Global Elementary Wordlist

Translation

	Word	Pronunciation	Translation	Example
Unit 1	about (prep) ***	/əˈbaʊt/	circa	He's **about** 35.
Unit 1	address (n) ***	/əˈdres/	indirizzo	What's your **address**?
Unit 1	airport (n) ***	/ˈeə(r)ˌpɔː(r)t/	aeroporto	Heathrow is the name of an **airport** in London.
Unit 1	back (n) ***	/bæk/	dietro	British number plates are yellow at the **back** of the car.
Unit 1	billion (n) **	/ˈbɪljən/	miliardo	A **billion** = 1,000,000,000.
Unit 1	bus (n) ***	/bʌs/	autobus	This is a **bus**.
Unit 1	business (n) ***	/ˈbɪznəs/	affari	English is the language of **business**.
Unit 1	car (n) ***	/kɑː(r)/	macchina	Number plates are on the front and back of a **car**.
Unit 1	car park (n)	/kɑː(r) pɑː(r)k/	parcheggio	My car is in the **car park**.
Unit 1	cell phone (*AmE*) (n)	/sel fəʊn/	cellulare	In American English, a portable phone is called a **cell phone**.
Unit 1	chocolate (n) **	/ˈtʃɒklət/	cioccolato	I love **chocolate**!
Unit 1	code (n) ***	/kəʊd/	prefisso	What's the international phone **code** for the UK?
Unit 1	combination (n) ***	/ˌkɒmbɪˈneɪʃ(ə)n/	combinazione	Number plates are a **combination** of letters and numbers.
Unit 1	common (adj) ***	/ˈkɒmən/	comune	Three (3) is a very **common** number.
Unit 1	computer (n) ***	/kəmˈpjuːtə(r)/	computer	English is the language of **computers**.
Unit 1	country (n) ***	/ˈkʌntri/	paese	English is an official language in more than 50 **countries**.
Unit 1	date of birth (n) *	/ˈdeɪt ev ˌbɜː(r)θ/	data di nascita	What's your **date of birth**?
Unit 1	different (adj) ***	/ˈdɪfrənt/	diverso/a	English is the official language in more than 50 **different** countries.
Unit 1	doctor (n) ***	/ˈdɒktə(r)/	medico/dottore	My father is a **doctor**.
Unit 1	drink (n) ***	/drɪŋk/	bevanda/bibita	Juice is a type of **drink**.
Unit 1	education (n) ***	/ˌedjʊˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	istruzione	Three (3) is a very common number in **education**.
Unit 1	eight (8) (number)	/eɪt/	otto	The word "postcode" has **eight** letters.
Unit 1	eighteen (18) (number)	/ˌeɪˈtiːn/	diciotto	I'm **eighteen**.
Unit 1	eighth (8th) (ordinal number)	/eɪtθ/	ottavo/a	August is the **eighth** month of the year.
Unit 1	eighty (80) (number)	/ˈeɪti/	ottanta	My grandfather is **eighty**.
Unit 1	eleven (11) (number)	/ɪˈlev(ə)n/	undici	My brother is **eleven**.
Unit 1	email (n) ***	/ˈiːmeɪl/	e-mail/posta elettronica	Do you send many **emails**?
Unit 1	email address (n)	/ˈiːmeɪl ˌədres/	indirizzo email/di posta elettronica	What's your **email address**?
Unit 1	emergency (n) ***	/ɪˈmɜː(r)dʒ(ə)nsi/	emergenza	999 is the **emergency** number in the UK.
Unit 1	English (adj) ***	/ˈɪŋglɪʃ/	inglese	Many **English** words are similar in other languages.
Unit 1	family (n) ***	/ˈfæm(ə)li/	famiglia	How many people are there in your **family**?
Unit 1	fashion (n) ***	/ˈfæʃ(ə)n/	moda	Are you interested in **fashion**?
Unit 1	fifteen (15) (number)	/ˌfɪfˈtiːn/	quindici	My sister's **fifteen**.
Unit 1	fifth (5th) (ordinal number)	/fɪfθ/	quinto/a	May is the **fifth** month of the year.
Unit 1	fifty (50) (number)	/ˈfɪfti/	cinquanta	"How old are you?" "I'm **fifty**."
Unit 1	fine (adj) ***	/faɪn/	bene	"How are you?" "I'm **fine**."

Unit	Word	Pronunciation	Translation	Example
Unit 1	first (1st) (ordinal number) ***	/fɜː(r)st/	primo/a	January is the **first** month of the year.
Unit 1	first language (n)	/ˈfɜː(r)st ˌlæŋɡwɪdʒ/	lingua madre	English is my **first language**.
Unit 1	first name (n) *	/ˈfɜː(r)st ˌneɪm/	nome	What's your **first name**?
Unit 1	five (5) (number)	/faɪv/	cinque	The word "phone" has **five** letters.
Unit 1	fixed phone (n)	/ˈfɪkst ˌfəʊn/	telefono fisso	I have a **fixed phone**, but I don't have a mobile phone.
Unit 1	food (n) ***	/fuːd/	cibo	Sandwiches are a type of **food**.
Unit 1	forty (40) (number)	/ˈfɔː(r)ti/	quaranta	My mother's **forty**.
Unit 1	four (4) (number)	/fɔː(r)/	quattro	The word "golf" has **four** letters.
Unit 1	fourth (4th) (ordinal number)	/fɔː(r)θ/	quarto/a	April is the **fourth** month of the year.
Unit 1	fourteen (14) (number)	/ˌfɔː(r)ˈtiːn/	quattordici	I'm a student and I'm **fourteen**.
Unit 1	freephone (n)	/ˈfriːˌfəʊn/	numero verde	**Freephone** numbers begin with 080 in the UK.
Unit 1	front (n) ***	/frʌnt/	davanti	British number plates are white at the **front** of the car.
Unit 1	golf (n) ***	/ɡɒlf/	golf	Do you play **golf**?
Unit 1	Good to see you.	/ɡʊd tə ˈsiː juː/	Piacere di vederti/La	"My name's Mark." "Hi Mark. **Good to see you.**"
Unit 1	Hello. (interjection) ***	/həˈləʊ/	Ciao/Salve	**Hello.** My name's Christina.
Unit 1	her (possessive adjective) ***	/hɜː(r)/	il suo/la sua	**Her** name's Liliya and she's from the Ukraine.
Unit 1	Hey. (interjection) *	/heɪ/	Ciao	"My name's Mark." "**Hey** Mark. Good to see you."
Unit 1	Hi. (interjection) *	/haɪ/	Ciao	"My name's Christina." "**Hi** Christina. Good to see you."
Unit 1	his (possessive adjective) ***	/hɪz/	il suo/la sua	**His** name's Hani and he's from Saudi Arabia.
Unit 1	hospital (n) ***	/ˈhɒspɪt(ə)l/	ospedale	**Hospitals** and universities are types of place.
Unit 1	hotel (n) ***	/həʊˈtel/	albergo	They speak English at the **hotel**.
Unit 1	How are you?	/ˈhaʊ ə ˌjuː/	Come Sta/stai?	"**How are you?**" "I'm fine."
Unit 1	I'm	/aɪm/	Sto/Sono	"How are you?" "**I'm** fine."
Unit 1	international (adj) ***	/ˌɪntə(r)ˈnæʃ(ə)nəl/	internazionale	**International** words are the same in many different languages.
Unit 1	(the) internet (n) ***	/(ðiː) ˈɪntə(r)ˌnet/	internet	Do you use the **internet**?
Unit 1	isn't	/ˈɪz(ə)nt/	non e'	She **isn't** from Russia -- she's from the Ukraine.
Unit 1	It's	/ɪts/	E'	"Where's the car?" "**It's** over here."
Unit 1	job (n) ***	/dʒɒb/	lavoro	She's a teacher -- that's her **job**.
Unit 1	juice (n) **	/dʒuːs/	succo	**Juice** is a type of drink.
Unit 1	key (n) ***	/kiː/	chiave	Where are my car **keys**?
Unit 1	kilometre (n) *	/kɪˈlɒmɪtə(r), ˈkɪləˌmiːtə(r)/	kilometro	"**Kilometre**" is a word connected with transport.
Unit 1	language (n) ***	/ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/	lingua	I speak two **languages**.
Unit 1	letter (n) ***	/ˈletə(r)/	lettera	Number plates are a combination of **letters** and numbers.
Unit 1	love (v) ***	/lʌv/	amare/adorare	I **love** chocolate!
Unit 1	lucky (adj) ***	/ˈlʌki/	fortunato(a)/portafortuna	People in China think the number eight is **lucky**.
Unit 1	marital status (n)	/ˈmærɪt(ə)l ˌsteɪtəs/	stato civile	"What's your **marital status**?" "Single."
Unit 1	mathematics (n) **	/ˌmæθəˈmætɪks/	matematica	Three (3) is a very common number in **mathematics**.

Unit 1	menu (n) **	/ˈmenjuː/	menu	"**Menu**" is a word connected with food and drink.
Unit 1	million (number) **	/ˈmɪljən/	milione	English is the first or second language for more than 500 **million** people.
Unit 1	mobile phone (*BrE*) (n) **	/ˌməʊbaɪl ˈfəʊn/	cellulare	In British English, a portable phone is called a **mobile phone**.
Unit 1	music (n) ***	/ˈmjuːzɪk/	musica	Pop is a type of **music**.
Unit 1	new (adj) ***	/njuː/	nuovo/a	I like to learn **new** words.
Unit 1	Nice to meet you.	/ˌnaɪs tə ˈmiːt juː/	Piacere di conoscerti/La	"Hi Sasha. I'm Tom." "**Nice to meet you**, Tom."
Unit 1	nine (9) (number)	/naɪn/	nove	The word "chocolate" has **nine** letters.
Unit 1	nineteen (19) (number)	/ˌnaɪnˈtiːn/	dicianove	Menahi is a student and he's **nineteen**.
Unit 1	ninety (90) (number)	/ˈnaɪnti/	novanta	My grandmother's **ninety**.
Unit 1	ninth (9th) (ordinal number)	/naɪnθ/	nono/a	September is the **ninth** month of the year.
Unit 1	no (adv) ***	/nəʊ/	no	"Is that your car?" "**No**, it isn't."
Unit 1	number (n) ***	/ˈnʌmbə(r)/	numero	Number plates are a combination of letters and **numbers**.
Unit 1	number plate (n)	/ˈnʌmbə(r) ˌpleɪt/	targa	**Number plates** are on the front and back of a car.
Unit 1	official (adj) ***	/əˈfɪʃ(ə)l/	ufficiale	English is an **official** language in more than 50 countries.
Unit 1	OK (adj) ***	/ˌəʊˈkeɪ/	bene	"How are you?" "**OK**."
Unit 1	one (1) (number) ***	/wʌn/	uno	**One** coffee, please.
Unit 1	place (n) ***	/pleɪs/	posto	Hospitals and universities are types of **place**.
Unit 1	politics (n) ***	/ˈpɒlətɪks/	politica	Three (3) is a very common number in **politics**.
Unit 1	pop (music) (n) *	/ˈpɒp ˌmjuːzɪk/	musica pop	Do you like **pop**?
Unit 1	postcode (n)	/ˈpəʊs(t)ˌkəʊd/	codice postale/CAP	What's your **postcode**?
Unit 1	question (n) ***	/ˈkwestʃ(ə)n/	domanda	The sentence "What's your name?" is a **question**.
Unit 1	radio (n) ***	/ˈreɪdiəʊ/	radio	"**Radio**" is an international word.
Unit 1	religion (n) ***	/rɪˈlɪdʒ(ə)n/	religione	Three (3) is a very common number in **religion**.
Unit 1	rich (adj) ***	/rɪtʃ/	ricco/a	Someone who is **rich** has a lot of money.
Unit 1	sandwich (n) **	/ˈsæn(d)wɪdʒ/	panino/tramezzino	**Sandwiches** are a type of food.
Unit 1	science (n) ***	/ˈsaɪəns/	scienza	Three (3) is a very common number in **science**.
Unit 1	second (2nd) (ordinal number) ***	/ˈsekənd/	secondo/a	February is the **second** month of the year.
Unit 1	second language (n)	/ˌsekənd ˈlæŋgwɪdʒ/	seconda lingua	English is my first language and French is my **second language**.
Unit 1	seven (7) (number)	/ˈsev(ə)n/	sette	The word "address" has **seven** letters.
Unit 1	seventh (7th) (ordinal number)	/ˈsev(ə)nθ/	settimo/a	July is the **seventh** month of the year.
Unit 1	similar (adj) ***	/ˈsɪmɪlə(r)/	simile	Many English words are **similar** in other languages.
Unit 1	six (6) (number)	/sɪks/	sei	The word "family" has **six** letters.
Unit 1	sixth (6th) (ordinal number)	/sɪksθ/	sesto/a	June is the **sixth** month of the year.
Unit 1	sport (n) ***	/spɔː(r)t/	sport	Do you like **sport**?
Unit 1	surname (n) *	/ˈsɜː(r)ˌneɪm/	cognome	What's your **surname**?
Unit 1	taxi (n) ***	/ˈtæksi/	taxi	A **taxi** is a type of transport.
Unit 1	telephone number (n)	/ˈtelɪfəʊn ˌnʌmbə(r)/	numero di telefono	What's your **telephone number**?

