</b> the birthdays of important political figures
Unit 10	hunt (n) *	/'hʌnt/	caccia	<i>Moby Dick</i> tells the story of the whale <b>hunt</b> which ends in tragedy.
Unit 10	hunt (v) **	/'hʌnt/	cacciare	<i>Moby Dick</i> is a large white whale that is being <b>hunted</b> by Captain Ahab.
Unit 10	instruction manual (n)	/'ɪn'strʌkʃ(ə)n ,mænʒuəl/	manuale di istruzioni	An <b>instruction manual</b> is a book that tells you how to use a piece of equipment

Unit 10	join (v) ***	/dʒɔɪn/	iscriversi a	Anyone can <b>join</b> the library.
Unit 10	journal (n) **	/ˈdʒɜː(r)n(ə)l/	pubblicazione	A <b>journal</b> is a magazine containing articles relating to a particular profession
Unit 10	lend (v) **	/lend/	prestare	Could you <b>lend</b> me that book, please? I'd love to read it.
Unit 10	library (n) ***	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	biblioteca	A <b>library</b> is a place where books, documents, DVDs, etc are available to borrow
Unit 10	life expectancy (n)	/laɪf ɪkˈspektənsi/	aspettativa di vita	<b>Life expectancy</b> is the number of years people are expected to live
Unit 10	magazine (n) ***	/ˈmæɡəˈziːn/	rivista	A <b>magazine</b> is a large, thin book with a paper cover usually published every week or month
Unit 10	mark (v) ***	/mɑː(r)k/	segnare, indicare	In ancient Egypt, ordinary people's birthdays were <b>notmarked</b> in any way.
Unit 10	move away	/muːv əˈweɪ/	trasferirsi	They <b>moved away</b> from the area several years ago.
Unit 10	move out	/muːv aʊt/	andare via di casa	Their eldest son got married last year and <b>moved out</b> .
Unit 10	mourning (n)	/ˈmɔː(r)niŋ/	lutto	<b>Mourning</b> is a period of time after someone has died during which friends and family express great sadness
Unit 10	be narrated by	/bi nəˈreɪtɪd baɪ/	essere narrato da	<i>Moby Dick</i> is <b>narrated by</b> a sailor called Ishmael.
Unit 10	narrator (n)	/nəˈrɪtə(r)/	narratore	The <b>narrator</b> of <i>Moby Dick</i> is a sailor called Ishmael.
Unit 10	notebook (n) *	/ˈnəʊt,bʊk/	block-notes, taccuino	A <b>notebook</b> is a book with empty pages used for writing notes
Unit 10	novel (n) ***	/ˈnɒv(ə)l/	romanzo	A <b>novel</b> is a long, written story about imaginary characters and events
Unit 10	order (v) ***	/ˈɔː(r)də(r)/	ordinare	I've <b>ordered</b> a copy of the book from the bookshop
Unit 10	pagan (n)	/ˈpeɪɡən/	pagano	<b>Pagan</b> customs or traditions related to an ancient religion that had many gods and praised nature
Unit 10	paperback (n) *	/ˈpeɪpə(r),bæk/	libro in brossura, edizione economica	A <b>paperback</b> is a book with a cover made of thick paper
Unit 10	party (n) ***	/ˈpɑː(r)ti/	fiesta	Her colleagues organised a <b>big party</b> for her retirement.
Unit 10	pass away	/pɑːs əˈweɪ/	venire a mancare, morire	Someone who has <b>passed away</b> has died.
Unit 10	pastry (n) *	/ˈpeɪstri/	pasticcino	A <b>pastry</b> is a type of sweet cake made from flour, fat and water
Unit 10	present (n) ***	/ˈprez(ə)nt/	regalo, dono	What are we going to get him for his birthday <b>present</b> ?
Unit 10	procession (n) *	/prəˈseɪʃ(ə)n/	processione	Hundreds of people took part in the funeral <b>procession</b> .
Unit 10	regards ***	/ˈrɪˈɡɑː(r)dz/	saluti	Please give my <b>regards</b> to your wife.
Unit 10	rent (v) *	/rent/	affittare	If you <b>rent</b> a house or apartment, you do not own it but pay to live there
Unit 10	retire (v) **	/rɪˈtaɪə(r)/	andare in pensione	I've felt much more relaxed since I <b>retired</b> .
Unit 10	retirement (n) *	/rɪˈtaɪə(r)mənt/	pensionamento	Her colleagues organised a party for her <b>retirement</b> .
Unit 10	sacrifice (v) *	/ˈsækrɪfɪs/	sacrificare	If you <b>sacrifice</b> something important or valuable, you give it up on behalf of other people
Unit 10	satisfactory (adj) **	/ˌsætɪsˈfækt(ə)rɪ/	soddisfacente	Something that is <b>satisfactory</b> is pleasant or good enough.
Unit 10	self-help book (n)	/ˈself help bʊk/	libro di autoaiuto	A <b>self-help book</b> is a book that contains advice relating to problems that people have
Unit 10	be set in	/bi set ɪn/	ambientare in	<i>The Great Gatsby</i> is <b>set in</b> the 1920s in New York.
Unit 10	speech (n) ***	/spi:tʃ/	discorso	After the birthday meal, he stood up and made <b>a speech</b> .
Unit 10	split up	/splɪt ʌp/	lasciarsi con	He's very upset because he's just <b>split up with</b> his girlfriend.
Unit 10	at stake	/ˈæt ˌsteɪk/	a rischio	Something that is <b>at stake</b> is likely to be lost or damaged if something fails.
Unit 10	store (v) **	/stɔː(r)/	conservare	The British Library <b>stores</b> hard copies of some websites.
Unit 10	subscribe to	/ˌsʌbˈskraɪb tə/	abbonare	She <b>subscribes to</b> an online medical journal.
Unit 10	textbook (n)	/ˈtekst(t),bʊk/	libro di testo	A <b>textbook</b> is a book containing information about one subject, used in schools and universities
Unit 10	throw a party	/ˈθrəʊ ə ˌpɑː(r)ti/	dare una festa	They decided to <b>throw a party</b> to celebrate passing their exams.
Unit 10	toast (n) *	/təʊst/	brindisi	When people drink a <b>toast</b> to someone, they all drink together and say that person's name in order to express their good wishes
Unit 10	top-class	/ˈtɒp klaːs/	ai massimi livelli	" <b>Top-class</b> " is a word meaning excellent.
Unit 10	Welcome to ...	/ˈwelkəm ˌtuː/	Benvenuto a...	" <b>Welcome to ...</b> " are words you say at the beginning of a speech or event to welcome people to a place
Unit 10	whale (n) **	/weɪl/	balena	<i>Moby Dick</i> is a novel about a man who is hunting a <b>whale</b> .
Unit 10	widow (n) **	/ˈwɪdəʊ/	vedova	A <b>widow</b> is a woman whose husband has died.
Unit 10	widower (n)	/ˈwɪdəʊə(r)/	vedovo	A <b>widower</b> is a man whose wife has died.

Unit 10 will (n) \*\*\*

/wɪl/

testamento

He left everything to his wife in his **will**.

















