Unit 1	ten (10) (number)	/ten/	dieci	The word "kilometres" has **ten** letters.
Unit 1	tenth (10th) (ordinal number)	/tenθ/	decimo/a	October is the **tenth** month of the year.
Unit 1	that is	/ðæt ɪz/	lui/lei/quello/quella e'	"Who's that?" "**That is** Elodie -- she's from Switzerland."
Unit 1	third (3rd) (ordinal number)	/ˈθɜː(r)d/	terzo/a	March is the **third** month of the year.
Unit 1	thirteen (13) (number)	/ˌθɜː(r)ˈtiːn/	tredici	My sister's **thirteen**.
Unit 1	thirty (30) (number)	/ˈθɜː(r)ti/	trenta	Our son is **thirty**.
Unit 1	this is	/ˈðɪs ˌɪz/	lui/lei/questo/questa e'	**This is** Maxim -- he's from Russia.
Unit 1	three (3)	/θriː/	tre	The word "bus" has **three** letters.
Unit 1	transport (n) ***	/ˈtrænspɔː(r)t/	mezzo di trasporto	Taxis and buses are types of **transport**.
Unit 1	travel (n) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	viaggi	English words are used in the world of **travel**.
Unit 1	twelve (12) (number)	/twelv/	dodici	The word "universities" has **twelve** letters.
Unit 1	twenty (20) (number)	/ˈtwenti/	venti	Amy is a student and she's **twenty**.
Unit 1	two (2) (number) ***	/tuː/	due	The word "Hi" has **two** letters.
Unit 1	university (n) ***	/ˌjuːnɪˈvɜː(r)səti/	università	Hospitals and **universities** are types of place.
Unit 1	unlucky (adj)	/ʌnˈlʌki/	sfortunato(a)/malaugurato	Many people think the number 13 is **unlucky**.
Unit 1	virus (n) ***	/ˈvaɪrəs/	virus	"**Virus**" is a word connected with computers.
Unit 1	Windows®	/ˈwɪndəʊz/	Windows	"**Windows**" is also a word connected with computers.
Unit 1	word (n) ***	/wɜː(r)d/	parola	The English **word** "police" is similar to the Spanish **word** "policia".
Unit 1	X-ray (n) *	/ˈeks reɪ/	radiografia	You go to hospital to have an **X-ray**.
Unit 1	yes (adv) ***	/jes/	si	"Is that your car?" "**Yes**, it is."
Unit 1	your (possessive adjective) ***	/weak jə(r), strong jɔː(r)/	il tuo/la tua/il Suo/la Sua	Write **your** name and address on the form.
Unit 1	zero (number) **	/ˈzɪərəʊ/	zero	"**Zero**" means "0" or "nothing".
Unit 1	zoo (n) *	/zuː/	zoo	Some animals live in **zoos**.
Unit 2	after (prep) ***	/ˈɑːftə(r)/	dopo	**After** dinner, I usually watch TV.
Unit 2	afternoon (n) ***	/ˌɑːftə(r)ˈnuːn/	pomeriggio	He finishes work at 3.30 in the **afternoon**.
Unit 2	after that	/ˌɑːftə(r) ˈðæt/	dopo	I have dinner at 7.00 and **after that** I watch TV.
Unit 2	also (adv) ***	/ˈɔːlsəʊ/	anche	I'm a teacher and my sister is **also** a teacher.
Unit 2	(1/2/3 etc.) am	/(wʌn/tuː/θriː) ˌeɪ ˈem	del mattino	She gets up at 6.45 **am**.
Unit 2	American (adj)	/əˈmerɪkən/	americano/a	I'm from Los Angeles. I'm **American**.
Unit 2	April (n) ***	/ˈeɪprəl/	aprile	**April** is the fourth month of the year.
Unit 2	at (prep) ***	/æt/	nel	What do you do **at** the weekend?
Unit 2	August (n) ***	/ˈɔːgəst/	agosto	**August** is the eighth month of the year.
Unit 2	bed (n) ***	/bed/	letto	She normally goes to **bed** early.
Unit 2	begin (v) ***	/bɪˈgɪn/	comincia/inizia	The Indian New Year **begins** in the holiday of Diwali.
Unit 2	big (adj) ***	/bɪg/	grande	Glasgow is a **big** city in Scotland.
Unit 2	Brazil (n)	/brəˈzɪl/	Brasile	Rio de Janeiro is in **Brazil**.

Unit 2	Brazilian (adj)	/brəˈzɪliən/	brasiliano/a	He's from Brazil. He's **Brazilian**.
Unit 2	breakfast (n) ***	/ˈbrekfəst/	colazione	She has **breakfast** at 7.45.
Unit 2	busy (adj) ***	/ˈbɪzi/	animato(a)/trafficato(a)	Brussels is a **busy** city.
Unit 2	calendar (n) **	/ˈkælɪndə(r)/	calendario	Most Western countries use the Gregorian **calendar**.
Unit 2	China (n)	/ˈtʃaɪnə/	Cina	Shanghai is a city in **China**.
Unit 2	Chinese (adj)	/tʃaɪˈniːz/	cinese	She's from Beijing. She's **Chinese**.
Unit 2	city (n) ***	/ˈsɪti/	città	Frankfurt is a **city** in Germany.
Unit 2	coffee (n) ***	/ˈkɒfi/	caffè	I have **coffee** at eleven o'clock in the morning.
Unit 2	commute	/kəˈmjuːt/	fare il pendolare	**Commutes** across Europe are becoming common.
Unit 2	commuter (n) *	/kəˈmjuːtə(r)/	pendolare	A **commuter** is someone who travels a long way to work.
Unit 2	created capital (n)	/kriˈeɪtɪd ˌkæpɪt(ə)l/	?	A **created capital** exists for geographical or political reasons.
Unit 2	daytime (n) *	/ˈdeɪˌtaɪm/	di giorno	The roads are very busy in the **daytime**.
Unit 2	December (n) ***	/dɪˈsembə(r)/	dicembre	Christmas is in **December**.
Unit 2	different (adj) ***	/ˈdɪfɪk(ə)lt/	diverso/a	A Euro commuter is a person who lives in one country and works in a **different** country.
Unit 2	dinner (n) ***	/ˈdɪnə(r)/	cena	Laura has **dinner** at 9pm.
Unit 2	Dutch (adj)	/dʌtʃ/	olandese	She's from Amsterdam. She's **Dutch**.
Unit 2	evening (n) ***	/ˈiːvnɪŋ/	sera	In the **evening,** I meet friends.
Unit 2	favourite (adj) **	/ˈfeɪv(ə)rət/	preferito/a	"What is your **favourite** day of the week?" "Saturday."
Unit 2	February (n) ***	/ˈfebruəri/	febbraio	**February** is the second month of the year.
Unit 2	finish (v) ***	/ˈfɪnɪʃ/	finire	He **finishes** work at 3.30 in the afternoon.
Unit 2	France (n)	/frɑːns/	Francia	Paris is the capital city of **France**.
Unit 2	French (adj)	/frentʃ/	francese	I'm from Bordeaux. I'm **French**.
Unit 2	Friday (n) ***	/ˈfraɪdeɪ/	venerdì	They go to dance classes on **Friday**.
Unit 2	friendly (adj) ***	/ˈfren(d)li/	simpatico(a)/amichevole	It's important to me that people are **friendly**.
Unit 2	(I'm) from	/aɪm frəm/	Sono di/Vengo da	"Where are you from?" "**I'm from** Turkey."
Unit 2	geographical (adj) **	/ˌdʒiːəˈgræfɪk(ə)l/	geografico/a	A created capital exists for **geographical** or political reasons.
Unit 2	German (adj)	/ˈdʒɜː(r)mən/	tedesco/a	He's from Bonn. He's **German**.
Unit 2	Germany (n)	/ˈdʒɜːməni/	Germania	Frankfurt is a city in **Germany**.
Unit 2	get (to work) ***	/get (tə wɜː(r)k)/	arrivare (al lavoro)	What time do you normally **get to work**?
Unit 2	get up (phr v)	/get ʌp/	alzarsi	Laura **gets up** at 8.00 when she's in Barcelona.
Unit 2	go (to work/university) (v) ***	/gəʊ (tə wɜː(r)k/ˌjuːnɪˈvɜː(r)səti)/	andare (al lavoro/all'università)	She **goes to** work at about 7.30.
Unit 2	green spaces (n pl)	/ˈgriːn speɪsɪz/	aree verdi	I like cities and towns that have **green spaces**.
Unit 2	gym (n) *	/dʒɪm/	palestra	She finishes work at 5.00 and then she goes to the **gym**.
Unit 2	have (v) ***	/hæv/	fare (pranzo)/avere	He would usually **have** lunch at about 1.00.
Unit 2	Holland (n)	/ˌhɒlənd/	Olanda	I'm from **Holland**. I'm Dutch.
Unit 2	home (n) ***	/həʊm/	casa	She goes **home** at weekends.
Unit 2	homework (n) *	/ˈhəʊmwɜː(r)k/	compiti	He does his **homework** after dinner.

Unit 2	How old ...?	/haʊ əʊld/	Quanti anni...?	**How old** is the city of Astana in Kazakhstan?
Unit 2	in (prep) ***	/ɪn/	in	Texas is a state **in** the USA.
Unit 2	January (n) ***	/ˈdʒænuəri/	gennaio	**January** is the first month of the year.
Unit 2	Japanese (adj)	/ˌdʒæpəˈniːz/	giapponese	We're from Tokyo. We're **Japanese**.
Unit 2	July (n) ***	/dʒʊˈlaɪ/	luglio	**July** is the seventh month of the year.
Unit 2	June (n) ***	/dʒuːn/	giugno	**June** is the sixth month of the year.
Unit 2	long (adj) ***	/lɒŋ/	lungo/a	Hours are **long**. Minutes are short.
Unit 2	lunch (n) ***	/lʌntʃ/	pranzo	He has **lunch** at about 1.00.
Unit 2	March (n) ***	/mɑː(r)tʃ/	marzo	**March** is the third month of the year.
Unit 2	May (n) ***	/meɪ/	maggio	**May** is the fifth month of the year.
Unit 2	meeting (n) ***	/ˈmiːtɪŋ/	riunione	What time does the **meeting** start?
Unit 2	modern (adj) ***	/ˈmɒdə(r)n/	moderno/a	Astana is a **modern** city.
Unit 2	Monday (n) ***	/ˈmʌndeɪ/	lunedì	They go to a language class on **Monday**.
Unit 2	moon (n) **	/muːn/	luna	The Islamic calendar uses the **moon** to measure time.
Unit 2	morning (n) ***	/ˈmɔː(r)nɪŋ/	mattino	She has breakfast at six o'clock in the **morning**.
Unit 2	native speaker (n) *	/ˌneɪtɪv ˈspiːkə(r)/	madrelingua	There are over 400 million **native speakers** of English.
Unit 2	near (prep) ***	/nɪə(r)/	vicino	Bursa is in Turkey, **near** Istanbul.
Unit 2	New Year (n)	/ˈnjuː jɪə(r)/	anno nuovo	The Indian **New Year** begins in the holiday of Diwali.
Unit 2	noisy (adj) *	/ˈnɔɪzi/	rumoroso/a	Some cities are very **noisy**.
Unit 2	normally (adv) ***	/ˈnɔː(r)m(ə)li/	normalmente	When she's in London, Laura **normally** goes to bed about 10.30.
Unit 2	November (n) ***	/nəʊˈvembə(r)/	novembre	**November** is the month after October and before December.
Unit 2	October (n) ***	/ɒkˈtəʊbə(r)/	ottobre	**October** is the tenth month of the year.
Unit 2	old (adj) ***	/əʊld/	vecchio(a)/antico(a)	Rome is an **old** city.
Unit 2	on (prep) ***	/ɒn/	durante?	**On** weekdays, I get up at 7am.
Unit 2	party (n) ***	/ˈpɑː(r)ti/	festa	What time does the **party** start?
Unit 2	(1/2/3 etc.) pm	/(wʌn/tuː/θriː) ˌpiː ˈem/	del pomeriggio/della sera	He goes to bed at 11.30**pm**.
Unit 2	Poland (n)	/ˈpəʊlənd/	Polona	Warsaw is the capital city of **Poland**.
Unit 2	Polish (adj)	/ˈpəʊlɪʃ/	polacco/a	We're from Poland. We're **Polish**.
Unit 2	political (adj) ***	/pəˈlɪtɪk(ə)l/	politico/a	A created capital exists for geographical or **political** reasons.
Unit 2	public transport (n)	/ˈpʌblɪk ˌtrænspɔː(r)t/	mezzi pubblici	London has good **public transport**.
Unit 2	quiet (adj) ***	/ˈkwaɪət/	tranquillo/a	I live in a **quiet** village.
Unit 2	read (v) ***	/riːd/	leggere	Do you **read** a lot of books?
Unit 2	Russia (n)	/ˈrʌʃə/	Russia	Moscow is the capital city of **Russia**.
Unit 2	Russian (adj)	/ˈrʌʃ(ə)n/	russo/a	She's from Moscow. She's **Russian**.
Unit 2	Saturday (n) ***	/ˈsætə(r)deɪ/	sabato	On **Saturday**, we go to the cinema.
Unit 2	September (n) ***	/sepˈtembə(r)/	settembre	**September** is the ninth month of the year.
Unit 2	shopping centre (n)	/ˈʃɒpɪŋ ˌsentə(r)/	centro commerciale	There's a big **shopping centre** near our house.

Unit 2	short (adj) ***	/ʃɔː(r)t/	corto/a	Hours are long. Minutes are **short**.
Unit 2	small (adj) ***	/smɔːl/	piccolo/a	Look at picture B -- it's a **small** village in England.
Unit 2	Spain (n)	/speɪn/	Spagna	Madrid is the capital city of **Spain**.
Unit 2	Spanish (adj)	/ˈspænɪʃ/	spagnolo/a	They're from Madrid. They're **Spanish**.
Unit 2	sun (n) ***	/sʌn/	sole	The Gregorian calendar uses the **sun** to measure time.
Unit 2	Sunday (n) ***	/ˈsʌndeɪ/	domenica	What do you normally do on **Sunday**?
Unit 2	Thai (adj)	/taɪ/	thailandese	I'm from Thailand. I'm **Thai**.
Unit 2	Thailand (n)	/ˈtaɪˌlænd/	Thailandia	Bangkok is the capital city of **Thailand**.
Unit 2	then (adv) ***	/ðen/	poi	I go home, and **then** I have dinner.
Unit 2	Thursday (n) ***	/ˈθɜː(r)zdeɪ/	giovedì	On **Thursday**, I go to music classes.
Unit 2	too (adv) ***	/tuː/	anche	Astana is a created capital, and Washington DC is a created capital **too**.
Unit 2	town (n) ***	/taʊn/	piccola città	A **town** is smaller than a city.
Unit 2	Tuesday (n) ***	/ˈtjuːzdeɪ/	martedì	She goes to computer classes on **Tuesday**.
Unit 2	Turkey (n)	/ˈtɜː(r)ki/	Turchia	Ankara is the capital city of **Turkey**.
Unit 2	Turkish (adj)	/ˈtɜː(r)kɪʃ/	turco/a	I'm from Istanbul. I'm **Turkish**.
Unit 2	UK (n)	/ˌjuː ˈkeɪ/	Regno Unito	Oxford is a city in the **UK**.
Unit 2	use (v) ***	/juːz/	usare	The Islamic calendar **uses** the moon to measure time.
Unit 2	watch (TV) (v) ***	/wɒtʃ/	guardare (la televisione)	After dinner, I **watch TV**.
Unit 2	weather (n) ***	/ˈweðə(r)/	tempo	The **weather** is usually nice in Los Angeles.
Unit 2	Wednesday (n) ***	/ˈwenzdeɪ/	mercoledì	He goes to dance classes on **Wednesday**.
Unit 2	What? (question word) ***	/wɒt/	Che cosa	"**What** is this?" "It's a picture of an English village."
Unit 2	What time ...?	/ˌwɒt ˈtaɪm/	Ache ora	"**What time** does the party start?" "At 7.30 pm."
Unit 2	When? (question word) ***	/wen/	Quando	"**When** does the meeting start?" "At 3 pm."
Unit 2	Where? (question word) ***	/weə(r)/	Dove	"**Where** is Beijing?" "In China."
Unit 2	Why? (question word) ***	/waɪ/	Perché	**Why** do some countries create new capital cities?
Unit 3	animal (n) ***	/ˈænɪm(ə)l/	animale	"Do you like **animals**?" "Yes, I love them."
Unit 3	aunt (n) ***	/ɑːnt/	zia	My **aunt** and uncle live in New York.
Unit 3	awful (adj) **	/ˈɔːf(ə)l/	orribile/terribile	I hate dogs. I think they're **awful** animals.
Unit 3	beautiful (adj) ***	/ˈbjuːtəf(ə)l/	bello/a	My husband and I live in a **beautiful** old cottage.
Unit 3	black (n/adj) ***	/blæk/	nero	**Black** and white make grey.
Unit 3	blue (n/adj) ***	/bluː/	blu/azzurro	**Blue** and yellow make green.
Unit 3	boyfriend (n) **	/ˈbɔɪˌfrend/	ragazzo/fidanzato	Romeo is Juliet's **boyfriend**.
Unit 3	brother (n) ***	/ˈbrʌðə(r)/	fratello	My **brother**'s name is Steve.
Unit 3	brown (n/adj) ***	/braʊn/	marrone	"Do you like the colour **brown**?" "No, I don't."
Unit 3	camel (n)	/ˈkæm(ə)l/	cammello/a	**Camels** live in the desert.
Unit 3	carry (v) ***	/ˈkæri/	portare/trasportare	Sled dogs in North America **carry** things.

Unit	Word	Pronunciation	Italian	Example
Unit 3	cat (n) ***	/kæt/	gatto	I don't like **cats**. I think they're unfriendly animals.
Unit 3	children (n pl) ***	/ˈtʃɪldrən/	bambini	They have three **children**.
Unit 3	clan (n)	/klæn/	clan	A **clan** is a type of family group in Scotland.
Unit 3	clean (adj) ***	/kliːn/	pulito/a	Cats are normally **clean** animals.
Unit 3	companion (n) **	/kəmˈpænjən/	compagno/a	People use dogs as pets and **companions**.
Unit 3	cousin (n) **	/ˈkʌz(ə)n/	cugino/a	Ann and Jill are **cousins**.
Unit 3	daughter (n) ***	/ˈdɔːtə(r)/	filglia	King Lear has two **daughters**.
Unit 3	dead (adj) ***	/ded/	morto/a	Hamlet's father is **dead** and his mother is married to Claudius.
Unit 3	defence (n) ***	/dɪˈfens/	difesa	Some people use dogs for **defence**.
Unit 3	dirty (adj) ***	/ˈdɜː(r)ti/	sporco/a	"**Dirty**" is the opposite of "clean".
Unit 3	dislike (v) **	/dɪsˈlaɪk/	non piacere a qualcuno	Some people like animals, and some people **dislike** them.
Unit 3	dog (n) ***	/dɒg/	cane	**Dogs** are normally friendly animals.
Unit 3	dolphin (n) *	/ˈdɒlfɪn/	delfino	**Dolphins** are sea animals.
Unit 3	enemy (n) ***	/ˈenəmi/	nemico	The Montague and the Capulet families are **enemies**.
Unit 3	family (n) ***	/ˈfæm(ə)li/	famiglia	This is a photo of my **family**.
Unit 3	father (n) ***	/ˈfɑːðə(r)/	padre	My **father**'s name is Alan.
Unit 3	girlfriend (n) **	/ˈgɜː(r)lˌfrend/	ragazzo/fidanzata	Juliet is Romeo's **girlfriend**.
Unit 3	grandchildren (n pl)	/ˈgræn(d)ˌtʃɪldrən/	nipoti (di nonni)	Your **grandchildren** are the children of your daughter or son.
Unit 3	granddaughter (n)	/ˈgræn(d)ˌtʃaɪldrən/	nipote femmina (di nonni)	Our **granddaughter**'s name is Amy.
Unit 3	grandfather (n) **	/ˈgræn(d)ˌfɑːðə(r)/	nonno	My **grandfather** and grandmother live in Birmingham.
Unit 3	grandmother (n) **	/ˈgræn(d)ˌmʌðə(r)/	nonna	My grandfather and **grandmother** live in Birmingham.
Unit 3	grandparents (n pl) *	/ˈgræn(d)ˌpeərənts/	nonni	Where do your **grandparents** live?
Unit 3	grandson (n) *	/ˈgræn(d)ˌsʌn/	nipote maschio (di nonni)	Our **grandson**'s name is Luke.
Unit 3	green (n/adj) ***	/griːn/	verde	Blue and yellow make **green**.
Unit 3	grey (n/adj) ***	/greɪ/	grigio	Black and white make **grey**.
Unit 3	hate (v) ***	/heɪt/	odiare/detestare	I **hate** dogs. I think they're awful animals.
Unit 3	her (pronoun) ***	/weak ə(r), weak hə(r), strong hɜː(r)/	lei	Our dog's name is Princess. We love **her**.
Unit 3	him (pronoun) ***	/hɪm/	lui	Our cat's name is Jack. We love **him**.
Unit 3	horse (n) ***	/hɔː(r)s/	cavallo	**Horses** are beautiful, intelligent animals.
Unit 3	human (n) ***	/ˈhjuːmən/	uomini	**Humans** and dogs are often good friends.
Unit 3	husband (n) ***	/ˈhʌzbənd/	marito	Othello is Desdemona's **husband**.
Unit 3	intelligent (adj) **	/ɪnˈtelɪdʒ(ə)nt/	intelligente	Dogs are often very **intelligent** animals.
Unit 3	jealous (adj) *	/ˈdʒeləs/	geloso/a	Someone who is **jealous** is angry and upset because someone else has something that they want.
Unit 3	kilt (n)	/kɪlt/	kilt	"Do all Scottish people wear **kilts**?" "No, they don't."
Unit 3	land (n) ***	/lænd/	terreno	**Land** is an area of ground that is used for a special purpose.
Unit 3	like (v) ***	/laɪk/	piacere a qulacuno	"Do you **like** dogs?" "Yes, I do."
Unit 3	live (v) ***	/lɪv/	abitare	Where do your parents **live**?

Unit 3	a lot of	/ə lɒt əv/	molto/a	I have **a lot of** CDs at home.
Unit 3	lots of	/lɒts əv/	molto/a	I have **lots of** CDs at home.
Unit 3	love (v) ***	/lʌv/	amare/adorare	People **love** their pets.
Unit 3	mall (*AmE*) (n)	/mɔːl, mæl/	centro commerciale	We go shopping at the **mall** weekends.
Unit 3	market (n) ***	/ˈmɑː(r)kɪt/	mercato	They sometimes go shopping at the **market**.
Unit 3	me (pronoun) ***	/miː/	me	My boyfriend's parents don't like **me**.
Unit 3	meet (up) (v) ***	/miːt (ʌp)/	incontrarsi	They **meet (up)** in the main square.
Unit 3	mother (n) ***	/ˈmʌðə(r)/	madre	Gertrude is Hamlet's **mother**.
Unit 3	nice (adj) ***	/naɪs/	simpatico/a	It's a **nice**, friendly dog.
Unit 3	orange (n) (n/adj) **	/ˈɒrɪndʒ/	arrancione	Red and yellow make **orange**.
Unit 3	parents (n pl) ***	/ˈpeərənts/	genitori	My **parents**' names are Alan and Jane.
Unit 3	park (n) ***	/pɑː(r)k/	parco	They often go for a walk in the **park**.
Unit 3	pet (n) **	/pet/	animale domestico	People use dogs as **pets** and companions.
Unit 3	play (v) ***	/pleɪ/	giocare	Do you **play** video games?
Unit 3	power (n) ***	/ˈpaʊə(r)/	potere	**Power** is the ability to control and influence people.
Unit 3	rat (n) **	/ræt/	ratto	**Rats** are often dirty animals.
Unit 3	really (adv) ***	/ˈrɪəli/	veramente/molto	He's a **really** nice man.
Unit 3	red (n/adj) ***	/red/	rosso	**Red** and yellow make orange.
Unit 3	relationship (n) ***	/rɪˈleɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/	rapporto	The **relationship** between people and animals is often very good.
Unit 3	revenge (n) *	/rɪˈvendʒ/	vendetta	**Revenge** is something that you do to hurt or punish someone who has hurt or punished you.
Unit 3	see (v) ***	/siː/	vedere/guardare	I like to **see** films at the cinema.
Unit 3	sister (n) ***	/ˈsɪstə(r)/	sorrella	My **sister**'s name is Sue.
Unit 3	son (n) ***	/sʌn/	figlio	They have three **sons**.
Unit 3	son-in-law (n)	/ˈsʌn ɪn lɔː/	genero	Your **son-in-law** is the husband of your daughter.
Unit 3	square (n) ***	/skweə(r)/	piazza	The name of the main **square** is Piazza del Signoria.
Unit 3	stupid (adj) **	/ˈstjuːpɪd/	stupido/a	"**Stupid**" is the opposite of "intelligent".
Unit 3	talk (v) ***	/tɔːk/	parlare	I like to **talk** with friends.
Unit 3	tartan (n)	/ˈtɑː(r)t(ə)n/	tartan	Kilts are made of **tartan**.
Unit 3	ugly (adj) **	/ˈʌgli/	brutto/a	"**Ugly**" is the opposite of "beautiful".
Unit 3	uncle (n) **	/ˈʌŋk(ə)l/	zio	My aunt and **uncle** live in New York.
Unit 3	unfriendly (adj)	/ʌnˈfren(d)li/	antipatico/a	I don't like cats. I think they're **unfriendly** animals.
Unit 3	walk (n) ***	/wɔːk/	passeggiata/giro	I often go for a **walk** with friends.
Unit 3	walk round (phr v)	/ˈwɔːk raʊnd/	fare un giro	They **walk round** the mall and talk.
Unit 3	wedding (n) ***	/ˈwedɪŋ/	matrimonio	A **wedding** is a special occasion when two people get married.
Unit 3	wife (n) ***	/waɪf/	moglie	Desdemona is Othello's **wife**.
Unit 3	white (n/adj) ***	/waɪt/	bianco	Black and **white** make grey.
Unit 3	yellow (n/adj) ***	/ˈjeləʊ/	giallo	Blue and **yellow** make green.

Unit 3	you (pronoun) ***	/weak jə, weak jʊ, strong juː/	te	I love **you**!
Unit 4	airport transfer (n)	/ˈeə(r)ˌpɔː(r)t ˌtrænspɔː(r)t/	trasporto da e per l'aeroporto	**Airport transfer** is a system of transport that takes people to and from an airport.
Unit 4	armchair (n) **	/ˈɑː(r)mˌtʃeə(r)/	poltrona	There are two **armchairs** in the living room.
Unit 4	available (adj) ***	/əˈveɪləb(ə)l/	disponibile	Do you have any rooms **available**?
Unit 4	balcony (n) *	/ˈbælkəni/	balcone	I'd like a room with a **balcony**.
Unit 4	banana (n) *	/bəˈnɑːnə/	banana	**Bananas** are a type of fruit.
Unit 4	bar (n) ***	/bɑː(r)/	bar	There's a big **bar** in the hotel.
Unit 4	bath (n) ***	/bɑːθ/	vasca	There's a **bath** and a shower in the bathroom.
Unit 4	bathroom (n) **	/ˈbɑːθˌruːm/	bagno	There's a bath and a shower in the **bathroom**.
Unit 4	bean (n) **	/biːn/	fagiolo	**Beans** are a kind of vegetable.
Unit 4	bedroom (n) **	/ˈbedˌruːm/	camera da letto	Do you have a TV in your **bedroom**?
Unit 4	beer (n) ***	/bɪə(r)/	birra	**Beer** is a sort of drink.
Unit 4	biscuit (n) **	/ˈbɪskɪt/	biscotto	Many people eat **biscuits** for breakfast in South Africa.
Unit 4	book (v) **	/bʊk/	prenotare	We'd like to **book** a double room for 4 nights.
Unit 4	bread (n) ***	/bred/	pane	I have **bread** and jam for breakfast.
Unit 4	breakfast (n) ***	/ˈbrekfəst/	colazione	The "full English **breakfast**" is traditional in England.
Unit 4	butter (n) **	/ˈbʌtə(r)/	burro	**Butter** is a sort of dairy product.
Unit 4	cable television (n)	/ˈkeɪb(ə)l ˌtelɪvɪʒ(ə)n/	televisione via cavo	There is **cable television** in all the rooms.
Unit 4	cakes (n) ***	/keɪks/	torte	I love biscuits and **cakes**.
Unit 4	carrot (n)	/ˈkærət/	carota	**Carrots** are a kind of vegetable.
Unit 4	cheese (n) **	/tʃiːz/	formaggio	Camembert is a sort of **cheese**.
Unit 4	chips (*BrE*) (n pl) **	/tʃɪps/	patate fritte	Children eat a lot of **chips** and hamburgers.
Unit 4	Coca-Cola® (n)	/ˈkəʊkə ˌkəʊlə/	coca	**Coca-Cola®** is a very popular drink.
Unit 4	coffee (n) ***	/ˈkɒfi/	caffè	Would you like a cup of **coffee**?
Unit 4	connect (v) ***	/kəˈnekt/	collegare	The CouchSurfing project **connects** travellers with local people.
Unit 4	cooker (n) *	/ˈkʊkə(r)/	fornello da cucina	There's a **cooker** in the kitchen.
Unit 4	cost (n) ***	/kɒst/	costo/prezzo	The weight and **cost** of each item of food is included in the book.
Unit 4	couch (n)	/kaʊtʃ/	divano/sofà	A **couch** is another word for a sofa.
Unit 4	couchsurfer (n)	/ˈkaʊtʃˌsɜː(r)f(ə)r/	couchsurfer	A **CouchSurfer** is a traveller who sleeps on the couch of people in different countries.
Unit 4	couchsurfing (n)	/ˈkaʊtʃˌsɜː(r)fɪŋ/	couchsurfing	**CouchSurfing** is the activity of travelling by staying on the couch of people in different countries.
Unit 4	criminal (n) ***	/ˈkrɪmɪn(ə)l/	criminale	There are no **criminals** in the old Ottawa jail.
Unit 4	crisps (n pl) *	/krɪspz/	patatine	**Crisps** are a popular type of snack.
Unit 4	cup (n) ***	/kʌp/	tazza	Would you like a **cup** of tea?
Unit 4	cupboard (n) **	/ˈkʌbə(r)d/	armadio	There's a lot of food in the **cupboard**.
Unit 4	curry (n)	/ˈkʌri/	curry	**Curry** is a sort of Indian food.
Unit 4	dairy product (n)	/ˈdeəri ˌprɒdʌkt/	latticini	Milk, butter, and cheese are **dairy products**.

Unit 4	dining car (n)	/ˈdaɪnɪŋ ˌkɑː(r)/	carrozza ristorante	A **dining car** is the part of a train where people eat.
Unit 4	dinner (n) ***	/ˈdɪnə(r)/	cena	"**Dinner**" is a French word.
Unit 4	double room (n)	/ˈdʌb(ə)l ˌruːm/	camera doppia	We'd like to book a **double room** for 4 nights.
Unit 4	downtown (adj)	/ˌdaʊnˈtaʊn/	del centro	The hotel is in the old **downtown** Ottawa jail.
Unit 4	drink (n) ***	/drɪŋk/	bevanda/bibita	Coffee and orange juice are types of **drink**.
Unit 4	egg (n) ***	/eg/	uovo	Bacon and **eggs** is a traditional English breakfast.
Unit 4	enough (pronoun) ***	/ɪˈnʌf/	abbastanza	Many people don't eat **enough**, and many people eat too much.
Unit 4	facilities (n pl) ***	/fəˈsɪlətiːz/	servizi	What kind of **facilities** do you have at the hotel?
Unit 4	fish (n) ***	/fɪʃ/	pesce	"Do you eat **fish** and meat?" "Yes, I do."
Unit 4	flat (n) ***	/flæt/	apartamento	He lives in a one-bedroom **flat**.
Unit 4	food (n) ***	/fuːd/	cibo	Sushi is a type of Japanese **food**.
Unit 4	French fries (*AmE*) (n pl)	/ˈfrentʃ fraɪz/	patate fritte	Children eat a lot of **French fries** and hamburgers.
Unit 4	fresh food (n)	/ˈfreʃ fuːd/	cibo fresco	The family from Guatemala eat a lot of **fresh food**.
Unit 4	fridge (n) *	/frɪdʒ/	frigo	The **fridge** is in the kitchen.
Unit 4	goulash (n)	/ˈguːlæʃ/	gulash	**Goulash** is a sort of Hungarian food.
Unit 4	guided tour (n)	/ˌgaɪdɪd ˈtʊə(r)/	visita guidata	**Guided tours** of the city are available.
Unit 4	hamburger (n)	/ˈhæmˌbɜː(r)gə(r)/	hamburger	Children eat a lot of chips and **hamburgers**.
Unit 4	ice cream (n) *	/ˌaɪs ˈkriːm/	gelato	I love **ice cream** on a hot day!
Unit 4	be included	/bi ɪnˈkluːdɪd/	essere compreso	Meals **are included** in the price of the package.
Unit 4	internet access (n)	/ˈɪntə(r)net ˌækses/	accesso a internet	Business travellers want i**nternet access** in their hotel.
Unit 4	jail (n) *	/dʒeɪl/	prigione/carcere	A **jail** is a place where criminals are sent.
Unit 4	jam (n) *	/dʒæm/	confettura/marmellata	I have bread and **jam** for breakfast.
Unit 4	juice (n) **	/dʒuːs/	succo	Would you like orange **juice** or apple **juice**?
Unit 4	a kind of	/ə kaɪnd əv/	un tipo di/una specie di	Eggs are **a kind of** dairy product.
Unit 4	kitchen (n) ***	/ˈkɪtʃən/	cucina	We have a big fridge-freezer in our **kitchen**.
Unit 4	lamp (n) **	/læmp/	lampada	The **lamp** is on the table.
Unit 4	lighthouse (n)	/ˈlaɪtˌhaʊs/	faro	The **lighthouse** is on an island in Newfoundland.
Unit 4	living room (n) **	/ˈlɪvɪŋ ˌruːm/	soggiorno	There's a small sofa in the **living room**.
Unit 4	local (adj) ***	/ˈləʊk(ə)l/	del posto	The CouchSurfing project connects travellers with **local** people.
Unit 4	many (determiner) ***	/ˈmeni/	molti/e	The hotel is popular and **many** tourists stay there.
Unit 4	maple syrup (n)	/ˈmeɪp(ə)l ˌsɪrəp/	sciroppo d'acero	In the US and Canada, many people have pancakes and **maple syrup** for breakfast.
Unit 4	marmalade (n)	/ˈmɑː(r)məleɪd/	marmellata	**Marmalade** is a sort of jam that is popular in the UK.
Unit 4	meat (n) ***	/miːt/	carne	"Do you eat **meat** and fish?" "Yes, I do."
Unit 4	meeting room (n)	/ˈmiːtɪŋ ˌruːm/	sala riunione	The hotel has a **meeting room** for business travellers.
Unit 4	milk (n) ***	/mɪlk/	latte	Would you like **milk** with your tea?
Unit 4	much (determiner) ***	/mʌtʃ/	molto/a	Some families don't eat **much** fresh food.
Unit 4	orange (n) **	/ˈɒrɪndʒ/	arancia	An **orange** is a sort of fruit.

Unit 4	overfed (adj)	/ˈəʊvə(r)ˌfed/	mangiare troppo	Many people in the Western world are **overfed**.
Unit 4	owner (n) ***	/ˈəʊnə(r)/	proprietario	James and Shelley Le Fresne are the **owners** of the Train Station Inn.
Unit 4	package (holiday) (n)	/ˈpækɪdʒ (hɒlɪdeɪ)/	pacchetto vacanza	A **package holiday** includes hotel, food and transport in the price.
Unit 4	paella (n)	/paɪˈelə/	paella	**Paella** is a kind of Spanish food.
Unit 4	pancake (n)	/ˈpænˌkeɪk/	pancake	In the US and Canada, many people have **pancakes** and maple syrup for breakfast.
Unit 4	pasta (n) *	/ˈpæstə/	pasta	**Pasta** is a typical Italian food.
Unit 4	pizza (n) *	/ˈpiːtsə/	pizza	**Pizza** is also a typical Italian food.
Unit 4	planet (n) **	/ˈplænɪt/	pianeta	The number of overfed and underfed people on our **planet** is the same.
Unit 4	potatoes (n) **	/pəˈteɪtəʊz/	patate	Chips/French fries are made from **potatoes**.
Unit 4	price (n) ***	/praɪs/	prezzo	The **price** of rooms is from $25 to $65.
Unit 4	private (adj) ***	/ˈpraɪvət/	privato/a	You can book a group or a **private** bedroom.
Unit 4	processed food (n)	/ˈprəʊses(ə)d fuːd/	cibo conservato, cibo in scatola	The family from the United States eat a lot of **processed food**.
Unit 4	restaurant (n) ***	/ˈrest(ə)rɒnt/	ristorante	The food in the **restaurant** is very good.
Unit 4	rice (n) **	/raɪs/	riso	Kedgeree is made from **rice**, fish, and eggs.
Unit 4	room (n) ***	/ruːm/	camera	I'd like a **room** with a balcony.
Unit 4	shelf (n) **	/ʃelf/	mensola	The books are on the **shelf**.
Unit 4	shower (n) **	/ˈʃaʊə(r)/	doccia	In the bathroom there's a bath, **shower** and toilet.
Unit 4	single (room) (n)	/ˈsɪŋg(ə)l ˌruːm/	camera singola	I'd like to book a **single room**, please.
Unit 4	sleep (v) ***	/sliːp/	dormire	Guests **sleep** in a real tepee outside.
Unit 4	sofa (n) *	/ˈsəʊfə/	sofà, divano	A **sofa** is another word for a couch.
Unit 4	some (determiner) ***	/sʌm/	un po' di	Would you like **some** cakes and biscuits?
Unit 4	a sort of	/ə sɔː(r)t əv/	un tipo di/una specie di	Tacos are **a sort of** Mexican food.
Unit 4	special (adj) ***	/ˈspeʃ(ə)l/	speciale	The hotels are all **special** and unique.
Unit 4	station (n) ***	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	stazione	The **station** is the place where trains stop.
Unit 4	suite (n) **	/swiːt/	suite	A **suite** is a set of room, for example, a bedroom and a bathroom.
Unit 4	supper (n) **	/ˈsʌpə(r)/	cena	"**Supper**" is a French word.
Unit 4	sushi (n)	/ˈsuːʃi/	sushi	**Sushi** is a type of Japanese food.
Unit 4	swimming pool (n)	/ˈswɪmɪŋ ˌpuːl/	piscina	The hotel has a private **swimming pool**.
Unit 4	tacos (n)	/ˈtækəʊs/	tacos	**Tacos** are a sort of Mexican food.
Unit 4	tea (n) ***	/tiː/	tè	Would you like a cup of **tea**?
Unit 4	tepee (n)	/ˈtiːpiː/	tepee	Guests sleep in a real **tepee** outside.
Unit 4	There are ... ***	/ˈðeər ˌɑː(r)/	Ci sono	**There are** a lot of tourists at the hotel.
Unit 4	There is ... ***	/ˈðeər ˌɪz/	C'è	**There is** lots of food in the cupboard.
Unit 4	toast (n) *	/təʊst/	pane tostato	**Toast** is grilled bread.
Unit 4	toilet (n) **	/ˈtɔɪlət/	toilette	Where is the **toilet**?
Unit 4	tomato (n) **	/təˈmɑːtəʊ/	pomodoro	**Tomatoes** are a type of fresh food.
Unit 4	too much	/tuː ˌmʌtʃ/	troppo/a	Many people don't eat enough, and many people eat **too much**.

Unit 4	traditional (adj) ***	/trəˈdɪʃ(ə)nəl/	tradizionale	The "full English breakfast" is **traditional** in England.
Unit 4	train (n) ***	/treɪn/	treno	Guests sleep on a **train** in an old train station in Nova Scotia.
Unit 4	traveller (n) **	/ˈtræv(ə)lə(r)/	viaggiatore	The CouchSurfing project connects **travellers** with local people.
Unit 4	twin (room) (n)	/twɪn (ruːm)/	camera doppia con letti separati	A **twin room** is a room with two single beds.
Unit 4	a type of	/ə taɪp əv/	un tipo di	Bananas are **a type of** fruit.
Unit 4	typical (adj) ***	/ˈtɪpɪk(ə)l/	tipico/a	Pasta is a **typical** Italian food.
Unit 4	underfed (adj)	/ˌʌndə(r)ˈfed/	non mangiare abbastanza	People in poorer countries are often **underfed**.
Unit 4	unique (adj) ***	/juːˈniːk/	unico/a	The hotels are all special and **unique**.
Unit 4	vegetables (n) ***	/ˈvedʒtəb(ə)lz/	verdure	Some children don't like fruit and **vegetables**.
Unit 4	view (n) ***	/vjuː/	vista	From the windows, there are fantastic **views** of the ocean.
Unit 4	wardrobe (n) *	/ˈwɔː(r)drəʊb/	armadio	My clothes are in the **wardrobe**.
Unit 4	water (n) ***	/ˈwɔːtə(r)/	acqua	A glass of **water**, please.
Unit 4	weight (n) ***	/weɪt/	peso	The **weight** and cost of each item of food is included in the book.
Unit 4	wine (n) ***	/waɪn/	vino	**Wine** is a kind of drink.
Unit 4	Would you like ...?	/ˌwʊd jʊ ˈlaɪk/	Vorresti/Vorrebbe...?	**Would you like** a traditional English breakfast?
Unit 5	actor (n) ***	/ˈæktə(r)/	attore	Brad Pitt is a famous film **actor**.
Unit 5	Africa (n)	/ˈæfrɪkə/	Africa	2.5% of new films are made in **Africa** every year.
Unit 5	agree (v) ***	/əˈgriː/	essere d'accordo	I **agree** that television can make young people violent.
Unit 5	alien (n) **	/ˈeɪliən/	alieno	An **alien** is a creature from another planet.
Unit 5	alone (adj) **	/əˈləʊn/	da solo/a	I don't like being **alone** in the house.
Unit 5	always (adv) ***	/ˈɔːlweɪz/	sempre	He **always** goes for a walk at the weekend.
Unit 5	Asia (n)	/ˈeɪʃə, ˈeɪʒə/	Asia	**Asia** makes 67% of the world's new films every year.
Unit 5	bag (n) ***	/bæg/	borsa	Would you like a **bag** for your shopping?
Unit 5	believe (v) ***	/bɪˈliːv/	credere	Many people **believe** that Hollywood is the world's biggest producer of films.
Unit 5	boat (n) ***	/bəʊt/	barca	The film is about the passengers on a **boat**.
Unit 5	boring (adj) **	/ˈbɔːrɪŋ/	nioso/a	"Do you like science fiction films?" "No, I think they're **boring**."
Unit 5	buy (v) ***	/baɪ/	comprare	You can **buy** your tickets on the internet.
Unit 5	cash (n) ***	/kæʃ/	contanti	Do you want to pay by credit card or **cash**?
Unit 5	cinema (n) **	/ˈsɪnəmə/	cinema	We don't often go to the **cinema**.
Unit 5	coast (n) ***	/kəʊst/	costa	The shark kills people on the **coast** of California.
Unit 5	comedy programme (n)	/ˈkɒmədi ˌprəʊgræm/	programma comico	I love **comedy programmes**. I think they're very funny.
Unit 5	credit card (n) **	/ˈkredɪt ˌkɑː(r)d/	carta di credito	Do you want to pay by **credit card** or cash?
Unit 5	crime (n) ***	/kraɪm/	criminalità	People see a lot of **crime** on television and they are sometimes frightened.
Unit 5	dangerous (adj) ***	/ˈdeɪndʒərəs/	pericoloso/a	They are frightened because they think the world is **dangerous**.
Unit 5	day (n) ***	/deɪ/	gioron	I go for a walk once a **day**.
Unit 5	It depends.	/ɪt dɪˈpends/	dipende	"How often do you do exercise?" "**It depends.**"

Unit 5	develop (v) ***	/dɪˈveləp/	svilupparsi	Some people think that babies **develop** more quickly if they watch programmes such as *Brainy Baby* .
Unit 5	disagree (v) **	/ˌdɪsəˈgriː/	non essere d'accordo	"I think that television can make you stupid." "I **disagree**."
Unit 5	documentary (n) *	/ˌdɒkjʊˈment(ə)ri/	documentario	It's an interesting **documentary** about animals.
Unit 5	effects (n pl) ***	/ɪˈfektz/	effetti	What are the **effects** of watching television on people?
Unit 5	empty (adj) ***	/ˈempti/	vuoto/a	There are no passengers on the bus -- it's completely **empty**.
Unit 5	Europe (n)	/ˈjʊərəp/	Europa	17% of new films are made in **Europe** every year.
Unit 5	every (determiner) ***	/ˈevri/	ogni	We go on holiday **every** summer.
Unit 5	excellent (adj) ***	/ˈeksələnt/	eccellente/ottimo	There are some **excellent** programmes on television.
Unit 5	exciting (adj) **	/ɪkˈsaɪtɪŋ/	avvincente	I love watching thrillers -- I think they're really **exciting**.
Unit 5	fall in love	/fɔːl ɪn lʌv/	innamorasi	The film is about a girl and a boy who **fall in love**.
Unit 5	fantastic (adj) **	/fænˈtæstɪk/	fantastico/a	Guncharosh thinks that *Mamma Mia* is a **fantastic** film.
Unit 5	fat (adj) **	/fæt/	grasso/a	Some people think that children are **fat** because they watch too much television.
Unit 5	film (n) ***	/fɪlm/	film	*Monsoon Wedding* is one of the world's most popular **films**.
Unit 5	for example ***	/fə(r) ɪgˈzɑːmp(ə)l/	per esempio	Television isn't completely bad, **for example**, there are lots of interesting documentaries.
Unit 5	funny (adj) ***	/ˈfʌni/	divertente	I love comedy programmes. I think they're very **funny**.
Unit 5	great (adj) ***	/greɪt/	fantastico	I think *Titanic* is a **great** film.
Unit 5	happy (adj) ***	/ˈhæpi/	felice	The boy and girl fall in love and are very **happy**.
Unit 5	headache (n) *	/ˈhedeɪk/	mal di testa	If you watch too much television, you can get a **headache**.
Unit 5	How often ...?	/haʊ ˈɒf(ə)n/	Quante volte...?	**How often** do you go to the cinema?
Unit 5	hungry (adj) **	/ˈhʌŋgri/	avere fame	Can I have a sandwich? I'm **hungry**.
Unit 5	hurt (v) ***	/hɜː(r)t/	fare male	If I watch too much television, it **hurts** my eyes.
Unit 5	important (adj) ***	/ɪmˈpɔː(r)t(ə)nt/	importante	India has the world's most **important** film industry.
Unit 5	interesting (adj) ***	/ˈɪntrəstɪŋ/	interesante	"I like documentaries." "I agree. I think they're **interesting**."
Unit 5	kill (v) ***	/kɪl/	uccidere	The shark **kills** people on the coast of California.
Unit 5	lazy (adj) **	/ˈleɪzi/	pigro/a	Does television make people stupid and **lazy**?
Unit 5	(the) majority (n) ***	/(ðə) məˈdʒɒrəti/	la maggior parte	The **majority** of films are made in India.
Unit 5	manager (n) ***	/ˈmænɪdʒə(r)/	manager	A **manager** is someone who is responsible for a business.
Unit 5	money (n) ***	/ˈmʌni/	soldi	Do you have enough **money** to buy a DVD player?
Unit 5	month (n) ***	/mʌnθ/	mese	I go to the cinema about once a **month**.
Unit 5	musical (n)	/ˈmjuːzɪk(ə)l/	musical	*Mamma Mia* is a **musical**.
Unit 5	never (adv) ***	/ˈnevə(r)/	mai	She **never** does any exercise.
Unit 5	the news (n) ***	/ðə njuːz/	il telegiornale	We watch **the news** every evening.
Unit 5	North America (n)	/nɔː(r)θ əˈmerɪkə/	Nord America	10% of new films are made in **North America** every year.
Unit 5	office (n) ***	/ˈɒfɪs/	ufficio	"Where do you work?" "In an **office**."
Unit 5	often (adv) ***	/ˈɒf(ə)n/	spesso	They **often** go to the cinema -- about once a week.
Unit 5	once (adv) ***	/wʌns/	una volta	I go out with my friends about **once** a week.
Unit 5	passenger (n) ***	/ˈpæsɪndʒə(r)/	passeggero	How many **passengers** are on the boat?

Unit 5	poor (adj) ***	/pɔː(r)/	povero/a	Someone who is **poor** does not have much money.
Unit 5	producer (n) ***	/prəˈdjuːsə(r)/	produttore	Bollywood is the largest film **producer** in the world.
Unit 5	review (n) **	/rɪˈvjuː/	recensione	Do you sometimes read film **reviews**?
Unit 5	run away (phr v)	/ˈrʌn əˌweɪ/	fuggire/scappare	The woman steals some money and then **runs away**.
Unit 5	sad (adj) ***	/sæd/	triste	Romantic films are sometimes very **sad**.
Unit 5	scary (adj) *	/ˈskeəri/	che fa paura	Horror films are **scary**.
Unit 5	setting (n) ***	/ˈsetɪŋ/	ambientazione	The **setting** for *Mamma Mia* is a beautiful Greek island.
Unit 5	shark (n) *	/ʃɑː(r)k/	squalo	The film is about a **shark** who kills people on the coast of California.
Unit 5	ship (n) ***	/ʃɪp/	nave	The Titanic is a big **ship** with a lot of passengers.
Unit 5	sit down (phr v)	/sɪt daʊn/	sedersi	Please come in and **sit down**.
Unit 5	society (n) ***	/səˈsaɪəti/	società	Is television responsible for a violent **society**?
Unit 5	sometimes (adv) ***	/ˈsʌmtaɪmz/	qualche volta	We **sometimes** go to the cinema, but not very often.
Unit 5	South America (n)	/saʊθ əˈmerɪkə/	Sud America	3.5% of new films are made in **South America** every year.
Unit 5	spaceship (n)	/ˈspeɪsˌʃɪp/	astronave	The setting for *Alien* is a **spaceship**.
Unit 5	sports programme (n)	/ˈspɔː(r)tz ˌprəʊɡræm/	programma sportivo	She loves football and tennis and watches a lot of **sports programmes**.
Unit 5	stand up (phr v)	/ˈstænd ʌp/	alzarsi	The children **stand up** and leave the classroom.
Unit 5	steal (v) ***	/stiːl/	rubare	The woman **steals** some money and then runs away.
Unit 5	strange (adj) ***	/streɪndʒ/	strano/a	I think the film is **strange** and a bit scary.
Unit 5	terrible (adj) ***	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	terribile	The film is boring and the actors are **terrible**!
Unit 5	theory (n) ***	/ˈθɪəri/	teoria	There are lots of **theories** about the effects of watching television.
Unit 5	ticket (n) ***	/ˈtɪkɪt/	biglietto	Cinema **tickets** are quite expensive.
Unit 5	turn down (phr v)	/ˈtɜː(r)n ˌdaʊn/	abbassare	**Turn down** the volume, please.
Unit 5	turn off (phr v)	/ˈtɜː(r)n ˌɒf/	spegnere	He **turns off** the TV and goes to bed.
Unit 5	turn up (phr v)	/ˈtɜː(r)n ˌʌp/	alzare	**Turn up** the volume, please.
Unit 5	TV series (n)	/ˈtiː viː ˌsɪəriːz/	serie televisiva	What's your favourite **TV series**?
Unit 5	twice (adv) ***	/twaɪs/	due volte	I go out with my friends **twice** a week.
Unit 5	violent (adj) ***	/ˈvaɪələnt/	violento/a	Do you agree that television makes people **violent**?
Unit 5	week (n) ***	/wiːk/	settimana	She goes for a long walk once a **week**.
Unit 5	year (n) ***	/jɪə(r)/	anno	We go on holiday once a **year**.
Unit 6	architect (n) **	/ˈɑː(r)kɪˌtekt/	architetto	An **architect** is someone who designs buildings.
Unit 6	average (adj) ***	/ˈæv(ə)rɪdʒ/	nella media	How many words per minute can the **average** person type?
Unit 6	badly (adv) **	/ˈbædli/	male	I can type, but very **badly**.
Unit 6	bank (n) ***	/bæŋk/	banca	She's an office worker in a **bank**.
Unit 6	be good/bad etc at	/bi ɡʊd/bæd ət/	essere bravo/non essere bravo a fare qcs/in qcs	At school, Kate was **good at** languages.
Unit 6	biology (n) *	/baɪˈɒlədʒi/	biologia	**Biology** is one of the sciences.
Unit 6	a (little) bit ***	/ə (ˈlɪt(ə)l) bɪt/	un po', un pochino	The lesson was **a (little) bit** boring.

Unit 6	boarding school (n)	/ˈbɔː(r)dɪŋ ˌskuːl/	collegio	A **boarding school** is a school where the students can live.
Unit 6	can (modal verb) ***	/kæn/	sapere	"**Can** you drive?" "No, I can't."
Unit 6	can't (modal verb) ***	/kɑːnt/	non sapere	"Can you drive?" "No, I **can't**."
Unit 6	carpenter (n)	/ˈkɑː(r)pɪntə(r)/	falegname	A **carpenter** is someone who makes or repairs things that are made of wood.
Unit 6	chemistry (n) **	/ˈkemɪstri/	chimica	**Chemistry** is one of the sciences.
Unit 6	colleague (n) ***	/ˈkɒliːɡ/	collega	My **colleagues** and I often work until 8 pm.
Unit 6	college (AmE) (n) ***	/ˈkɒlɪdʒ/	università	I go to **college** next year.
Unit 6	company car (n)	/ˈkʌmp(ə)ni ˌkɑː(r)/	macchina aziendale	Mike drives a **company car**.
Unit 6	creative (adj) **	/kriˈeɪtɪv/	creativo/a	**Creative** people are good at making things.
Unit 6	dance (v) ***	/dɑːns/	ballare	"Can you **dance**?" "Yes, I can."
Unit 6	distance learning (n)	/ˈdɪstəns ˌlɜː(r)nɪŋ/	formazione a distanza	**Distance learning** programmes mean students can study from home.
Unit 6	doctor (n) ***	/ˈdɒktə(r)/	medico/dottore	A **doctor** looks after people who are ill.
Unit 6	draw (v) ***	/drɔː/	disegnare	He can **draw** very well.
Unit 6	drive (v) ***	/draɪv/	guidare	"Can you **drive**?" "No, I can't."
Unit 6	driving licence (n)	/ˈdraɪvɪŋ ˌlaɪs(ə)ns/	patente di guida	It's important to have a **driving licence** for this job.
Unit 6	easily (adv) ***	/ˈiːzɪli/	facilmente	She learns new things **easily**.
Unit 6	efficient (adj) ***	/ɪˈfɪʃ(ə)nt/	efficiente	Someone who is **efficient** works quickly and well.
Unit 6	electrician (n)	/ɪˌlekˈtrɪʃ(ə)n/	elettricista	An **electrician** is someone who repairs or installs electrical equipment.
Unit 6	elementary school (AmE) (n)	/elɪˈment(ə)ri ˌskuːl/	scuola elememtare	An **elementary school** is for children between the ages of 5 and about 11 in the US.
Unit 6	engineer (n) ***	/ˌendʒɪˈnɪə(r)/	ingegnere	An **engineer** is someone who designs or repairs machines.
Unit 6	find out (phr v)	/faɪnd aʊt/	scoprire	You can **find out** a lot of information on the internet.
Unit 6	found (v) ***	/faʊnd/	fondare	"When was Harvard University **founded**?" "In 1636."
Unit 6	free meal (n)	/friː miːl/	pasto gratuito	All our workers get **free meals**.
Unit 6	geography (n) **	/dʒiːˈɒɡrəfi/	geografia	I'm interested in the world and love **geography**.
Unit 6	hard-working (adj)	/ˌhɑː(r)d ˈwɜː(r)kɪŋ/	essere un gran lavoratore	A good worker is **hard-working** and efficient.
Unit 6	health insurance (n)	/helθ ɪnˈʃʊərəns/	assicurazione sanitaria	Does the company offer free **health insurance**?
Unit 6	high school (AmE) (n)	/ˈhaɪ skuːl/	scuola superiore	A **high school** is for children between the ages of 14 and 18 in the US.
Unit 6	history (n) ***	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	storia	I'm interested in the past and I like **history**.
Unit 6	holiday (n) ***	/ˈhɒlɪdeɪs/	le ferie	If you're a teacher, the **holidays** are good.
Unit 6	ICT (n)	/ˌaɪ siː ˈtiː/	ICT	**ICT** is the study of computers and how to use them.
Unit 6	ill (adj) ***	/ɪl/	malato/a	A doctor looks after people who are **ill**.
Unit 6	instructions (n pl) ***	/ɪnˈstrʌkʃ(ə)ns/	istruzioni	Read the **instructions** carefully.
Unit 6	instrument (n) ***	/ˈɪnstrʊmənt/	strumento	"Can you play a musical **instrument**?" "Yes, I play the guitar."
Unit 6	be interested in	/bi ˈɪntrəstɪd ɪn/	essere interessato/a a	Lindsay was **interested in** English at school.
Unit 6	keyboard (n) *	/ˈkiːˌbɔː(r)d/	tastiera	if you use a **keyboard** too much it can hurt your hand.
Unit 6	kindergarten (AmE) (n)	/ˈkɪndə(r)ˌɡɑː(r)t(ə)n/	prima elementare	A **kindergarten** is the first year of education in the US for children between 5 and 6..
Unit 6	laboratory (n) **	/ləˈbɒrət(ə)ri/	laboratorio	Scientists often work in a **laboratory**.

Unit 6	(foreign) languages (n pl) ***	/ˈfɒrɪn ˌlæŋgwɪdʒ(ə)s/	lingue (straniere)	Do you think **foreign languages** are important?
Unit 6	law school (n)	/lɔː skuːl/	facoltà di giurisprudenza	I want to study at **law school** and become a lawyer.
Unit 6	lawyer (n) ***	/ˈlɔːjə(r)/	avvocato	I want to study at law school and become a **lawyer**.
Unit 6	library (n) ***	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	bilblioteca	Students spend a lot of time in the **library** before exams.
Unit 6	maths (n) *	/mæθs/	matematica	Lindsay's least favourite subject was **maths**.
Unit 6	medical college (n)	/ˈmedɪk(ə)l ˌkɒlɪdʒ/	facoltà di medicina	Doctors study at **medical college**.
Unit 6	medical condition (n)	/ˈmedɪk(ə)l ˌkəndɪʃ(ə)n/	malattia/disturbo	RSI (Repetitive Strain Injury) is a **medical condition**.
Unit 6	multinational (n) *	/ˌmʌltiˈnæʃ(ə)nəl/	multinazionale	A **multinational** is a large company that is based in different countries.
Unit 6	nursery school (BrE) (n)	/ˈnɜː(r)s(ə)ri skuːl/	asilo	A **nursery school** is a school for very young children in the UK.
Unit 6	office worker (n)	/ˈɒfɪs ˌwɜː(r)kə(r)/	impiegato/a	She's an **office worker** in a bank.
Unit 6	organisation (n) ***	/ˌɔː(r)gənaɪˈzeɪʃ(ə)n/	organizzazione	Gallup is an **organisation** that does surveys to find out public opinion.
Unit 6	patient (adj) ***	/ˈpeɪʃ(ə)nt/	patiente	Someone who is **patient** doesn't get angry quickly.
Unit 6	PE (n)	/ˌpiː ˈiː/	educazione fisica	My favourite subject is **PE** -- I love sports.
Unit 6	pension (n) ***	/ˈpenʃ(ə)n/	pensione	The company offers all its workers **pensions**.
Unit 6	physics (n) **	/ˈfɪzɪks/	fisica	**Physics** is one of the sciences.
Unit 6	play (v) ***	/pleɪ/	suonare	How many musical instruments do you **play**?
Unit 6	primary school (BrE) (n)	/ˈpraɪməri skuːl/	scuola elementare	A **primary school** is a school for children between the ages of 5 and 11 in the UK.
Unit 6	public opinion (n) *	/ˈpʌblɪk əˌpɪnjən/	opinione pubblica	Gallup is an organisation that does surveys to find out **public opinion**.
Unit 6	quickly (adv) ***	/ˈkwɪkli/	velocemente	She types quite **quickly** -- about 80 words a minute.
Unit 6	reliable (adj) **	/rɪˈlaɪəb(ə)l/	affidabile	You can trust him -- he's very **reliable**.
Unit 6	school (n) ***	/skuːl/	scuola	What's your favourite subject at **school**?
Unit 6	scientist (n) ***	/ˈsaɪəntɪst/	scienziato	**Scientists** often work in a laboratory.
Unit 6	scroll (n)	/skrəʊl/	pergamene	Information was written on long pieces of paper, called "**scrolls**".
Unit 6	secondary school (BrE) (n)	/ˈsekənd(ə)ri skuːl/	scuola secondaria	A **secondary school** is a school for children between the ages of 11 and 16 or 18 in the UK.
Unit 6	secretary (n) ***	/ˈsekrətri/	segretaria	She's a **secretary** in a law firm.
Unit 6	shop (n) ***	/ʃɒp/	negozio	He's manager of a sports **shop**.
Unit 6	sing (v) ***	/sɪŋ/	cantare	I can **sing**, but not very well!
Unit 6	slowly (adv) ***	/ˈsləʊli/	lentamente	I can only type **slowly**.
Unit 6	social life (n)	/ˈsəʊʃ(ə)l laɪf/	vita sociale	It's difficult to have a **social life** when you work at night.
Unit 6	sports club (n)	/spɔː(r)tz klʌb/	club sportivo	She works as a coach at a **sports club**.
Unit 6	sports coach (n)	/spɔː(r)tz kəʊtʃ/	allenatore	She's a **sports coach** at the local sports club.
Unit 6	studies (n pl) ***	/ˈstʌdiːz/	studi	The University of Al Karaouine is an important centre for Islamic **studies**.
Unit 6	study (v) ***	/ˈstʌdi/	studiare	You can **study** to be a lawyer at law school.
Unit 6	subject (n) ***	/ˈsʌbdʒɪkt/	materia	What's your favourite **subject** at school?
Unit 6	survey (n) ***	/ˈsɜː(r)veɪ/	sondaggio	Gallup is an organisation that does **surveys** to find out public opinion.
Unit 6	swim (v) **	/swɪm/	nuotare	He's 10, but he still can't **swim**.
Unit 6	teacher (n) ***	/ˈtiːtʃə(r)/	insegnante	Kate thinks (that) her German **teacher** was very good.

Unit 6	technical college (n)	/ˈteknɪk(ə)l ˌkɒlɪdʒ/	istituto tecnico	A **technical college** is a place where you can study a specific work skill.
Unit 6	telephone company (n)	/ˈtelɪfəʊn ˌkʌmp(ə)ni/	compagnia telefonica	She works as an engineer for a **telephone company**.
Unit 6	text (n) ***	/tekst/	sms	Do you send a lot of **texts** on your mobile phone?
Unit 6	think (that) ... ***	/θɪŋk (ðæt)/	pensare che	Kate **thinks (that)** her German teacher was very good.
Unit 6	thumb (n) **	/θʌm/	pollice	I use my **thumbs** to press the keys when I send texts.
Unit 6	training (n) ***	/ˈtreɪnɪŋ/	formazione	Companies offer **training** to their workers.
Unit 6	type (v) *	/taɪp/	battere/scrivere al computer	I can **type**, but very badly.
Unit 6	typing (n)	/ˈtaɪpɪŋ/	dattilografia	**Typing** is a very important work skill.
Unit 6	typist (n)	/ˈtaɪpɪst/	dattilografo	Advanced **typists** can type more than 110 words per minute.
Unit 6	waiter (n) *	/ˈweɪtə(r)/	cameriere	A **waiter** is someone who serves drinks and meals in a cafe or restaurant.
Unit 6	waitress (n) *	/ˈweɪtrəs/	cameriera	A **waitress** is someone who serves drinks and meals in a cafe or restaurant.
Unit 6	well (adv) ***	/wel/	bene	She speaks English very **well**.
Unit 6	work skill (n)	/ˈwɜː(r)k ˌskɪl/	competenza professionale	What are the important **work skills** for the 21st century?
Unit 7	ago (adv) ***	/əˈgəʊ/	fa	The Watergate scandal took place about 40 years **ago**.
Unit 7	amazing (adj) **	/əˈmeɪzɪŋ/	straordinario	If you think that something is **amazing**, you think it is fun and exciting.
Unit 7	arrest (v) **	/əˈrest/	arrestare	Police **arrested** two men outside the bank.
Unit 7	boiling (adj) *	/ˈbɔɪlɪŋ/	bollente	It was **boiling** today -- over 40˚.
Unit 7	book fair (n)	/ˈbʊk feə(r)/	fiera del libro	We visited the **book fair** in Frankfurt -- it was very interesting.
Unit 7	burglary (n) *	/ˈbɜː(r)gləri/	furto (in casa)	The **burglary** took place at the main headquarters in the Watergate office.
Unit 7	busy (adj) ***	/ˈbɪzi/	occupato/a	"Can I speak to David?" "I'm sorry, he's **busy**."
Unit 7	Who's calling?	/huːz ˈkɔːlɪŋ/	Chi chiama?	"Who's **calling**, please?" "It's Maxim."
Unit 7	carnival (n)	/ˈkɑː(r)nɪv(ə)l/	carnevale	The **carnival** in Rio de Janeiro is fantastic.
Unit 7	channel (n) ***	/ˈtʃæn(ə)l/	canale	He likes to watch the sports **channels**.
Unit 7	cloud (n) ***	/klaʊd/	nuvola	There are lots of **clouds** in the sky.
Unit 7	cloudy (adj)	/ˈklaʊdi/	nuvoloso	It was **cloudy** and then it started to rain.
Unit 7	cold (adj) ***	/kəʊld/	freddo/a	It's very **cold** in Canada in winter.
Unit 7	communications (n pl) ***	/kəˌmjuːnɪˈkeɪʃ(ə)nz/	comunicazioni	Telstar was the first TV and **communications** satellite.
Unit 7	cool (adj) ***	/kuːl/	fresco	The weather is **cool** today, but not cold.
Unit 7	crazy (adj) **	/ˈkreɪzi/	matto/a	Someone who is **crazy** does things that are exciting and a bit dangerous.
Unit 7	create (v) ***	/kriˈeɪt/	creare	Who **created** the first 24-hour news channel?
Unit 7	date (n) ***	/deɪt/	data	What **date** was Ed Murrow born on?
Unit 7	decide (v) ***	/dɪˈsaɪd/	decidere	Woodward and Bernstein **decided** to investigate the Watergate story.
Unit 7	demand (v) ***	/dɪˈmɑːnd/	esigere	Workers **demanded** more money from the government.
Unit 7	Democratic party (n)	/deməˈkrætɪk ˌpɑː(r)ti/	Partito Democratico	Richard Nixon, the US president at the time, spied on the opposition, the **Democratic party**.
Unit 7	digital (adj) **	/ˈdɪdʒɪt(ə)l/	digitale	When was the first **digital** newspaper produced?
Unit 7	discover (v) ***	/dɪˈskʌvə(r)/	scoprire	A survey **discovered** that 52% of business professionals in Singapore regularly watch CNA.

Unit 7	discuss (v) ***	/dɪˈskʌs/	discutere	They **discussed** politics with the President.
Unit 7	editor (n) ***	/ˈedɪtə(r)/	redattore (-trice)	The news **editor** of *The Washington Post* phoned Woodward at his apartment.
Unit 7	encourage (v) ***	/ɪnˈkʌrɪdʒ/	incoraggiare	We want to **encourage** children to read more books.
Unit 7	end (v) ***	/end/	finire	The Watergate scandal **ended** Nixon's political career.
Unit 7	equipment (n) ***	/ɪˈkwɪpmənt/	attrezzatura	"Did you have any special **equipment**?" "We had a car with lots of plastic and rubber to protect us from lightning."
Unit 7	Eskimo (n)	/ˈeskɪməʊ/	eschimese	Native people of the Arctic don't like the word "**Eskimo**" -- they prefer the words "Inuit" or "Aleut".
Unit 7	extreme (adj) **	/ɪkˈstriːm/	estremo/a	If you get near a storm, you can take photos of **extreme** weather conditions.
Unit 7	freezing (adj) *	/ˈfriːzɪŋ/	gelido	It's -24° and **freezing** today.
Unit 7	fun (n) **	/fʌn/	divertente	If you think that something is **fun**, you think it is exciting and enjoyable.
Unit 7	global (adj) ***	/ˈɡləʊb(ə)l/	globale	When Neil Armstrong landed on the moon it was a **global** event.
Unit 7	grow (v) ***	/ɡrəʊ/	aumentare/crescere	The number of Eskimo words for snow **grew** and **grew**.
Unit 7	headquarters (n) **	/hedˈkwɔː(r)tə(r)z/	sede centrale	The burglary took place at the main **headquarters** in the Watergate office.
Unit 7	hear (v) ***	/hɪə(r)/	sentire	Everyone **heard** about the Watergate scandal.
Unit 7	history (n) ***	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	storia	I like **history** -- it's my favourite subject.
Unit 7	hot (adj) ***	/hɒt/	caldo/a	It's **hot** in here. Can I open a window, please?
Unit 7	know (v) ***	/nəʊ/	sapere risconoscere	Carl Bernstein was a journalist and **knew** a good story when he saw one.
Unit 7	last (v) ***	/lɑːst/	durare	The book fair **lasted** 10 days.
Unit 7	leave (v) ***	/liːv/	lasciare	I **left** college in 2010.
Unit 7	lightning (n) *	/ˈlaɪtnɪŋ/	fulmine	**Lightning** is the bright light you see in the sky during a storm.
Unit 7	look (v) ***	/lʊk/	guardare	Woodward **looked** across the room at Bernstein.
Unit 7	make (v) ***	/meɪk/	fare	They **made** a film, *All The President's Men*, based on the book.
Unit 7	metal (n) ***	/ˈmet(ə)l/	metallo	The car didn't have any **metal**, but it had lots of plastic and rubber.
Unit 7	neighbour (n) ***	/ˈneɪbə(r)/	vicino di casa	Your **neighbours** are the people who live in the houses or apartments near to you.
Unit 7	newspaper (n) ***	/ˈnjuːzˌpeɪpə(r)/	giornale	Do you read a **newspaper**?
Unit 7	news programme (n)	/ˈnjuːz ˌprəʊɡræm/	telegiornale	Where was the first **news programme** presented?
Unit 7	newsreader (n)	/ˈnjuːzˌriːdə(r)/	conduttore	Ed Murrow was a popular **newsreader** in America.
Unit 7	newsroom (n)	/ˈnjuːzˌruːm/	redazione	The **newsroom** is the place where people prepare news reports.
Unit 7	opposition (n) ***	/ˌɒpəˈzɪʃ(ə)n/	opposizione	Richard Nixon was a Republican and spied on the **opposition**, the Democratic party.
Unit 7	orbit (n) *	/ˈɔː(r)bɪt/	orbita	When did AT&T launch Telstar into **orbit**?
Unit 7	plastic (n) ***	/ˈplæstɪk/	plastica	The car didn't have any metal, but it had lots of **plastic** and rubber.
Unit 7	present (v) ***	/ˈprez(ə)nt/	presentare	Ed Murrow **presented** a nightly news programme.
Unit 7	procession (n) *	/prəˈseʃ(ə)n/	sfilata/corteo	Thousands of people watch the **procession** at the carnival in Rio.
Unit 7	protect (v) ***	/prəˈtekt/	proteggere	Plastic and rubber can **protect** you from lightning.
Unit 7	publisher (n) **	/ˈpʌblɪʃə(r)/	casa editrice	Over 1,000 **publishers** from different countries were at the book fair.
Unit 7	radio service (n)	/ˈreɪdiəʊ ˌsɜː(r)vɪs/	servizio di radio	The BBC's first foreign language **radio service** was in Arabic.
Unit 7	rain (n) ***	/reɪn/	pioggia	There is a lot of **rain** in the north of England.
Unit 7	rainy (adj)	/ˈreɪni/	piovoso	It's very **rainy** in the north of England.

Unit 7	regularly (adv) ***	/ˈreɡjʊlə(r)li/	regolarmente	A survey discovered that 52% of business professionals in Singapore **regularly** watch CNA.
Unit 7	rubber (n) **	/ˈrʌbə(r)/	gomma	The car didn't have any metal, but it had lots of plastic and **rubber**.
Unit 7	satellite (n) **	/ˈsætəlaɪt/	satellite	Telstar was the first TV and communications **satellite**.
Unit 7	section (n) ***	/ˈsekʃ(ə)n/	reparto	There were lots of different **sections** at the book fair, including a **section** for children's books.
Unit 7	several (determiner) ***	/ˈsev(ə)rəl/	diverse/i	There were **several** activities for children at the book fair.
Unit 7	snow (n) ***	/snəʊ/	neve	We had a lot of **snow** last winter.
Unit 7	snowy (adj)	/ˈsnəʊi/	nevoso	It's very cold and **snowy** today.
Unit 7	(Liz) speaking	/(lɪz) spiːkɪŋ/	Sono (Liz)	"Hello, **Liz speaking**." "Hello Liz, can I speak to Susan?"
Unit 7	start (v) ***	/stɑː(r)t/	cominciare/iniziare	The BBC World Service **started** in 1932.
Unit 7	station (n) ***	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	stazione	52% of business professionals in Singapore regularly watch the CNA **station**.
Unit 7	stop (v) ***	/stɒp/	fermare	Police **stopped** four men outside the bank and arrested them.
Unit 7	story (n) ***	/ˈstɔːri/	notizia	The Watergate scandal was a big **story** in the newspapers.
Unit 7	sun (n) ***	/sʌn/	sole	It's nice to see the **sun** again.
Unit 7	sunny (adj) *	/ˈsʌni/	soleggiato	It's warm and **sunny** today.
Unit 7	Sure. (adv) **	/ʃɔː(r)/	Certo/Certamente	"Can I speak to David?" "**Sure**, just a minute."
Unit 7	take place	/ˈteɪk ˌpleɪs/	tenersi	The carnival **took place** in Rio.
Unit 7	television (n) ***	/ˈtelɪˌvɪʒ(ə)n/	televisione	There was no radio or **television** 150 years ago.
Unit 7	terrifying (adj)	/ˈterəˌfaɪɪŋ/	terrificante	Something that is **terrifying** makes you feel extremely frightened.
Unit 7	travel (v) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	diffondersi/viaggiare	News now **travels** very quickly around the world.
Unit 7	unusual (adj) ***	/ʌnˈjuːʒʊəl/	poco comune	Storm chasing is an **unusual** activity.
Unit 7	visit (v) ***	/ˈvɪzɪt/	visitare	When we **visited** Rio we saw the carnival.
Unit 7	warm (adj) ***	/wɔː(r)m/	caldo/a	It's **warm** and sunny today.
Unit 7	wind (n) ***	/wɪnd/	vento	It's difficult to walk in the **wind**.
Unit 7	windy (adj) *	/ˈwɪndi/	ventoso/a	I hate **windy** weather!
Unit 7	writer (n) ***	/ˈraɪtə(r)/		Lots of **writers** came to the book fair.
Unit 8	angry (adj) ***	/ˈæŋgri/	arrabbiato/a	She gets **angry** when people arrive late.
Unit 8	announcement (n) ***	/əˈnaʊnsmənt/	annuncio	Listen carefully to the passenger information **announcement**.
Unit 8	anthropologist (n)	/ˌænθrəpəˈlɒdʒɪst/	antropologo/a	An American **anthropologist** invented the term "culture shock".
Unit 8	arrive (v) ***	/əˈraɪv/	arrivare	The train **arrives** in Birmingham at 17.40.
Unit 8	beginning (n) ***	/bɪˈgɪnɪŋ/	inizio	At the **beginning** of your trip, you feel nervous but happy.
Unit 8	better (comparative adj) ***	/ˈbetə(r)/	meglio	The food is **better** here than in England.
Unit 8	bicycle (n) **	/ˈbaɪsɪk(ə)l/	bicicletta	Velib is a **bicycle** hire network in Paris.
Unit 8	bike (n) **	/baɪk/	bici	Julian goes to work by **bike**.
Unit 8	bored (adj) **	/bɔː(r)d/	annoiato/a	I get **bored** in maths lessons!
Unit 8	the bottom (of) (n) ***	/ðə ˈbɒtəm əv/	al fondo di	We're at **the bottom of** the escalator, going up.
Unit 8	camera (n) ***	/ˈkæm(ə)rə/	macchina fotografica	You use a **camera** to take photos.

Unit 8	change (n) ***	/tʃeɪndʒ/	cambiamento	How many **changes** do you have to make to get to Cambridge?
Unit 8	change (v) ***	/tʃeɪndʒ/	cambiare	**Change** to the Bury line at Piccadilly.
Unit 8	clean (v) ***	/kliːn/	pulire/lavarsi	You use a toothbrush to **clean** your teeth.
Unit 8	come (v) ***	/kʌm/	venire	**Come** and look at these photos.
Unit 8	crowded (adj) *	/ˈkraʊdɪd/	affollato/a	A place that is **crowded** has a lot of people in it.
Unit 8	culture (n) ***	/ˈkʌltʃə(r)/	cultura	I'm interested in new **cultures**.
Unit 8	culture shock (n)	/ˈkʌltʃə(r) ʃɒk/	shock culturale	**Culture shock** is the feeling you sometimes have when you are in a new country that you do not know.
Unit 8	custom (n) **	/ˈkʌstəm/	costume/usanza	Different countries have different **customs**.
Unit 8	describe (v) ***	/dɪˈskraɪb/	descrivere	"Culture shock" is a term used to **describe** the feelings that someone has when they arrive in a new country
Unit 8	distance (n) ***	/ˈdɪstəns/	distanza	The escalators carry people over a **distance** of 800 metres.
Unit 8	earn (v) ***	/ɜː(r)n/	guadagnare	I can **earn** more money in England than in my own country.
Unit 8	economy (n) ***	/ɪˈkɒnəmi/	economia	The Chinese **economy** is growing quickly.
Unit 8	escalator (n)	/ˈeskəˌleɪtə(r)/	scala mobile	The **Escalator** system is an important form of public transport for people in Hong Kong.
Unit 8	everywhere (adv) ***	/ˈevriˌweə(r)/	dappertutto/ovunque	There are bicycles **everywhere** in China.
Unit 8	expert (n) ***	/ˈekspɜː(r)t/	esperto	**Experts** say there will be 140 million cars in China in 2020.
Unit 8	explorer (n)	/ɪkˈsplɔːrə(r)/	esploratore (-trice)	An **explorer** is someone who discovers new places or countries.
Unit 8	express train (n)	/ɪkˈspres ˌtreɪn/	treno espresso	**Express trains** are faster than normal trains.
Unit 8	feeling (n) ***	/ˈfiːlɪŋ/	sentimento	"Angry" and "happy" are words used to describe people's **feelings**.
Unit 8	flight (n) ***	/flaɪt/	volo	**Flight** BA 652 to Milan is now leaving.
Unit 8	on foot	/ˌɒn ˈfʊt/	a piedi	I go to work **on foot**.
Unit 8	foreigner (n) **	/ˈfɒrɪnə(r)/	straniero (-a)	A **foreigner** is someone who comes from another country.
Unit 8	forever (adv) **	/fərˈevə(r)/	per sempre	Nothing lasts **forever**.
Unit 8	the front (of) (n) ***	/ðə frʌnt əv/	all'inizio (di)	Passengers with small children, please come to the **front** of the queue.
Unit 8	get (angry) ***	/get (ˈæŋgri/)/	arrabbiarsi	She **gets angry** when people arrive late.
Unit 8	get off (phr v)	/get ɒf/	scendere	**Get off** the tube at Charing Cross.
Unit 8	Go (straight on/ahead).	/gəʊ (streɪt ɒn/əˈhed)/	Vai/Vada	"How do I get to the museum?" "**Go straight on.**"
Unit 8	go down (phr v)	/ˌgəʊ ˈdaʊn/	andare giù	From 6am to 10am the escalators **go down**.
Unit 8	go up (phr v)	/gəʊ ʌp/	andare su	From 10am to midnight the escalators **go up**.
Unit 8	guest (n) ***	/gest/	ospite	I invited 50 **guests** to the party.
Unit 8	happy (adj) ***	/ˈhæpi/	felice	I passed my exam. I'm really **happy**!
Unit 8	How do you get to ...?	/haʊ duː jə get tə/	Come si arriva a …?	"**How do you get to** the museum?" "Go straight on."
Unit 8	hundred (number) **	/ˈhʌndrəd/	cento	A **hundred** is written as 100.
Unit 8	line (n) ***	/laɪn/	linea	Change to the Bury **line** at Piccadilly.
Unit 8	little by little	/ˈlɪt(ə)l baɪ ˌlɪt(ə)l/	gradualmente	**Little by little**, you learn to live in a different way.
Unit 8	lonely (adj) **	/ˈləʊnli/	solo/a	I feel sad and **lonely**.
Unit 8	map (n) ***	/mæp/	mappa	The **map** shows how the world's population is changing.
Unit 8	message (n) ***	/ˈmesɪdʒ/	messaggio	Listen to the information **message** about bus services to Glasgow.

Unit 8	metro (n)	/ˈmetrəʊ/	metro	In London, the **metro** is called "the tube" or "the underground".
Unit 8	migrant (n)	/ˈmaɪɡrənt/	migrante	A **migrant** is someone who has gone from one country to live in another.
Unit 8	money (n) ***	/ˈmʌni/	soldi	I can earn more **money** in England than in my own country.
Unit 8	motorbike (n) *	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌbaɪk/	moto	"**Motorbike**" is a more informal word for "motorcycle".
Unit 8	motorcycle (n)	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌsaɪk(ə)l/	motocicletta	"**Motorcycle**" is a more formal word for "motorbike".
Unit 8	motorway (n) **	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌweɪ/	autostrada	You can drive quickly on the **motorway**.
Unit 8	movement (n) ***	/ˈmuːvmənt/	spostamento/movimento	The **movement** of people from one country to another is called migration.
Unit 8	nervous (adj) **	/ˈnɜː(r)vəs/	ansioso/a	Do you feel **nervous** before exams?
Unit 8	network (n) ***	/ˈnetˌwɜː(r)k/	rete	Velib is a bicycle hire **network** in Paris.
Unit 8	never-ending (adj)	/ˈnevə(r)ˌendɪŋ/	interminabile	Road works are a **never-ending** problem.
Unit 8	offend (v) *	/əˈfend/	offendere	It's important not to **offend** people.
Unit 8	It's on the left/right	/ɪts ɒn ðə left/raɪt/	E' sulla sinistra/desta	"How do I get to the bank?" "Go straight on and it's **on the right**."
Unit 8	opportunity (n) ***	/ˌɒpə(r)ˈtjuːnəti/	opportunità	Migrants come to the UK because there are good **opportunities** there.
Unit 8	passport (n) *	/ˈpɑːspɔː(r)t/	passaporto	You use a **passport** to travel to different countries.
Unit 8	phrase book (n)	/ˈfreɪz bʊk/	frasario	You use a **phrase book** to look for words in other languages.
Unit 8	place name (n)	/ˈpleɪs neɪm/	nome di località	The article is about **place names**.
Unit 8	population (n) ***	/ˌpɒpjʊˈleɪʃ(ə)n/	popolazione	The map shows how the world's **population** is changing.
Unit 8	project (n) ***	/ˈprɒdʒekt, ˈprəʊdʒekt/	progetto	What do you think about bicycle hire **projects** like Velib?
Unit 8	punctual (adj)	/ˈpʌŋktʃuəl/	puntuale	If a bus, train, etc. is **punctual**, it arrives on time.
Unit 8	purse (n) *	/pɜː(r)s/	portamonete	You use a **purse** to keep money in.
Unit 8	queue (n) *	/kjuː/	fila/coda	Passengers with small children, please come to the front of the **queue**.
Unit 8	repair (n) **	/rɪˈpeə(r)/	riparazioni	They are doing **repairs** on the train line this weekend.
Unit 8	retire (v) **	/rɪˈtaɪə(r)/	andare in pensione	I **retired** when I was 60.
Unit 8	road work (n)	/ˈrəʊdˌwɜː(r)k/	lavori stradali	**Road works** are a never-ending problem.
Unit 8	ruler (n) **	/ˈruːlə(r)/	governante	A **ruler** is someone who controls a country such as a king or queen.
Unit 8	sailor (n) *	/ˈseɪlə(r)/	marinaio	A **sailor** is someone who works on a ship or boat.
Unit 8	scheme (n) ***	/skiːm/	iniziativa	What do you think about bicycle hire **schemes** like Velib?
Unit 8	sell (v) ***	/sel/	vendere	They **sold** their house in the UK and went to live in Spain.
Unit 8	shock (n) ***	/ʃɒk/	shock	**Shock** is the unpleasant feeling you have when something unexpected or frightening happens.
Unit 8	situation (n) ***	/ˌsɪtʃuˈeɪʃ(ə)n/	situazione	The **situation** in China has changed in the past years.
Unit 8	soldier (n) ***	/ˈsəʊldʒə(r)/	soldato	A **soldier** is someone who is a member of an army.
Unit 8	stage (n) ***	/steɪdʒ/	fase	What are the 4 **stages** of culture shock?
Unit 8	station (n) ***	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	stazione	You can take a bicycle from one **station** and leave it at another.
Unit 8	stop (n) **	/stɒp/	fermata	How many **stops** are there between Altrincham and Sale?
Unit 8	straight on/ahead	/streɪt ɒn/əˈhed/	diritto/dritto	"How do I get to the post office?" "Go **straight ahead** and it's on the left."
Unit 8	strange (adj) ***	/streɪndʒ/	strano/a	It's common to feel a little bit **strange** in a new culture.
Unit 8	subway (n)	/ˈsʌbˌweɪ/	metro	In New York, the metro is called "the **subway**".

Unit 8	suitcase (n) *	/ˈsuːtˌkeɪs/	valigia	You use a **suitcase** to put clothes and other things in .
Unit 8	take (the bus) (v) ***	/teɪk (ðə bʌs)/	prendere (l'autobus)	Many people in Warsaw **take the bus** to work.
Unit 8	term (n) ***	/tɜː(r)m/	termine	An American anthropologist invented the **term** "culture shock".
Unit 8	thousand (number) **	/ˈθaʊz(ə)nd/	mille	A **thousand** is written as 1,000.
Unit 8	toothbrush (n)	/ˈtuːθˌbrʌʃ/	spazzolino	You use a **toothbrush** to clean your teeth.
Unit 8	the top (of) ***	/ ðə tɒp əv/	in cima a	We're going up to **the top of** the escalator.
Unit 8	tourist (n) ***	/ˈtʊərɪst/	turista	Thousands of **tourists** visit London every year.
Unit 8	traffic (n) ***	/ˈtræfɪk/	traffico	**Traffic** is becoming heavier everywhere.
Unit 8	train (n) ***	/treɪn/	treno	Many people travel between cities by **train**.
Unit 8	tram (n)	/træm/	tram	A **tram** is a vehicle that travels along metal tracks in the middle of the street.
Unit 8	trip (n) ***	/trɪp/	viaggio	Julian's **trip** to work is not very long.
Unit 8	tube (n) **	/tjuːb/	metro	In London, the metro is called "the **tube**" or "the underground".
Unit 8	turn (left/right) (v) ***	/tɜː(r)n (left/raɪt)/	girare (a sinistra/destra)	Go straight on and **turn left/right**.
Unit 8	umbrella (n) *	/ʌmˈbrelə/	ombrello	You use an **umbrella** to protect yourself in the rain.
Unit 8	underground (n) *	/ˈʌndə(r)ˌɡraʊnd/	metro	In London, the metro is called "the tube" or "the **underground**".
Unit 8	use (v) ***	/juːz/	usare	What do you **use** a credit card for?
Unit 8	vertical (adj) **	/ˈvɜː(r)tɪk(ə)l/	verticale	The **vertical** distance is the distance from the top to the bottom of something.
Unit 8	visitor (n) ***	/ˈvɪzɪtə(r)/	visitatore/turista	**Visitors** to a new country sometimes feel culture shock.
Unit 8	wallet (n)	/ˈwɒlɪt/	portafoglio	You use a **wallet** to keep money in.
Unit 8	worried (adj) ***	/ˈwʌrid/		Do you get **worried** easily?
Unit 9	advertising (n) **	/ˈædvə(r)ˌtaɪzɪŋ/	pubblicità	When ads are part of a film, this is called "in-film **advertising**".
Unit 9	arm (n) ***	/ɑː(r)m/	braccio	Some people have tattoos on their **arms.**
Unit 9	athlete (n) *	/ˈæθliːt/	atleta	Thelma Pitt-Turner is an **athlete** who ran a marathon when she was 82!
Unit 9	back (n) ***	/bæk/	schiena	I have a problem with my **back** and can't carry heavy things.
Unit 9	backache (n)	/ˈbækeɪk/	mal di schiena	"What is the problem?" "I've got **backache**."
Unit 9	bear (n)	/beə(r)/	orso	Miguel watched **bears** in Alaska.
Unit 9	bird (n) ***	/bɜː(r)d/	ucello	I love watching **birds** in the garden.
Unit 9	birth (n) ***	/bɜː(r)θ/	nascita	A baby shower happens a few weeks after the baby's **birth**.
Unit 9	body art (n)	/ˈbɒdi ˌɑː(r)t/	arte del corpo	Tattoos are a type of **body art**.
Unit 9	brain (n) ***	/breɪn/	cervello	Your **brain** is the thing inside your head that allows you to think and feel.
Unit 9	button (n) **	/ˈbʌt(ə)n/	bottone	There are three big **buttons** on the front of the jacket.
Unit 9	camp (v) *	/kæmp/	accamparsi/dormire in tenda	Miguel **camped** in Alaska to watch bears.
Unit 9	celebration (n) **	/ˌseləˈbreɪʃ(ə)n/	celebrazione	Parties and weddings are types of **celebration**.
Unit 9	ceremony (n) **	/ˈserəməni/	ceremonia	A church wedding is a religious **ceremony**.
Unit 9	cheeks (n) **	/tʃiːks/	guance	The baby has lovely pink **cheeks**.
Unit 9	chest (n) ***	/tʃest/	torace	Your **chest** is the upper front part of your body between your neck and your stomach.

Unit 9	climb (v) ***	/klaɪm/	scalare	Have you ever **climbed** a mountain?
Unit 9	commercial (n) *	/kəˈmɜː(r)ʃ(ə)l/	spot	A "**commercial**" is another word for an "advertisement".
Unit 9	dark (adj) ***	/dɑː(r)k/	scuro	She's wearing a **dark** blue jacket.
Unit 9	decoration (n) **	/ˌdekəˈreɪʃ(ə)n/	decorazione	Body paint is often a form of personal **decoration**.
Unit 9	disease (n) ***	/dɪˈziːz/	malattia	A "**disease**" is another word for an "illness".
Unit 9	dress (n) ***	/dres/	vestito	She was wearing a fashionable and expensive **dress**.
Unit 9	earache (n)	/ˈɪəreɪk/	mal d'orecchio	"What is the problem?" "I've got **earache**."
Unit 9	ears (n) ***	/ɪə(r)z/	orecchie	Your **ears** are the things that you hear with.
Unit 9	earth (n) ***	/ɜː(r)θ/	terra	We want to create a website that includes every species on **earth**.
Unit 9	encyclopaedia (n)	/ɪnˌsaɪkləˈpiːdiə/	enciclopedia	An **encyclopaedia** is book that gives a lot of information about a subject.
Unit 9	environmentalist (n) *	/ɪnˌvaɪrənˈment(ə)lɪst/	ambientalista	An **environmentalist** is someone who wants to protect life on the planet.
Unit 9	event (n) ***	/ɪˈvent/	evento	Weddings and birthdays are special **events**.
Unit 9	eyes (n) ***	/aɪz/	occhi	He's got lovely brown **eyes**.
Unit 9	farm (n) ***	/fɑː(r)m/	fattoria	A **farm** is a place used for growing food or keeping animals.
Unit 9	fashionable (adj) **	/ˈfæʃ(ə)nəb(ə)l/	di moda	Some people think tattoos are **fashionable**.
Unit 9	fish (n) ***	/fɪʃ/	pesce	We went fishing and caught lots of **fish**.
Unit 9	flower (n) ***	/ˈflaʊə(r)/	fiore	A rose is a type of **flower**.
Unit 9	fly (v) ***	/flaɪ/	volare	She **flew** to Australia to see her sister.
Unit 9	foot (n) ***	/fʊt/	piede	I can't walk -- there's a problem with my **foot**.
Unit 9	get married	/ˌget ˈmærɪd/	sposarsi	How old are most people when they **get married**?
Unit 9	I've got ...	/aɪv gɒt/	Ho	**I've got** several tattoos.
Unit 9	graduate (v) *	/ˈgrædʒuət/	laurearsi	How old were you when you **graduated** from university?
Unit 9	hair (n) ***	/heə(r)/	capelli	She's got long blonde **hair**.
Unit 9	haircut (n) *	/ˈheə(r)ˌkʌt/	taglio di capelli	The ceremony of a child's first **haircut** is important in Mongolia.
Unit 9	hand (n) ***	/hænd/	mano	Some people have tattoos on their **hands**.
Unit 9	hat (n) ***	/hæt/	cappello	I wear a hat when it's sunny to protect my **head**.
Unit 9	have (a baby)	/hæv (ə ˈbeɪbi)/	avere un bambino	She **had a baby** when she was only 18.
Unit 9	head (n) ***	/hed/	testa	I wear a hat when it's sunny to protect my **head.**
Unit 9	headache (n) *	/ˈhedeɪk/	mal di testa	"What is the problem?" "I've got a **headache**."
Unit 9	hippopotamus (n)	/ˌhɪpəˈpɒtəməs/	ippopotamo	Miguel filmed **hippopotamuses** in Zimbabwe.
Unit 9	insect (n) **	/ˈɪnsekt/	insetto	**Insects** are small animals with six legs that often have wings.
Unit 9	jacket (n) ***	/ˈdʒækɪt/	giacca	There are three big buttons on the front of the **jacket**.
Unit 9	jumper (n) *	/ˈdʒʌmpə(r)/	maglione	I wear a **jumper** when it's cold.
Unit 9	lake (n) **	/leɪk/	lago	There are a lot of **lakes** in Canada.
Unit 9	leg (n) ***	/leg/	gamba	"What is the problem?" "I've got a sore **leg**."
Unit 9	light (adj) ***	/laɪt/	chiaro	He's wearing **light** blue trousers.
Unit 9	long (adj) ***	/lɒŋ/	lungo/a	She's got **long** blonde hair.

Unit 9	medicine (n) **	/ˈmed(ə)s(ə)n/	medicina	The doctor told me to take some **medicine**.
Unit 9	mountain (n) ***	/ˈmaʊntɪn/	montagna	Mount Everest is the highest **mountain** in the world.
Unit 9	mouth (n) ***	/maʊθ/	bocca	The dentist asked me to open my **mouth**.
Unit 9	nature (n) ***	/ˈneɪtʃə(r)/	natura	Environmentalists love **nature**.
Unit 9	nose (n) ***	/nəʊz/	naso	He's got a big **nose**.
Unit 9	paint (n) **	/peɪnt/	vernice per il corpo	Body **paint** is often a form of personal decoration.
Unit 9	park (n) ***	/pɑː(r)k/	parco	Miguel visits animal **parks** in Malaysia and Borneo.
Unit 9	party (n) ***	/ˈpɑː(r)ti/	festa	I invited 50 guests to the **party**.
Unit 9	plant (n) ***	/plɑːnt/	pianta	Miguel takes photographs of animals and **plants**.
Unit 9	plant (v) **	/plɑːnt/	piantare/seminare	Have you ever **planted** a tree?
Unit 9	pocket (n) ***	/ˈpɒkɪt/	tasca	He put his hand in his trouser **pocket**.
Unit 9	present (n) ***	/ˈprez(ə)nt/	regalo	In some countries, people give **presents** to a new baby.
Unit 9	product (n) ***	/ˈprɒdʌkt/	prodotto	Big companies like to use films to advertise their **products**.
Unit 9	reach (v) ***	/riːtʃ/	arrivare a	Who was the first man to **reach** both the North and South Poles?
Unit 9	ride (v) ***	/raɪd/	andare a (cavallo)	Have you ever **ridden** a horse?
Unit 9	river (n) ***	/ˈrɪvə(r)/	fiume	London stands on the **River** Thames.
Unit 9	scarf (n) *	/skɑː(r)f/	sciarpa	He's wearing a black jacket with a white **scarf**.
Unit 9	shirt (n) ***	/ʃɜː(r)t/	camicia	I love your pink **shirt**!
Unit 9	shorts (n) *	/ʃɔː(r)ts/	pantaloncini	She often wears **shorts** in summer.
Unit 9	shoulder (n) ***	/ˈʃəʊldə(r)/	spalla	"What is the problem?" "My **shoulder** hurts."
Unit 9	skirt (n) **	/skɜː(r)t/	gonna	She's wearing a long denim **skirt**.
Unit 9	socks (n) *	/sɒks/	calze	Tennis players often wear white shoes and **socks**.
Unit 9	sore (adj) *	/sɔː(r)/	mi fa male la gamba	"What is the problem?" "I've got a **sore** leg."
Unit 9	sports shoe (n)	/spɔː(r)tz ˌʃuː/	scarpe sportive	I wear **sports shoes** when I go out for a walk.
Unit 9	stomach (n) **	/ˈstʌmək/	stomaco	He's got a big, fat **stomach**.
Unit 9	symbol (n) **	/ˈsɪmb(ə)l/	simbolo	Body paint is sometimes a religious **symbol**.
Unit 9	tall (adj) ***	/tɔːl/	alto/a	He's a very **tall** thin man.
Unit 9	tattoo (n)	/tæˈtuː/	tatuaggio	"Do you like **tattoos**?" "No, I don't."
Unit 9	thin (adj) ***	/θɪn/	magro/a	He's a very tall **thin** man.
Unit 9	tie (n) **	/taɪ/	cravatta	My brother wears a school **tie**.
Unit 9	toothache (n)	/ˈtuːθeɪk/	mal di denti	"What is the problem?" "I've got **toothache**."
Unit 9	tradition (n) ***	/trəˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	tradizioni	Do you have any special **traditions** in your country?
Unit 9	travel (v) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	viaggiare	Miguel has **travelled** all over the world.
Unit 9	tree (n) ***	/triː/	albero	Have you ever planted a **tree**?
Unit 9	trousers (n) **	/ˈtraʊzə(r)z/	pantaloni	We have to wear grey **trousers** to school.
Unit 9	T-shirt (n) *	/ˈtiːʃɜː(r)t/	maglietta	We have a white **T-shirt** with the name of the school on it.
Unit 9	turtle (n)	/ˈtɜː(r)t(ə)l/	tartaruga	Miguel wants to see giant **turtles** on his next trip.

Unit 9	visit (v) ***	/ˈvɪzɪt/	visitare	Have you ever **visited** an animal park?
Unit 9	volcano (n) *	/vɒlˈkeɪnəʊ/	vulcano	He has taken photos of active **volcanoes**.
Unit 9	website (n) **	/ˈwebˌsaɪt/	sito web	Have you ever visited the EOL **website**?
Unit 9	wedding (n) ***	/ˈwedɪŋ/	matrimonio	A church **wedding** is a religious ceremony.
Unit 9	wedding cake (n)	/ˈwedɪŋ ˌkeɪk/	torta nuziale	The world's heaviest **wedding cake** weighed 7,500 kilos.
Unit 9	wedding dress (n)	/ˈwedɪŋ ˌdres/	abito da sposa	The world's longest **wedding dress** was 1,362 metres long.
Unit 9	well (adj) **	/wel/	bene	"What is the problem?" "I don't feel **well**."
Unit 9	win (v) ***	/wɪn/	vincere	She **won** the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1986.
Unit 9	zoo (n) *	/zuː/	zoo	A **zoo** is a place where people can see wild animals.
Unit 10	administrator (n) *	/ədˈmɪnɪˌstreɪtə(r)/	amministratore	An **administrator** is someone who manages a business or organisation.
Unit 10	adult (n) ***	/ˈædʌlt/	adulto	Manga is popular with young people and **adults**.
Unit 10	annual (adj) ***	/ˈænjuəl/	annuale	An **annual** event takes place once a year.
Unit 10	art gallery (n)	/ˈɑː(r)t ˌgæləri/	galleria d'arte	The Louvre is a famous **art gallery** in Paris.
Unit 10	the back (of) (n) ***	/ðə bæk əv/	alla fine (di)	You start Manga comics at **the back** not the front.
Unit 10	basketball (n) *	/ˈbɑːskɪtˌbɔːl/	basket	We play **basketball** at school.
Unit 10	beach (n) ***	/biːtʃ/	spiaggia	The **beaches** in Malta are beautiful.
Unit 10	board game (n)	/ˈbɔː(r)d ɡeɪm/	gioco da tavolo	Video games are more popular than **board games**.
Unit 10	book (n) ***	/bʊk/	libro	I usually read a **book** or a newspaper on the train.
Unit 10	cards (n pl) ***	/kɑː(r)dz/	carte	"Can you play **cards**?" "Yes, I can."
Unit 10	castle (n) **	/ˈkɑːs(ə)l/	castello	There's a **castle** over there.
Unit 10	category (n)	/ˈkætəg(ə)ri/	categoria	You put the words into different **categories**.
Unit 10	character (n) ***	/ˈkærɪktə(r)/	carattere	Kim is the main **character** in Rudyard Kipling's novel.
Unit 10	cheating (n)	/tʃiːtɪŋ/	imbrogliare	**Cheating** in a sport or game is when you try to get an advantage for yourself in a way that is not honest.
Unit 10	church (n) ***	/tʃɜː(r)tʃ/	chiesa	There's a **church** in the town.
Unit 10	comic (n) *	/ˈkɒmɪk/	fumetto	Manga is a type of Japanese **comic**.
Unit 10	cover (v) ***	/ˈkʌvə(r)/	coprire	You **cover** 20 objects, then uncover them and let people look at them.
Unit 10	cycling (n)	/ˈsaɪklɪŋ/	ciclismo	**Cycling** is a very popular sport in France.
Unit 10	do (sports/puzzles) (v) ***	/duː (spɔː(r)tz/pʌz(ə)ls)/	fare (sport/puzzle)	"Do you **do** sport?" "Yes, I **do** swimming and volleyball."
Unit 10	find (v) ***	/faɪnd/	trovare	It's great when homeless people **find** homes and jobs.
Unit 10	football (n) ***	/ˈfʊtˌbɔːl/	calcio	The Homeless World Cup is a **football** tournament.
Unit 10	grammar (n) **	/ˈgræmə(r)/	grammatica	Do you think that English **grammar** is difficult?
Unit 10	happen (v) ***	/ˈhæpən/	accadere/succedere	A lot of good things have **happened** to David since he played in the Homeless World Cup.
Unit 10	health (n) ***	/helθ/	salute	Do you agree that puzzles are good for your **health**?
Unit 10	homeless (adj) *	/ˈhəʊmləs/	senza casa/tetto	It's great when **homeless** people find homes and jobs.
Unit 10	interview (n) ***	/ˈɪntə(r)ˌvjuː/	colloquio	Silma has an **interview** next week for a job with the council.
Unit 10	left (n) ***	/left/	sinistra	You read Manga comics from right to **left**, even in English.

Unit 10	Let's (go)	/lets/	Andiamo	"**Let's** go to the cinema." "That's a good idea."
Unit 10	lose (v) ***	/luːz/	perdere	I always **lose** when I play with her.
Unit 10	I don't mind	/ˌaɪ dəʊnt maɪnd/	Non mi dispiace	**I don't mind** playing board games.
Unit 10	monument (n) **	/ˈmɒnjʊmənt/	monumento	There's a **monument** to a famous poet in the town square.
Unit 10	motivation (n) **	/ˌməʊtɪˈveɪʃ(ə)n/	motivazione	If you have a new **motivation** for life, you feel happier and want to do things.
Unit 10	museum (n) ***	/mjuːˈziːəm/	museo	There's a **museum** about Science near here..
Unit 10	novel (n) ***	/ˈnɒv(ə)l/	romanzo	*Kim* is the title of a **novel** by Rudyard Kipling.
Unit 10	objective (n) ***	/əbˈdʒektɪv/	obiettivo	What is the **objective** of the Homeless World Cup?
Unit 10	organiser (n) **	/ˈɔː(r)gəˌnaɪzə(r)/	organizzatore	The **organisers** of the Homeless World Cup say that the tournament changes the way we see homeless people.
Unit 10	pastime (n)	/ˈpɑːsˌtaɪm/	passatempo	A "**pastime**" is another word for a "hobby".
Unit 10	points (n) ***	/pɔɪnts/	punti	How many **points** did you win?
Unit 10	pronunciation (n) *	/prəˌnʌnsiˈeɪʃ(ə)n/	pronuncia	English **pronunciation** isn't always easy.
Unit 10	puzzle (n) *	/ˈpʌz(ə)l/	puzzle	I don't mind doing **puzzles**, but I prefer video games.
Unit 10	quicker (adj) ***	/kwɪk/	più veloce	Do puzzles make your brain **quicker**?
Unit 10	remember (v) ***	/rɪˈmembə(r)/	ricordare/ricordarsi	In Kim's Game, you must write down the names of the objects you **remember**.
Unit 10	right (n) ***	/raɪt/	destra	You read Manga comics from **right** to left, even in English.
Unit 10	running (n) **	/ˈrʌnɪŋ/	correre	**Running** and walking are popular activities.
Unit 10	sentence (n) ***	/ˈsentəns/	frase	A "tongue-twister" is a **sentence** that is difficult to say.
Unit 10	skiing (n)	/ˈskiːɪŋ/	lo sci	**Skiing** is a popular activity in winter.
Unit 10	spelling (n) *	/ˈspelɪŋ/	spelling	I think that English **spelling** is difficult.
Unit 10	sporting event (n)	/ˈspɔː(r)tɪŋ ˌɪvent/	evento sportivo	Have you ever been to a famous **sporting event**?
Unit 10	spy (n) *	/spaɪ/	spia	Kim wanted to become a **spy** for the British government.
Unit 10	tennis (n) **	/ˈtenɪs/	tennis	Wimbledon is a big annual **tennis** tournament in London.
Unit 10	tournament (n) **	/ˈtʊə(r)nəmənt/	torneo	The Homeless World Cup is a football **tournament** for people who do not have homes or jobs.
Unit 10	It's my turn.	/ɪts maɪ tɜː(r)n/	Tocca a me	**It's my turn** to play after you.
Unit 10	uncover (v) *	/ʌnˈkʌvə(r)/	scoprire	You cover 20 objects, then **uncover** them and let people look at them.
Unit 10	unfortunately (adv) ***	/ʌnˈfɔː(r)tʃ(ə)nətli/	sfortunatemente	**Unfortunately**, Silma hasn't found another job yet.
Unit 10	video game (n) *	/ˈvɪdiəʊ ˌgeɪm/	video gioco	**Video games** are a national pastime in Japan.
Unit 10	vocabulary (n) *	/vəʊˈkæbjʊləri/	vocabolario	I try to learn new **vocabulary** every day.
Unit 10	volleyball (n)	/ˈvɒliˌbɔːl/	pallavolo	Some children are playing **volleyball** on the beach.
Unit 10	voluntary job (n)	/ˈvɒlənt(ə)ri ˌdʒɒb/	lavoro volontario	Silma does a **voluntary job** for a small private company.
Unit 10	Why don't we ...?	/waɪ dəʊnt wiː/	Perché non…?	"**Why don't we** go to a restaurant?" "OK."